P M O N E 512.930.9412 F A X 512.930.9416	Water Pollution Abatement Plan and
	Organized Sewage Collection System Plan
ZELL	For
	Woodside Fast - Phase B
	in the
<b>U</b>	City of Georgetown
μ μ	
TS ST	Submitted: 1/25/2024
ADDRESS 1978 S. AUSTIN AVENUE Georgetown, tx 78626 Web Stegerbizzell.com	Job Number: 22226-21-03

## Water Pollution Abatement Plan and Organized Sewage Collection System Plan

For

# Woodside East - Phase B

In

City of Georgetown

Williamson County, Texas

Job Number: 22226-21-03

Prepared by:



STEGER

Texas Registered Engineering Firm-181 1978 S. Austin Ave Georgetown, TX 78626

# **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Checklist**

- Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page (TCEQ-20705)

### - General Information Form (TCEQ-0587)

Attachment A - Road Map Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map Attachment C - Project Description

### Geologic Assessment Form (TCEQ-0585)

Attachment A - Geologic Assessment Table (TCEQ-0585-Table) Attachment B - Stratigraphic Column Attachment C - Site Geology Attachment D - Site Geologic Map(s)

### Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form (TCEQ-0584)

Attachment A - Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality Attachment B - Volume and Character of Stormwater Attachment C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent (if OSSF is proposed) Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment (if requested) Site Plan

### - Temporary Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0602)

Attachment A - Spill Response Actions Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities Attachment D - Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature (if requested) Attachment F - Structural Practices Attachment G - Drainage Area Map Attachment H - Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations Attachment I - Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

### - Permanent Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0600)

Attachment A - 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver (if requested for multi-family, school, or small business site) Attachment B - BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams Attachment E - Request to Seal Features (if sealing a feature) Attachment F - Construction Plans Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan (if proposed) Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination

- Agent Authorization Form (TCEQ-0599), if application submitted by agent
- Application Fee Form (TCEQ-0574)
- Check Payable to the "Texas Commission on Environmental Quality"
- Core Data Form (TCEQ-10400)

# **Organized Sewage Collection System Plan Checklist**

- Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page (TCEQ-20705)

### General Information Form (TCEQ-0587)

Attachment A - Road Map Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map Attachment C - Project Description

### - Geologic Assessment Form (TCEQ-0585)

Attachment A - Geologic Assessment Table (TCEQ-0585-Table) Attachment B - Stratigraphic Column Attachment C - Site Geology Attachment D - Site Geologic Map(s)

### Organized Sewage Collection System Plan (TCEQ-0582)

Attachment A - SCS Engineering Design Report Attachment B - Justification and Calculations for Deviation in Straight Alignment Without Manholes Attachment C - Justification for Variance from Maximum Manhole Spacing Attachment D – Calculations for Slopes for Flows Greater Than 10.0 Feet Per Second Site Plan Final Plan and Profile Sheets

### - Lift Station / Force Main System Application (TCEQ-0624) if applicable

Attachment A - Engineering Design Report Site Plan Final Plan and Profile Sheets

### Temporary Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0602)

Attachment A - Spill Response Actions Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities Attachment D - Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature (if requested) Attachment F - Structural Practices Attachment G - Drainage Area Map Attachment H - Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations Attachment I - Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

### - Agent Authorization Form (TCEQ-0599), if application submitted by agent

- Application Fee Form (TCEQ-0574)

- Check Payable to the "Texas Commission on Environmental Quality"
- Core Data Form (TCEQ-10400)

# Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page

#### **Our Review of Your Application**

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with <u>30 TAC 213</u>.

#### **Administrative Review**

1. <u>Edwards Aquifer applications</u> must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.

To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: <u>http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp</u>.

- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.

An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.

- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

#### **Technical Review**

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.

- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

#### **Mid-Review Modifications**

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East – Phase B			2. Regulated Entity No.: N/A					
3. Customer Name: MK Woodside Development, Inc.			4. Customer No.: CN606076271					
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New	Modification Extension I		Exception				
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP CZP	SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Residential	Non-residential			8. Sit	e (acres):	34.28	
9. Application Fee:	\$7,819.50	10. Permanent H			BMP(s	s):	Vegetative Filte	er Strip, Batch Detention
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	7,639	12. AST/UST (No			o. Tar	<b>. Tanks):</b> N/A		
13. County:	Williamson	14. Watershed:					Berry Creek	

# **Application Distribution**

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Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field\_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Kegion					
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson		
Original (1 req.)		_	<u>×</u>		
Region (1 req.)			<b>X</b>		
County(ies)	_	_	<u>×</u>		
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer Hays Trinity Plum Creek	Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA		
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Austin Buda Dripping Springs Kyle Mountain City San Marcos Wimberley Woodcreek	Austin Bee Cave Pflugerville Rollingwood Round Rock Sunset Valley West Lake Hills	Austin Cedar Park Florence & Georgetown Jerrell Leander Liberty Hill Pflugerville Round Rock		

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LUSUII	NCYIUII	

San Antonio Region					
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde
Original (1 req.)					
Region (1 req.)	_				
County(ies)	_				
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle Hills Fair Oaks Ranch Helotes Hill Country Village Hollywood Park San Antonio (SAWS) Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is complete and accurate. This application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for administrative review and technical review.

Tyson L. Hasz

Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent

1/19/2024

Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent

Date

**FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONL	.Y**		
Date(s)Reviewed:	Reviewed: Date Administratively C		ninistratively Complete:
Received From:		Correct Number of Copies:	
Received By:		Distribut	ion Date:
EAPP File Number:		Complex:	
Admin. Review(s) (No.):		No. AR Rounds:	
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):		Review Time Spent:	
Lat./Long. Verified:		SOS Customer Verification:	
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):		Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):	
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):		Check:	Signed (Y/N):
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:			Less than 90 days old (Y/N):

# **General Information Form**

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

## Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>MK Woodside Development, Inc. / Steger Bizzell, Tyson Hasz,</u> <u>P.E.</u>

Date: 1/19/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Jym Hay

## **Project Information**

- 1. Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East Phase B
- 2. County: Williamson
- 3. Stream Basin: Berry Creek
- 4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Edwards Aquifer Zone:



6. Plan Type:

$\boxtimes$	WPAP
$\boxtimes$	SCS

\_\_\_ Modification \_\_\_ AST

UST
031

Exception Request

7. Customer (Applicant):

Contact Person: <u>Blake Magee</u> Entity: <u>MK Woodside Development, Inc.</u> Mailing Address: <u>1011 North Lamar</u> City, State: <u>Austin, TX</u> Telephone: <u>(512) 481-0303</u> Email Address: <u>blake@blakemageeco.com</u>

Zip: <u>78703</u> FAX: N/A

8. Agent/Representative (If any):

Contact Person: <u>Tyson L. Hasz, P.E.</u>	
Entity: <u>Steger Bizzell</u>	
Mailing Address: <u>1978 S. Austin Ave</u>	
City, State: <u>Georgetown, TX</u>	Zip: <u>78626</u>
Telephone: <u>(512) 930-9412</u>	FAX: <u>N/A</u>
Email Address: <a href="mailto:tyson.hasz@stegerbizzell.com">tyson.hasz@stegerbizzell.com</a>	

- 9. Project Location:
  - The project site is located inside the city limits of <u>Georgetown</u>.
    - The project site is located outside the city limits but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial jurisdiction) of \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - The project site is not located within any city's limits or ETJ.
- 10. The location of the project site is described below. The description provides sufficient detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional staff can easily locate the project and site boundaries for a field investigation.
  - FROM AUSTIN: TRAVELLING NORTH ON I-35, TAKE EXIT 266 TO TX-195 N. AFTER APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES, TURN LEFT ONTO TX-195 W AND CONTINUE FOR 5.3 MILES. TAKE A LEFT ONTO RATTLESNAKE RD, CONTINUE FOR 0.6 MILES, AND TURN LEFT ONTO RONALD REAGAN BLVD. CONTINUE STRAIGHT FOR APPROXIMATELY 0.8 MILES. THE SITE IS LOCATED ON THE LEFT.
- 11. Attachment A Road Map. A road map showing directions to and the location of the project site is attached. The project location and site boundaries are clearly shown on the map.
- 12. Attachment B USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map. A copy of the official 7 ½ minute USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the Edwards Recharge Zone is attached. The map(s) clearly show:
  - $\boxtimes$  Project site boundaries.
  - USGS Quadrangle Name(s).
  - Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Transition Zone, if applicable).
  - Drainage path from the project site to the boundary of the Recharge Zone.

- 13. The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project site or the application will be returned. Sufficient survey staking is provided on the project to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate the boundaries and alignment of the regulated activities and the geologic or manmade features noted in the Geologic Assessment.
  - Survey staking will be completed by this date: 2/20/2024
- 14. Attachment C Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
  - Area of the site
  - 🔀 Offsite areas
  - Impervious cover
  - $\ge$  Permanent BMP(s)
  - Proposed site use
  - Site history
  - Previous development
  - 🔀 Area(s) to be demolished
- 15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:
  - Existing commercial site
  - Existing industrial site
  - Existing residential site
  - Existing paved and/or unpaved roads
  - Undeveloped (Cleared)
  - 🔀 Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)
    - Other: \_\_\_\_\_

## **Prohibited Activities**

- 16. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
  - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);
  - (2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
  - (3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
  - (4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
  - (5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
  - (6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.

- 17. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:
  - (1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground Injection Control);
  - (2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and
  - (3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

## Administrative Information

18. The fee for the plan(s) is based on:

- For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur.
- For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines.
- For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems.
- A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality.
- A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
- 19. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:

### 

 Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties)
San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)

- 20. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 21. No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.













### Attachment C – Project Description

This project is part of a large 468 acre master plan community known as Woodside. The western portion of the overall development will be a continuation of Sun City, Texas and the eastern portion being traditional single family residential development.

The site limits of construction is 48.62 acres. The limits of construction include the construction of an offsite water quality pond G. Pond G is located within a future phase of Woodside East, and the land is owned by the same entity that is developing Woodside East – Ph B. The Woodside/MK Woodside Development, Inc. site is located in Georgetown, Texas and bound by State Highway 195 to the east, Ronald Reagan Boulevard to the north, and Sun City to the west. The land was previously used for ranchland with no previous development.

The WPAP & SCS application will include paving, drainage, water and wastewater, drainage and water quality improvements for Woodside East - Phase B. This phase of the neighborhood includes 141 lots.

The proposed wastewater system will consist of 8-inch SDR-26 PVC wastewater line. This system will ultimately flow to the existing Sun City Lift Station along Berry Creek. The wastewater will then be conveyed to the City of Georgetown Pecan Branch Wastewater Treatment Plant.

A master TSS removal plan was developed for Woodside to remove 85% removal using batch detention ponds and a vegetative filter strip. A portion of the area included in this submittal will be treated by one of two batch detention ponds to be built with the adjacent subdivision, Woodside West - Phases A & E, while the remaining portion will be treated by an on-site vegetative filter strip or offsite batch detention pond G, to be constructed with this phase. A WPAP Application for Woodside West - Phases A & E has been submitted and is currently under review. The site generally drains from northeast to southwest and into Berry Creek. 37.91 acres of offsite areas to the east of the project limits will be routed into the offsite batch detention pond G and 28.91 acres of offsite areas will be diverted around the north side of proposed Woodside East - Phase B.

The limits of the Woodside East - Phase B SCS WPAP is 34.28 acres. The proposed impervious cover within the limits of Woodside East – Phase B will be 19.55 acres and 57.03%.

The MK Woodside Development property is approximately 468 acres. The geologic assessment included with the project is for 510 acres and includes two future commercial tracts on either side of the Above and Beyond Way entry from Ronald Reagan Boulevard. There is one sensitive feature, M-04, located within the overall 468-acre project boundary and is located within the limits of improvements included in this application. This is shown and described within the attached geologic assessment. Per the geologist recommendation, a 50ft setback is present around the feature.



# GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FOR THE APPROXIMATELY 510-ACRE WOODSIDE TRACT

Williamson County, Texas

September 2022

## Submitted to:

Blake Magee Company 1011 North Lamar Austin, Texas 78703

## Prepared by:

aci consulting 1001 Mopac Circle Austin, Texas 78746 TBPG Firm License No. 50260

aci project #: 22-22-138

aci consulting

a division of aci group, LLC

Austin (512) 347.9000 • Denver (720) 440.5320

www.aci-consulting.net

# Geologic Assessment

### **Texas Commission on Environmental Quality**

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

### Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: Mark T. Adams

Telephone: (512) 347-9000

Date: <u>9/12/2022</u>

Fax: <u>(512) 306-0974</u>

Representing: <u>aci Group LLC TBPG License No. 50260</u> (Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number)

Signature of Geologist:

9-13-2022

Project Information

Regulated Entity Name: Woods

1. Date(s) Geologic Assessment was performed: 3/15/2021 & 3/17/2021

GEOLOG

- 2. Type of Project:
  - 🔀 WPAP 🔀 SCS

AST
UST

3. Location of Project:

Recharge Zone

Transition Zone

Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone

- 4. X Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups\* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Table 1 - Soil Units, Infiltration Characteristics and Thickness

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
DoC—Doss silty clay, moist, 1 to 5	D	1.6
EaD—Eckrant cobbly clay, 1 to 8 percent		1.0
EeB—Eckrant	U	1.0
stony clay, 0 to 3 percent slopes, stony	D	1.6
GeB— Georgetown clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	D	3.3

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness(feet)
GsB—		
Georgetown		
stony clay		
loam, 1 to 3		
percent slopes	D	3.3

- \* Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
  - A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
  - B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
  - C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
  - D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.

- 6. Attachment B Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column.
- 7. Attachment C Site Geology. A narrative description of the site specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
- 8. Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400'

Applicant's Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>100</u> '
Site Geologic Map Scale: 1" = <u>100</u> '
Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): 1" = <u>1,500</u> '

9. Method of collecting positional data:

Global Positioning System (GPS) technology.

Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection:

- 10. The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 11. Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
- 12. Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
  - Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
- 13. The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
- 14. All known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If applicable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.

There are  $\underline{2}$  (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply.)

] The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

 $\boxtimes$  The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

## Administrative Information

15. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.



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## LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

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September 2022



### Geologic Assessment for the Woodside Tract located in Williamson County, Texas

### September 2022

### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

The Texas Commission on the Environmental Quality (TCEQ) regulates activities that have the potential to pollute the Edwards Aquifer through the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program. Projects meeting a certain criterion over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone must submit an Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan (EAPP).

The purpose of this report is to identify all potential pathways for contaminant movement to the Edwards Aquifer and provide sufficient geologic information so that the appropriate Best Management Practices (BMPs) can be proposed in the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan (EAPP). This report complies with the requirements of Title 30, Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213 relating to the protection of the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Per the Rules, the Geologic Assessment must be completed by a Geologist licensed according to the Texas Geoscience Practice Act.

### 2.0 PROJECT INFORMATION

The Woodside Tract (previously known as the Madison Tract and the Fakhr Tract), hereafter referred to as the subject area or site, is located approximately 1 mile northwest of the intersection of Sun City Blvd and Highway 195, in the City of Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas (**Attachment A, Figure 1**). Investigations of the subject area were initiated in 2004, as part of Karst Feature Assessment (2006) on the western portion of the tract, previously known as the Fakhr Tract (**Attachment A, Figure 1**). This included an assessment of previously documented karst features to determine, if any, development restrictions for the entity Madison Realty Investors, Inc., within the Fakhr Tract subject area (report available upon request). Geologic work for this portion of the subject area continued in 2012, where M. Trojan & Associates conducted a geologic assessment for the Fakhr Tract (report available upon request).

Additional pedestrian surveys were conducted subsequent to the listed reports, with the final remaining 167 acres of the Woodside Tract surveyed on March 15<sup>th</sup> and March 17<sup>th</sup>, 2021, by Kara Posso, G.I.T., Marcos Cardenas, Sarah King, Joey O'Keefe, and Erin Wilson,



under the supervision of Mark Adams, P.G. with **aci consulting**. Information from the Geologic Assessment done by M. Trojan & Associates for the Fakhr Property (2012), as well as work done by **aci consulting** was compiled and used to generate this report for the Woodside Tract.

This report is intended to satisfy the requirements for a Geologic Assessment, which shall be included as a component of a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) and Sewage Collection System Plan (SCS). The site is approximately 510 acres in total. The proposed site use is for low-density, single-family, residential development, as well as multifamily residential development, and commercial development. The scope of the report consists of a site reconnaissance, field survey, and review of existing data and reports. Features identified during the field survey were ranked utilizing the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) matrix for Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone features. The ranking of the features will determine their viability as "sensitive" features.

### 3.0 INVESTIGATION METHODS

The following investigation methods and activities were used to develop this report:

- Review of existing files and literature to determine the regional geology and any known caves associated with the project area;
- Review of past geological field reports, cave studies, and correspondence regarding the existing geologic features on the project area, if available;
- Site reconnaissance by a registered professional geologist to identify and examine caves, recharge features, and other significant geological structures;
- Evaluation of collected field data and a ranking of features using the TCEQ Ranking Table 0585 for the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone; and
- Review of historic aerial photographs to determine if there are any structural features present, and to determine any past disturbances on the subject property.

### 4.0 SOILS AND GEOLOGY

The following includes a site-specific description of the soils, geologic stratigraphy, geologic structure, and karstic characteristics as they relate to the Edwards aquifer. Also included in this section is a review of historic aerials for presence of geologic changes or changes to manmade features in bedrock.



### <u>Soils</u>

According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (2021), five soil units occur within the project alignment (**Attachment A, Figure 2**):

• DoC-Doss silty clay, moist, 1 to 5 percent slopes

The Doss component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 5 percent. This component is on hillslopes on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 11 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. This component is in the R081CY574TX Shallow 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

• EaD—Eckrant cobbly clay, 1 to 8 percent slopes

The Eckrant component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 8 percent. This component is on ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 4 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 6 percent. This component is in the R081CY360TX Low Stony Hill 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 2 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.



• EeB—Eckrant stony clay, 0 to 3 percent slopes, stony

The Eckrant, stony component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 3 percent. This component is on ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 4 to 20 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is very low. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 6 percent. This component is in the R081CY360TX Low Stony Hill 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The calcium carbonate equivalent within 40 inches, typically, does not exceed 2 percent. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

• GeB-Georgetown clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

The Georgetown component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on broad ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. This component is in the R081CY361TX Redland 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

• GsB—Georgetown stony clay loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes

The Georgetown component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 1 to 3 percent. This component is on broad ridges on dissected plateaus. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from limestone. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, lithic, is 20 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches (or restricted depth) is low. Shrink-swell potential is high. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter



content in the surface horizon is about 3 percent. This component is in the R081CY361TX Redland 29-35 Pz ecological site. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. There are no saline horizons within 30 inches of the soil surface. This soil does not meet the criteria for hydric soils. Hydrologic Soil Group: D.

### Geologic Stratigraphy

According to the *Geologic Map of the Georgetown Quadrangle, Texas,* and the *Geologic Map of the Cobbs Cavern Quadrangle, Texas,* two geologic units occur within the project area (**Attachment A, Figure 3**). These units and a description by Collins et al., (1997) are as follows:

• Georgetown Formation (Kgt)

"Limestone and marl. Nodular, very fossiliferous, diagnostic marine megafossils include *Waconella wacoensis* (formerly *Kingena wacoensis*) and *Gryphaea washitaensis*. Rare small vugs. Uppermost Edwards aquifer strata. Thickness increases northward from ~65ft to 110ft."

• Edwards Limestone (Ked)

"Limestone, dolomitic limestone and marl. Massive to thin beds, chert, and fossiliferous; fossils include rudistids. Shallow subtidal to tidal-flat cycles. Honeycomb textures, voids in collapsed breccias, and cavern systems. Accounts for most of the Edwards aquifer strata. Thickness is between 100ft to 300ft; thins northward."

### Site-Specific Stratigraphic Column

Formation	Members	Thickness (Collins et al., 1997)
Georgetown	65-110 feet	
Edwards	100-300 feet	

### Geologic Structure

The geologic strata associated with the Edwards Aquifer include the Georgetown Limestone Formation of the Washita Group, the Edwards Limestone Group, which is interfingered with the Comanche Peak Formation, followed by the Walnut formation, and finally the Glen Rose Formation of the Trinity Group. These Groups dip gently to the southeast and are a characterized by the Balcones Fault Escarpment, a zone of en echelon



normal faults downthrown to the southeast. Locally, the dominant structural trend of faults within the area is 25°, as evidenced by the mapped fault patterns (**Attachment A**, **Figure 4**). Thus, all features that have a trend ranging from 05° to 40° are considered "on trend" and were awarded the additional 10 points in the Geologic Assessment Table.

The subject area is underlain by Kgt and Ked (Collins et al., 1997). The Georgetown Formation overlies the Edwards Limestone Formation on-site. The contact between the two units is present in the southwestern portion of the subject area. The contact was exhibited as gradient with Georgetown Formation float rocks present on top of Edwards Limestone bedrock.

### Karstic Characteristics

In limestone landscapes, karst is expressed by erratically developed cavernous porosity from dissolution of bedrock as water combined with weak acids moves through the subsurface. Karst terrains are typical of the Edwards Limestone, occurring across a vast region of Central Texas, including the Balcones Fault Escarpment. The features produced by karst processes include, but are not limited to, sinkholes, solution cavities, solution enlarged fractures, and caves. These features can eventually provide conduits for fluid movement such as surface water runoff, as "point recharge" to the Edwards Aquifer. Faults and manmade features within bedrock can also provide conduits for point recharge in many cases.

According to Edwards aquifer zone map produced by the TCEQ (2005), the entire subject area is within the northern segment of the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Thus, all karst features identified as sensitive within the project limits have the potential to be point recharge features into the Edwards aquifer.

### Review of Historic Aerials

Aerial photographs were reviewed for the site and it was determined that ranching and agricultural activities occurred on the site since the first aerial image dated 1941 (**Attachment C**). Evidence of a rural residence or agricultural structure, and associated road, are first visible in the eastern portion of the tract in the 1953 aerial. The 1981 aerial shows the initial stages of a quarry development offsite, along the northeastern property boundary. In the 2004 aerial, a residential subdivision is first visible to the south of the site and expands to the west of the site in the 2010 aerial.



### **5.0 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS**

This report documents the findings of several geologic assessments and karst surveys conducted on the Woodside Tract since 2004. **aci consulting** conducted a geologic assessment for a previously un-surveyed 167-acre portion of the Woodside Tract on March 15<sup>th</sup>, 2021, and March 17<sup>th</sup>, 2021. Descriptions, recommendations, and locations for these features can be found in **Attachment B**. Based on the identification and assessment of each feature, it was determined that there is one sensitive naturally occurring feature (M-04). This feature will require a 50-foot setback around the the sink of the feature.

Three (karst) features were identified in the 2012 geologic assessment conducted by M. Trojan and Associates (report available upon request). The findings from that report indicate one feature (F-01) is sensitive and the other two are non-sensitive. **aci consulting** attempted to locate F-01 during the most recent survey conducted in 2021. This feature was not identified by **aci consulting** during the field work conducted in 2021 or during previous work within the site.

Of the sensitive features identified in the 2006 assessment for the greater Fakhr Tract, several were determined to be eligible for inclusion in the regional habitat plan and have been transferred to Williamson County. The remaining features not transferred to Williamson County were determined to be non-sensitive (**Attachment C**) (Report available upon request).

Over the course of multiple investigations on the tract and a follow up re-evaluation, only one naturally occurring karst feature has been identified and rated as sensitive. This feature is included in this report as M-04. The portion of the of the Fakhr Tract with a high density of sensitive caves and features was deeded to Williamson County as part of the Percilla's Well Karst Preserve and is under the control of the county. Subsequent investigations by others not available for this report revealed no additional sensitive features.



### **6.0 REFERENCES**

- Collins, E.W., 1997. *Geologic Map of the Georgetown Quadrangle, Texas*. Bureau of Economic Geology. Austin, Texas.
- Collins, E.W., 1997. *Geologic Map of the Cobbs Cavern Quadrangle, Texas*. Bureau of Economic Geology. Austin, Texas.
- (TCEQ) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. 2004. Instructions to Geologists for Geologic Assessments on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge/Transition Zones. October 1, 2004. Austin, Texas.
- (TCEQ) Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. 2005. "Edwards Aquifer Protection Program, Chapter 213 Rules - Recharge Zone, Transition Zone, Contributing Zone, and Contributing Zone within the Transition Zone." Map. Digital data. September 1, 2005. Austin, Texas.
- (TWDB) Texas Water Development Board. 2021. Water Data Interactive Groundwater Data Viewer. Accessed on March 22, 2021. Available at: http://www2.twdb.texas.gov/apps/waterdatainteractive/groundwaterdataviewer
- (USDA NRCS) U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2021. WebSoilSurvey.com. Soil Survey Area: Williamson County, Texas. Date accessed: March 22, 2021.



## ATTACHMENT A

Site Maps



**Figure 2: Site Soil Maps** 

September 2022



**Figure 3: Site Geologic Map** 

September 2022


Woodside Tract

**Figure 4: Regional Fault Trend** 

aci Project No.: 22-14-009ZZJ September 2022



# ATTACHMENT B

Geologic Table Geologic and Manmade Feature Map (Figures 5-1, 5-2, & 5-3) Feature Descriptions and Recommendations

GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT TABLE							PROJECT NAME: Woodside Tract													
	LOCATIO	N				FE	ATU	RE C	HARAC	TE	RISTIC	S			EVAL	UAT	ION	PHY	SICAL	SETTING
1A	1B *	1C*	2A	2B	3		4		5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9	1	10	1	1	12
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DIME	NSIONS (	FEET)	TREND (DEGREES)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FEET)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENS	ITIVITY	CATCHME (ACE	ENT AREA RES)	TOPOGRAPHY
						х	Y	Z		10						<40	<u>&gt;40</u>	<1.6	<u>&gt;1.6</u>	
M-01	30.7402667	-97.718621	CD	5	Ked/Kgt	3	2	0.5	-		-	-	O,V	10	15	Х		Х		Hillside
M-02	30.7390629	-97.714590	0	5	Kgt	1.5	2	0.5	-		-	-	0	8	13	Х		Х		Hillside
M-04	30.741945	-97.721155	С	30	Kgt	8	2.5	6	270		-	2	Ν	20	50		Х	Х		Hillside
MMB-01	30.7416919	-97.709858	MB	30	Kgt	3	3	?	-		-	-	Х	10	40		Х	Х		Hillside
MMB-02	30.7428615	-97.707668	MB	30	Kgt	2	2	?	-		•	-	Х	10	40		Х	Х		Hillside
MMB-03	30.7427679	-97.707410	MB	30	Kgt	2	2	?	-		-	-	Х	10	40		Х	Х		Hillside
MMB-04	30.7428922	-97.707494	MB	30	Kgt	6	4	?	-		-	-	Х	10	40		Х	Х		Hillside
MMB-05	30.7426622	-97.707333	MB	30	Kgt	2	2	?	-		-	-	Х	10	40		Х	Х		Hillside
* D	ATUM: NAD 1983	3 State Plane 4203	3			_														
2A TYPE		TYPE		:	2B POINTS						8	A INFILLI	NG							
С	Cave				30		N	None	, exposed	bed	rock									
SC	Solution cavity				20		C Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel													
SF	Solution-enlarge	d fracture(s)			20		O loose or soft mud or soil organics leaves sticks dark colors													
F	Fault	(- )			20		Fines, compacted clav-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors													
0	Other natural be	drock features			5		V Vegetation. Give details in narrative description													
MB	Manmade featur	e in bedrock			30		FS Flowstone, cements, cave deposits													
SW	Swallow hole				30		х	Othe	materials											
SH	Sinkhole				20															
CD	Non-karst closed	depression			5							12 TO	POGRAP	HY						
z	Zone. clustered	or aligned features			30		Cli	ff. H	illtop. H	Hills	side. [	Draina	ae. Flo	odplain.	Strea	ambe	əd			

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field.





# Woodside Tract

**Figure 5-1: Feature Map** 

aci Project No.: 22-22-138 September 2022



Woodside Tract Figure 5-2: Feature Map aci Project No.: 22-22-138 September 2022

# Flood Hazard Zones

1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Regulatory Floodway

Special Floodway

Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard

0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard

Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard

and the A Alber

- Area with Reduced Risk Due to Levee
- Area with Risk Due to Levee

Woodside Tract **Figure 5-3: Feature Map** 

Ν

100 50 0 100

1:1,200 1:1,200





Subject Area (~510.5 acres)

aci Features (2021)

0

NHD Flowlines **StreamRiver**  The entire subject area is within the Edwards Aquifer REcharge Zone. The remaining subject area continues on the previous maps.







# M-01 GPS: 30.740266, -97.718621

This feature is a closed depression, located on a gently sloping hillside. This feature was located at the contact between the Edwards Limestone and Georgetown Formations. The approximate dimensions of the depression are 3 feet long by 2 feet wide by 0.5 feet deep. Light hand excavation was performed to identify any apertures within the depression, none of which were observed. It was noted that the interior of the feature is not rock lined, rather the infill material consisted of loose soils and organics such as leaves, sticks, and roots. Several small shrubs were observed near the feature suggesting the possibility of a root heave among the limestone float rocks within the depression. The catchment area is less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration was determined to be low and assigned a point value of 10. The feature was determined to be non-sensitive.

Recommendation: No protections required.



M-01 (view showing depression).





M-01 (top view showing center of feature).



# M-02 GPS: 30.739062, -97.714590

This feature is a 'other natural bedrock feature', a fractured epikarst float rock located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Formation. This feature was observed within a minor depression approximately 3 feet in diameter. Light hand excavation was performed to assess the extent of this feature and if any portals were present within the depression. After light hand excavation, a fractured float rock was observed. The dimensions of this feature were 1.5 feet by 2 feet by 0.5 foot deep. There were no apertures observed after excavation and the feature is not rock lined. Infill material consists of dark soils and loose organics. The drainage area is less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration was designated as low, with a point value of 8. The feature was determined to be non-sensitive.

Recommendation: No protections required.



M-02.



## M-04 GPS: 30.741945 -97.721155

M-04 is a cave located on a gently sloping hillside in the Edwards Limestone Formation. The aperture of the cave is roughly a keyhole shape trending at 275°, with a width ranging between 0.5 feet and 2.5 feet. The dimensions of this feature are approximately 8 feet long by 2.5 feet wide by 6 feet deep. The subsurface extent, if any, of this feature was not explored during at the time of this assessment. The approximate diameter of the sink surrounding the feature is 11 feet. This feature was rock lined with small amounts of loose-leaf organics in the interior. There was vegetation present around the perimeter of the feature, however it was not determined if there was any biological activity present within the cave. There was no air flow or water flow observed within the aperture of the cave. The catchment area was determined to be less than 1.6 acres, thus, the relative infiltration rate was determined to be intermediate and assigned a point value of 20

**Recommendation**: Recommended 50ft setback around the perimeter of the sink. (See **Figure 5-2**).



M-04 (View of depression)



# MMB-01 GPS: 30.741691, -97.709857

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a well, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The dimensions of this well are 0.5 foot wide and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.



MMB-01.



MMB-02 GPS: 30.742861, -97.707667

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a well, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The dimensions of this well are 0.2 foot wide and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.



MMB-02.



# MMB-03 GPS: 30.742767, -97.707409

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a potential septic tank, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The above ground dimensions of this tank are approximately 4 feet in diameter and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The below ground dimensions of the tank itself were not determined. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.



MMB-03.



# MMB-04 GPS: 30.74289, -97.707494

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a potential septic tank, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The above ground dimensions of this tank are approximately 6 feet by 4 feet and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The below ground dimensions of the tank itself were not determined. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres, and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.



MMB-04



# MMB-05 GPS: 30.742662, -97.707332

This feature is a 'manmade feature in bedrock', a potential septic tank, located on a gently sloping hillside in the Georgetown Limestone Formation. The above ground dimensions of this tank are approximately 4 feet in diameter and extends below the surface for an unknown depth. The below ground dimensions of the tank itself were not determined. The drainage of this feature was less than 1.6 acres and the probability of rapid infiltration has been designated as low (10 pts). As this feature is a manmade feature in bedrock, it has been designated as sensitive to call the attention of the engineer.



MMB-05.



# ATTACHMENT C

Karst Feature Assessment Map (2006) aci consulting 2006



Attachment C - Karst Feature Assessment Map (2006)

September 2022



# ATTACHMENT D

Historic Aerials

ACI CONSULTING 1001 Mopac Circle Austin, TX 78746



# Photographs PO #: 22-14-009ZZJ

# Historical Madison Tract TX Aerial Williamson County ES-135955 Friday, March 19, 2021



Date: 2020 Source: USDA

Feet 0 500 1,000 2,000 BANKS ENVIRONMENTAL DATA



Date: 2016 Source: USDA





Date: 2010	
Source: USDA	







Date: 2004 Source: USDA





Date: 1995 Source: USGS





Date: 1990	_		
Source: USGS	0	500 1,000	2,000





Date: 1981			
Source: USGS	0	500	



0 500 1,000 2,00

2,000



Date: 1974	
Source: USGS	





Date: 1964 Source: Fairchild





Date: 1953 Source: AMS

Feet 0 500 1,000 2,000 BANKS ENVIRONMENTAL DATA



Date: 1941 Source: ASCS

Feet 0 500 1,000 2,000 BANKS ENVIRONMENTAL DATA



# AERIAL SOURCE DEFINITIONS

Acronym	Agency
NASA	National Aeronautics & Space Administration
AMS	Army Mapping Service
ASCS	Agricultural Stabilization & Conservation Service
SCS	Soil Conservation Service
USBR	United States Bureau of Reclamation
Fairchild	Fairchild Aerial Surveys
TXDOT	Texas Department of Transportation
BLM	Bureau of Land Management
USAF	United States Air Force
USCOE	United States Corps of Engineers
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USGS	United States Geological Survey
WALLACE	Wallace-Zingery Aerial Surveys
TNRIS	Texas Natural Resources Information System

HISTORICAL AERIA	AL PHOTOGRAPHS
ES-135955	March 19, 2021



# COPYRIGHT POLICY & DISCLAIMER

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# Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application

#### **Texas Commission on Environmental Quality**

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

# Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Water Pollution Abatement Plan Application Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and Executive Director approval. The form was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>MK Woodside Development, Inc. / Steger Bizzell, Tyson Hasz,</u> <u>P.E.</u>

Date: <u>1/19/2024</u>

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Jym Hay

Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phase B

# **Regulated Entity Information**

- 1. The type of project is:
  - Residential: Number of Lots:<u>141</u>

] Residential: Number of Living Unit Equivalents:\_\_\_\_\_

- Commercial
- Industrial
- Other:\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Total site acreage (size of property): 34.28
- 3. Estimated projected population: 353

TCEQ-0584 (Rev. 02-11-15)

4. The amount and type of impervious cover expected after construction are shown below:

Impervious Cover of Proposed Project	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft./Acre	Acres
Structures/Rooftops	537,355	÷ 43,560 =	12.34
Parking	0.0	÷ 43,560 =	0.0
Other paved surfaces	314,257	÷ 43,560 =	7.21
Total Impervious Cover	851,612	÷ 43,560 =	19.55

#### Table 1 - Impervious Cover Table

Total Impervious Cover <u>19.55</u> ÷ Total Acreage <u>34.28</u> X 100 = <u>57.03</u>% Impervious Cover

- 5. X Attachment A Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality. A detailed description of all factors that could affect surface water and groundwater quality that addresses ultimate land use is attached.
- 6. Only inert materials as defined by 30 TAC §330.2 will be used as fill material.

# For Road Projects Only

## Complete questions 7 - 12 if this application is exclusively for a road project.

7. Type of project:

TXDOT road project.

County road or roads built to county specifications.

City thoroughfare or roads to be dedicated to a municipality.

Street or road providing access to private driveways.

8. Type of pavement or road surface to be used:

Concrete
Asphaltic concrete pavement
Other:

9. Length of Right of Way (R.O.W.): \_\_\_\_\_ feet.

```
Width of R.O.W.: _____ feet.
L x W = _____ Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre = _____ acres.
```

10. Length of pavement area: \_\_\_\_\_ feet.

Width of pavement area:feet.L x W = $Ft^2 \div 43,560 Ft^2/Acre =$ acres.Pavement areaacres ÷ R.O.W. areaacres x 100 =% impervious cover.

11. A rest stop will be included in this project.

A rest stop will not be included in this project.

12. Maintenance and repair of existing roadways that do not require approval from the TCEQ Executive Director. Modifications to existing roadways such as widening roads/adding shoulders totaling more than one-half (1/2) the width of one (1) existing lane require prior approval from the TCEQ.

# Stormwater to be generated by the Proposed Project

13. Attachment B - Volume and Character of Stormwater. A detailed description of the volume (quantity) and character (quality) of the stormwater runoff which is expected to occur from the proposed project is attached. The estimates of stormwater runoff quality and quantity are based on the area and type of impervious cover. Include the runoff coefficient of the site for both pre-construction and post-construction conditions.

# Wastewater to be generated by the Proposed Project

14. The character and volume of wastewater is shown below:

<u>100</u> % Domestic	Gallons/day
% Industrial	Gallons/day
% Commingled	Gallons/day
TOTAL gallons/day	

15. Wastewater will be disposed of by:

	<b>On-Site Sewage Fac</b>	ility (OSSF/Septic	Tank):
--	---------------------------	--------------------	--------

	Attachment C - Suitability Letter from Authorized Agent. An on-site sewage facility
v	will be used to treat and dispose of the wastewater from this site. The appropriate
li	icensing authority's (authorized agent) written approval is attached. It states that
t	he land is suitable for the use of private sewage facilities and will meet or exceed
t	he requirements for on-site sewage facilities as specified under 30 TAC Chapter 285.
r	elating to On-site Sewage Facilities.
E	Each lot in this project/development is at least one (1) acre (43,560 square feet) in
S	size. The system will be designed by a licensed professional engineer or registered
S	anitarian and installed by a licensed installer in compliance with 30 TAC Chapter
2	285.

Sewage Collection System (Sewer Lines):

Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to an existing SCS.

Private service laterals from the wastewater generating facilities will be connected to a proposed SCS.

The SCS was previously submitted on\_\_\_\_\_.

 $\boxtimes$  The SCS was submitted with this application.

] The SCS will be submitted at a later date. The owner is aware that the SCS may not be installed prior to Executive Director approval.

The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the <u>Pecan Branch</u> (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:

$\times$	Existing.
	Proposed

16.  $\square$  All private service laterals will be inspected as required in 30 TAC §213.5.

# Site Plan Requirements

#### Items 17 – 28 must be included on the Site Plan.

17.  $\square$  The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.

Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>100</u>'.

18. 100-year floodplain boundaries:

ig ig  Some part(s) of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.	The floodplain
is shown and labeled.	

No part of the project site is located within the 100-year floodplain.

The 100-year floodplain boundaries are based on the following specific (including date of material) sources(s): \_\_\_\_\_

19. The layout of the development is shown with existing and finished contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot contour intervals. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the plan.

The layout of the development is shown with existing contours at appropriate, but not greater than ten-foot intervals. Finished topographic contours will not differ from the existing topographic configuration and are not shown. Lots, recreation centers, buildings, roads, open space, etc. are shown on the site plan.

20. All known wells (oil, water, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, test holes, etc.):

There are \_\_\_\_\_ (#) wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled. (Check all of the following that apply)

] The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.

] The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.

] The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC §76.

There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

- 21. Geologic or manmade features which are on the site:
  - All sensitive geologic or manmade features identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown and labeled.

No sensitive geologic or manmade features were identified in the Geologic Assessment.

Attachment D - Exception to the Required Geologic Assessment. A request and justification for an exception to a portion of the Geologic Assessment is attached.
- 22. The drainage patterns and approximate slopes anticipated after major grading activities.
- 23. 🖂 Areas of soil disturbance and areas which will not be disturbed.
- 24. 🔀 Locations of major structural and nonstructural controls. These are the temporary and permanent best management practices.
- 25. 🛛 Locations where soil stabilization practices are expected to occur.
- 26. Surface waters (including wetlands).

🛛 N/A

- 27. Locations where stormwater discharges to surface water or sensitive features are to occur.
  - There will be no discharges to surface water or sensitive features.
- 28. 🛛 Legal boundaries of the site are shown.

# Administrative Information

- 29. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 30. Any modification of this WPAP will require Executive Director approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

### Attachment A – Factors Affecting Surface Water Quality

The following factors are anticipated to adversely affect surface water and groundwater quality:

- Disturbance of vegetated areas.
- Leaking oil from parked vehicles.
- Malfunctioning wastewater collection system and spill on site.
- Loss of vegetative ground cover due to inadequate watering or mismanagement.
- Over fertilizing vegetative areas.
- The use of roads by automotive traffic and subsequent oil/grease pollutants from normal use.
- The accidental or improper discharge of the following:
  - a) Concrete
  - b) Cleaning solvents
  - c) Detergents
  - d) Petroleum based products
  - e) Paints
  - f) Paint solvents
  - g) Acids
  - h) Concrete additives

### Attachment B – Volume and Character of Storm Water

The existing condition for the site is undeveloped ranch land. The proposed Woodside East -Phase B is composed of a drainage area which discharges to Berry Creek south of the property, as shown in the Berry Creek drainage report. A summary of the drainage calculations is below and is also included in the attached exhibits.

The character of the storm water generated by this project is typical of residential development. The stormwater flows across the pavement, then is conveyed through the site and treated by batch detention ponds or is conveyed across single-family lots via sheet flow and is treated with vegetative filter strips.

	EXISTING CONDITION SUBBASIN ELEMENTS							
SUBBASIN	AREA [SQ, MI]	CN	LAG [MIN]	Q2 [CFS]	Q10 [CFS]	Q25 [CFS]	Q100 [CFS]	DOWNSTREAM
A	55.80078125	80.0	235.41	6687.4	15864.17	21852.75	30690.46	R-1
A-1	.09540625	87.2	13.995	144.7	250.13	312.65	404.76	R-1
В	.303125	84.5	20.57	318.74	606.2	781.75	1035.3	J-1
C-1	.08890625	80.0	15.06	90.43	182.73	238.7	323.26	R_C1-C2
C-2A	.054375	80.0	21.71	50.89	105.46	138.87	189.2	R_C2A-C2B
C-2B	.03745313	80.0	13.72	38.08	77.89	101.95	138.95	J-C2
C-2C	.04217188	80.0	11.21	47.33	95.41	124.02	168.89	J-C2
C-3A	.0361875	80.0	14.89	33.92	70.29	92.55	126.1	R_C3A-C3B
C-3B	.08003125	80.0	18.69	68.62	143.78	190.45	259.82	J-C3
C-3C	.03898438	80.0	14.26	40.91	82.23	107.17	145.03	J-C3
C-4A	.05154688	80.0	12.65	90.81	148.99	183.44	234.61	J-C4
C4-B	.06579688	80.0	13.24	68.16	139.09	181.81	247.5	J-C4
D	.11645313	82.88	22.61	105.55	209.68	274.03	367.34	J-1
E	.3141875	84.5	27.99	271.89	529.61	689.12	917.29	J-2
F	.19184375	80.0	19.52	212.01	406.42	524.11	697.1	J-2
G	.6435	83.14	30.55	486.79	982.43	1293.17	1739.24	J-3
G-1	.06917188	80.0	15.58	74.49	151.09	196.96	268.12	R_G1-G2
G-2	.13353125	80.0	40.002	126.15	261.03	343.52	468.15	J-G2
G-3A	.04140625	80.0	11.2	46.5	93.72	121.83	165.92	J-G3
G-38	.0138125	80.0	10.97	23.32	41.18	51.61	67.8	J-G3
G-4A	.027	80.0	15.08	26.1	53.84	70.73	96.33	J-G4
G-4B	.15692188	83.7	22.79	138.12	271.78	354.55	473.57	J-G4
G-4C	.08151563	80	15.74	77.02	159.37	209.73	285.82	POI-G4
G-5A	.04626563	80.0	12.33	49.67	100.81	131.43	178.87	J-G5
G-5C	.1503125	89.55	44.6	199.29	341.39	426.97	548.03	J-G5
н	10.79682813	82.3	79.16	3969.51	8672.89	11669.6	16017.65	J-3
1	3.73673438	82.7	73.18	1449.35	3132.31	4202.32	5750.76	J-4
L	1.62089063	84.5	33.7	1237.23	2440.67	3192.7	4264.07	R_J-K
к	.8356875	84.82	29.99	780.59	1499.6	1941.94	2575.29	J-4
K-1	.06257813	80.0	16.31	57.99	120.22	158.45	216.06	R_K1_K2
K-2	.12379688	80.0	14.34	122.92	252.58	331.16	451.02	POI-K2
K-4	.1555625	82.57	19.87	149.84	296.89	387.19	519.13	J-4
K-5	.08782813	82.65	14.99	99.89	192.87	248.83	332.79	J-4
L	.20442188	86.5	22.8	224.51	412.29	526.51	689.32	J-4

## Berry Creek Runoff Calculations – Existing Conditions

	PROPOSED CONDITION SUBBASIN ELEMENTS							
SUBBASIN	AREA [SQ_MI]	CN	LAG [MIN]	Q2 [CFS]	Q10 [CFS]	Q25 [CFS]	Q100 [CFS]	DOWNSTREAM
А	55.80078125	80.0	235.41	6687.4	15864.17	21852.75	30690.46	R-1
A-1	.09540625	87.2	13.995	144.7	250.13	312.65	404.76	R-1
В	.303125	84.5	20.57	318.74	606.2	781.75	1035.3	J-1
C-1	.08890625	80.83	15.46	81.68	167.27	220.08	298.52	R_C1-C2
C-2A	.054375	80.0	21.71	50.89	105.46	138.87	189.2	R_C2A-C2B
C-2B	.02892188	89.24	15.66	45.58	76.27	94.61	121.18	J-C2
C-2C	.04217188	87.88	11.31	84.41	136.85	167.92	215.64	J-C2
C-3A	.0361875	80.0	14.89	33.92	70.29	92.55	126.1	R_C3A-C3B
C-3B	.08770313	88.29	19.52	165.63	270.73	332.4	427.03	
C-3C	.03898438	80.84	13.44	42.2	84.41	109.76	148.45	J-C3
C-4A	.05517188	89.08	15.02	98.21	161.18	198.34	253.48	J-C4
C4-B	.06579688	80.05	12.31	70.92	143.72	187.31	254.84	J-C4
D	.11590625	84.01	22.62	111.9	216.85	281.31	374.25	J-1
E	.3141875	84.5	27.99	271.89	529.61	689.12	917.29	J-2
F	.15021875	84.83	17.61	178.49	332.09	424.71	560.06	J-2
F-1	.0445625	90.73	10.62	91.98	143.64	174.21	220.29	R_F1-F
G	.6435	83.14	30.55	486.79	982.43	1293.17	1739.24	J-3
G-1	.06917188	80.0	15.58	74.49	151.09	196.96	268.12	R_G1-G2
G-2	.176875	89.65	20.58	321.44	521.74	640.22	815.7	POND G
G-3A	.03284375	88.72	12.77	56.28	93.32	115.25	147.9	J-G3
G-3B	.01395313	84.0	10.97	22.84	41.73	52.82	69.93	J-G3
G-4A	.028	88.37	19.65	46.11	77.42	95.95	123.33	J-G4
G-4B	.15692188	83.7	22.79	138.12	271.78	354.55	473.57	J-G4
G-4C	.01028125	86.41	13.27	18.39	31.08	38.5	50.02	POI-G4
G-5A	.02059375	89.09	12.66	36.1	59.35	73.12	93.57	J-G5
G-5B	.02820313	80.4	14.34	32.82	65.75	85.24	115.96	J-G5
G-5C	.1503125	89.55	44.6	199.29	341.39	426.97	548.03	J-G5
н	10.79682813	82.3	79.16	3969.51	8672.89	11669.6	16017.65	J-3
I	3.73673438	82.7	73.18	1449.35	3132.31	4202.32	5750.76	J-4
J	1.62089063	84.5	33.7	1237.23	2440.67	3192.7	4264.07	R_J-K
к	.8356875	84.82	29.99	780.59	1499.6	1941.94	2575.29	J-4
K-1	.06257813	80.0	16.31	57.99	120.22	158.45	216.06	R_K1_K2
K-2	.12896875	90.82	18.9	196.98	324.61	401.32	510.0	POND K
K-3	.0185	83.54	12.16	21.8	41.34	53.08	70.51	POI-K2
K-4	.1555625	82.57	19.87	149.84	296.89	387.19	519.13	J-4
K-5	.08782813	82.65	14.99	99.89	192.87	248.83	332.79	J-4
L	.20442188	86.5	22.8	224.51	412.29	526.51	689.32	J-4

## Berry Creek Runoff Calculations – Developed Site





- 2. OFFSITE WATER WILL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE
- CATCHMENTS OF PONDS C2 AND C3
- 3. IMPERVIOUS COVER WAS ASSUMED TO BE THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT ALLOWED PER LOT TYPE AS DESCRIBED IN THE WOODSIDE PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT

# **WOODSIDE - EAST PH B**

ADDRESS	1978 S. AUSTIN AVENUE			GEORGETOWN, TX 78626		
METRO	512.930.9412	TEXAS REGIS	TERED ENGINEERI PLS FIRM No.100037	RING FIRM F-181 WEB 3700 STEGERBIZZELL.COM		
SERVICES		>>ENGINEERS	>>PLANNERS	>>SURVEYORS	3	

# **Organized Sewage Collection System Application**

### **Texas Commission on Environmental Quality**

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(c), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

### Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phase B

 Attachment A – SCS Engineering Design Report. This Engineering Design Report is provided to fulfill the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 217, including 217.10 of Subchapter A, §§217.51 – 217.70 of Subchapter C, and Subchapter D as applicable, and is required to be submitted with this SCS Application Form.

## **Customer Information**

 The entity and contact person responsible for providing the required engineering certification of testing for this sewage collection system upon completion (including private service connections) and every five years thereafter to the appropriate TCEQ region office pursuant to 30 TAC §213.5(c) is:

Contact Person: Blake MageeEntity: MK Woodside Development, Inc.Mailing Address: 1011 North LamarCity, State: Austin, TXZip: 78703Telephone: (512) 481-0303Fax: N/AEmail Address: blake@blakemageeco.comThe appropriate regional office must be informed of any changes in this informationwithin 30 days of the change.

3. The engineer responsible for the design of this sewage collection system is:

Contact Person: <u>Tyson Hasz, P.E.</u> Texas Licensed Professional Engineer's Number: <u>145151</u> Entity: <u>Steger Bizzell</u> Mailing Address: <u>1978 S. Austin Ave</u> City, State:<u>Georgetown, TX</u> Zip: <u>78626</u> Telephone:<u>(512) 930-9412</u> Fax:<u>n/a</u> Email Address:<u>tyson.hasz@stegerbizzell.com</u>

# **Project Information**

4. Anticipated type of development to be served (estimated future population to be served, plus adequate allowance for institutional and commercial flows):

$\boxtimes$	Residential: Number of single-family lots: <u>141</u>
	Multi-family: Number of residential units:
	Commercial
	Industrial
	Off-site system (not associated with any development)
	Other:

5. The character and volume of wastewater is shown below:

<u>100</u> % Domestic	<u>141,427</u> gallons/day
% Industrial	gallons/day
% Commingled	gallons/day
Total gallons/day: <u>141,427</u>	

- 6. Existing and anticipated infiltration/inflow is <u>26,870</u> gallons/day. This will be addressed by: <u>The project is all new construction with PVC pipe serving the new development</u>.
- 7. A Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) is required for construction of any associated commercial, industrial or residential project located on the Recharge Zone.

The WPAP application for this development was approved by letter dated \_\_\_\_\_. A copy of the approval letter is attached.

The WPAP application for this development was submitted to the TCEQ on  $\frac{1}{19}/2024$ , but has not been approved.

A WPAP application is required for an associated project, but it has not been submitted. There is no associated project requiring a WPAP application.

8. Pipe description:

### Table 1 - Pipe Description

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	Linear Feet (1)	Pipe Material (2)	Specifications (3)
			ASTM D 3034
6	1875	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D 3212
			ASTM D 3034
8	5564	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D 3213
			ASTM D 1784
8	200	PVC DR-18	ASTM D 3139

Total Linear Feet: 7639

- (1) Linear feet Include stub-outs and double service connections. Do not include private service laterals.
- (2) Pipe Material If PVC, state SDR value.
- (3) Specifications ASTM / ANSI / AWWA specification and class numbers should be included.
- 9. The sewage collection system will convey the wastewater to the Pecan Branch (name) Treatment Plant. The treatment facility is:



10. All components of this sewage collection system will comply with:

🔀 The City of Georgetown standard specifications. Other. Specifications are attached.

11. 🖂 No force main(s) and/or lift station(s) are associated with this sewage collection system.

A force main(s) and/or lift station(s) is associated with this sewage collection system and the Lift Station/Force Main System Application form (TCEQ-0624) is included with this application.

# Alignment

- 12. There are no deviations from uniform grade in this sewage collection system without manholes and with open cut construction.
- 13. X There are no deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes.
  - Attachment B Justification and Calculations for Deviation in Straight Alignment without Manholes. A justification for deviations from straight alignment in this sewage collection system without manholes with documentation from pipe manufacturer allowing pipe curvature is attached.

For curved sewer lines, all curved sewer line notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for the wastewater collection system.

# Manholes and Cleanouts

14. X Manholes or clean-outs exist at the end of each sewer line(s). These locations are listed below: (Please attach additional sheet if necessary)

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
WW-A01	51 Of 71	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A02	53 Of 71	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A03	53 Of 71	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A04	54 Of 71	0+00.00	Manhole

### Table 2 - Manholes and Cleanouts

Line	Shown on Sheet	Station	Manhole or Clean- out?
WW-A05	54 Of 71	0+00.00	Clean-out
WW-A06	55 Of 71	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A07	56 Of 71	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-A08	56 Of 71	0+00.00	Manhole
WW-B24	57 Of 71	2+02.56	Manhole
WW-B24	57 Of 71	8+03.01	Clean-out

- 15. Manholes are installed at all Points of Curvature and Points of Termination of a sewer line.
- 16. The maximum spacing between manholes on this project for each pipe diameter is no greater than:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Max. Manhole Spacing (feet)
6 - 15	500
16 - 30	800
36 - 48	1000
≥54	2000

- Attachment C Justification for Variance from Maximum Manhole Spacing. The maximum spacing between manholes on this project (for each pipe diameter used) is greater than listed in the table above. A justification for any variance from the maximum spacing is attached, and must include a letter from the entity which will operate and maintain the system stating that it has the capability to maintain lines with manhole spacing greater than the allowed spacing.
- 17. All manholes will be monolithic, cast-in-place concrete.
  - The use of pre-cast manholes is requested for this project. The manufacturer's specifications and construction drawings, showing the method of sealing the joints, are attached.

# Site Plan Requirements

### Items 18 - 25 must be included on the Site Plan.

18.  $\square$  The Site Plan must have a minimum scale of 1" = 400'.

Site Plan Scale: 1" = <u>100</u>'.

19. The Site Plan must include the sewage collection system general layout, including manholes with station numbers, and sewer pipe stub outs (if any). Site plan must be overlain by topographic contour lines, using a contour interval of not greater than ten feet and showing the area within both the five-year floodplain and the 100-year floodplain of any drainage way.

- 20. Lateral stub-outs:
  - $\bigotimes$  The location of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.

No lateral stub-outs will be installed during the construction of this sewer collection system.

### 21. Location of existing and proposed water lines:

 $\boxtimes$  The entire water distribution system for this project is shown and labeled.

If not shown on the Site Plan, a Utility Plan is provided showing the entire water and sewer systems.

- There will be no water lines associated with this project.
- 22. 100-year floodplain:
  - After construction is complete, no part of this project will be in or cross a 100-year floodplain, either naturally occurring or manmade. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above of sewer lines.)

After construction is complete, all sections located within the 100-year floodplain will have water-tight manholes. These locations are listed in the table below and are shown and labeled on the Site Plan. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above sewer lines.)

### Table 3 - 100-Year Floodplain

Line	Sheet	Station
N/A	of	to
	of	to
	of	to
	of	to

23. 5-year floodplain:

After construction is complete, no part of this project will be in or cross a 5-year floodplain, either naturally occurring or man-made. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above sewer lines.)

After construction is complete, all sections located within the 5-year floodplain will be encased in concrete or capped with concrete. These locations are listed in the table below and are shown and labeled on the Site Plan. (Do not include streets or concrete-lined channels constructed above sewer lines.)

### Table 4 - 5-Year Floodplain

Line	Sheet	Station
N/A	of	to
	of	to
	of	to
	of	to

- 24.  $\boxtimes$  Legal boundaries of the site are shown.
- 25. The *final plans and technical specifications* are submitted for the TCEQ's review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.

### Items 26 - 33 must be included on the Plan and Profile sheets.

- 26. All existing or proposed water line crossings and any parallel water lines within 9 feet of sewer lines are listed in the table below. These lines must have the type of pressure rated pipe to be installed shown on the plan and profile sheets. Any request for a variance from the required pressure rated piping at crossings must include a variance approval from 30 TAC Chapter 290.
  - There will be no water line crossings.
  - There will be no water lines within 9 feet of proposed sewer lines.

Table 5 - Water Line Crossings

Line	Station or Closest Point	Crossing or Parallel	Horizontal Separation Distance	Vertical Separation Distance
WW-A02	0+28.00	Crossing	N/A	2.0'
WW-A03	1+87.40	Crossing	N/A	2.0'
WW-A03	4+28.40	Crossing	N/A	2.4'
WW-A06	3+93.74	Crossing	N/A	2.0'
WW-A07	1+63.55	Crossing	N/A	2.0'
WW-A08	1+45.73	Crossing	N/A	2.4'
WW-A08	6+46.76	Crossing	N/A	8.2'

### 27. Vented Manholes:

No part of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and vented manholes are not required by 30 TAC Chapter 217.

A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and vented manholes will be provided at less than 1500 foot intervals. These water-tight manholes are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets.

A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain and an alternative means of venting shall be provided at less than 1500 feet intervals. A description of the alternative means is described on the following page.

A portion of this sewer line is within the 100-year floodplain; however, there is no interval longer than 1500 feet located within. No vented manholes will be used.

**Table 6 - Vented Manholes** 

Line	Line Manhole		Sheet		
N/A					

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet

28. Drop manholes:

There are no drop manholes associated with this project.

Sewer lines which enter new or existing manholes or "manhole structures" higher than 24 inches above the manhole invert are listed in the table below and labeled on the appropriate profile sheets. These lines meet the requirements of 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2)(H).

Table 7 - Drop Manholes

Line	Manhole	Station	Sheet
N/A			

29. Sewer line stub-outs (For proposed extensions):

The placement and markings of all sewer line stub-outs are shown and labeled.

No sewer line stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system.

30. Lateral stub-outs (For proposed private service connections):

The placement and markings of all lateral stub-outs are shown and labeled.

No lateral stub-outs are to be installed during the construction of this sewage collection system.

31. Minimum flow velocity (From Appendix A)

Assuming pipes are flowing full; all slopes are designed to produce flows equal to or greater than 2.0 feet per second for this system/line.

32. Maximum flow velocity/slopes (From Appendix A)

Assuming pipes are flowing full, all slopes are designed to produce maximum flows of less than or equal to 10 feet per second for this system/line.

Attachment D – Calculations for Slopes for Flows Greater Than 10.0 Feet per Second. Assuming pipes are flowing full, some slopes produce flows which are greater than 10 feet per second. These locations are listed in the table below. Calculations are attached.

Line	Profile Sheet	Station to Station	FPS	% Slope	Erosion/Shock Protection
N/A					

Table 8 - Flows Greater Than 10 Feet per Second

33. Assuming pipes are flowing full, where flows are ≥ 10 feet per second, the provisions noted below have been made to protect against pipe displacement by erosion and/or shock under 30 TAC §217.53(I)(2)(B).

Concrete encasement shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above.

 Steel-reinforced, anchored concrete baffles/retards placed every 50 feet shown on appropriate Plan and Profile sheets for the locations listed in the table above.
 N/A

# Administrative Information

- 34. The final plans and technical specifications are submitted for TCEQ review. Each sheet of the construction plans and specifications are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer responsible for the design on each sheet.
- 35. Standard details are shown on the detail sheets, which are dated, signed, and sealed by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, as listed in the table below:

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Lateral stub-out marking [Required]	59 of 71
Manhole, showing inverts comply with 30 TAC §217.55(I)(2) [Required]	58 of 71
Alternate method of joining lateral to existing SCS line for potential future connections [Required]	58 of 71
Typical trench cross-sections [Required]	58 of 71
Bolted manholes [Required]	59 of 71
Sewer Service lateral standard details [Required]	58 of 71
Clean-out at end of line [Required, if used]	58 of 71
Baffles or concrete encasement for shock/erosion protection [Required, if flow velocity of any section of pipe >10 fps]	of

### Table 9 - Standard Details

Standard Details	Shown on Sheet
Detail showing Wastewater Line/Water Line Crossing [Required, if crossings are proposed]	59 of 71
Mandrel detail or specifications showing compliance with 30 TAC §217.57(b) and (c) [Required, if Flexible Pipe is used]	59 of 71
Drop manholes [Required, if a pipe entering a manhole is more than 24 inches above manhole invert]	of

36. All organized sewage collection system general construction notes (TCEQ-0596) are included on the construction plans for this sewage collection system.

- 37. All proposed sewer lines will be sufficiently surveyed/staked to allow an assessment prior to TCEQ executive director approval. If the alignments of the proposed sewer lines are not walkable on that date, the application will be deemed incomplete and returned.
  - Survey staking was completed on this date: 2/20/2024
- 38. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 39. Any modification of this SCS application will require TCEQ approval, prior to construction, and may require submission of a revised application, with appropriate fees.

# Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Organized Sewage Collection System Application** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The system was designed in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC §213.5(c) and 30 TAC §217 and prepared by:

Print Name of Licensed Professional Engineer: Tyson L. Hasz, P.E. F-181

Date: <u>1/19/2024</u>

Place engineer's seal here:



Signature of Licensed Professional Engineer:

Jym Hay

TCEQ-0582 (Rev. 02-11-15)

# Appendix A-Flow Velocity Table

*Flow Velocity (Flowing Full)* All gravity sewer lines on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone shall be designed and constructed with hydraulic slopes sufficient to give a velocity when flowing full of not less than 2.0 feet per second, and not greater than 10 feet per second. The grades shown in the following table are based on Manning's formula and an n factor of 0.013 and shall be the minimum and maximum acceptable slopes unless provisions are made otherwise.

Pipe Diameter(Inches)	% Slope required for minimum flow velocity of 2.0 fps	% Slope which produces flow velocity of 10.0 fps
6	0.50	12.35
8	0.33	8.40
10	0.25	6.23
12	0.20	4.88
15	0.15	3.62
18	0.11	2.83
21	0.09	2.30
24	0.08	1.93
27	0.06	1.65
30	0.055	1.43
33	0.05	1.26
36	0.045	1.12
39	0.04	1.01
>39	*	*

Table 10 - Slope Velocity

\*For lines larger than 39 inches in diameter, the slope may be determined by Manning's formula (as shown below) to maintain a minimum velocity greater than 2.0 feet per second when flowing full and a maximum velocity less than 10 feet per second when flowing full.

$$v = \frac{1.49}{n} \times R_h^{0.67} \times \sqrt{S}$$

Figure 1 - Manning's Formula

Where:

v = velocity (ft/sec)
n = Manning's roughness coefficient
(0.013)
Rh = hydraulic radius (ft)
S = slope (ft/ft)

ATTACHMENT A

### **ENGINEERING DESIGN REPORT**

FOR

Woodside East - Phase B Organized Sewage Collection System

Job No. 22226-21-03

Prepared by:

STEGER BIZZELL F-181 1978 South Austin Ave. Georgetown, Texas 78626

### Engineering Design Report For a WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM Within Woodside East - Phase B

### <u>PURPOSE</u>

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate that the proposed wastewater collection system complies with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Chapter 217 - Design Criteria for Domestic Wastewater Systems. The project includes the construction of wastewater lines to service Woodside East - Phase B. Woodside is a high-quality residential development located in Georgetown, Texas.

The sewage collection system from Woodside East - Phase B will be connected to a proposed 8inch stub along the west side of the property. The proposed 8-inch stub is being constructed as part of another phase within the subdivision, Woodside West – Phases A & E. The proposed 8inch stub ultimately connects to an existing 24-inch stub. The existing collection system then travels down to Berry Creek and into the Sun City Lift Station where it ultimately flows to the Pecan Branch WWTP.

The <u>CITY OF GEORGETOWN</u> will own and maintain the sanitary sewer collection system described in this application. The <u>PECAN BRANCH</u> wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) will receive and treat flows from the project. The TCEQ Permit No. is <u>WQ 00104890002</u>. The Permittee is the <u>Pulte Homes of Texas, L.P.</u> The plans will also be reviewed by the City of Georgetown's Development Engineer.

### PIPE DESIGN 30 TAC §217.53

### Flow design basis (30 TAC §217.53(a))

Flow development for the area is based on the following City of Georgetown design criteria:

Unit Flow:

- Woodside = 70 gallons per capita per day (gpcd)
- Typical Residential = 70 gpcd

Dry Weather Flow (DWF):

- Woodside = 2.5 people/LUE\*(70 gpcd+30 gpcd) = 250 gpd/LUE
- Woodside = (250 gpd/LUE \* 141 LUE) = 35,250 gpd

### Woodside East - Phase B:

AvgDWF= 35,250 gpd/10<sup>6</sup> = 0.00352 (mgd) Peak Flow Factor (PF) = 2.8\*AvgDWF<sup>-0.0732</sup> = 4.23 Peak DWF = PF\*DWF = 149,107.5 gpd I/I flows have to be considered as part of flow development. A generally accepted I/I generation rate in the City of Georgetown is 1,000 gallons/acre/day. The total area contributing to infiltration for the Woodside East - Phase B portion of the system is 26.87 acres. Therefore, the flow resulting from I/I would be as follows:

### Woodside East - Phase B:

26.87 acres \* 1,000 gallons/acre/day = 26,870 gpd

Potential peak flow in the system would be as follows:

### Woodside East - Phase B:

114,557 gpd + 26,870 gpd = <u>141,427 gpd or 0.2188 Cfs</u>

The wastewater lines in Woodside East - Phase B consist of 8-inch pipe within the neighborhood. Further downstream these lines join the existing interceptor.

For the portion of the collection system proposed in this report, which encompasses the Woodside East - Phase B phase of development, the proposed minimum slope for 8-inch diameter pipe is 0.50%, and the proposed maximum slope for 8-inch diameter pipe is 6.13%. The required minimum slope for 8-inch diameter pipe is 0.33%, and the required maximum slope is 8.40%. The proposed system meets these requirements.

The minimum pipe full velocity is 2 fps and the maximum pipe full velocity is 10 fps based on the minimum and maximum slopes for each diameter of pipe. The proposed system falls within the required slopes and therefore meets the minimum and maximum velocity requirements.

			111 \	<i><b>N</b> N</i>
PIPE	LINEAR FEET	PIPE MATERIAL	NATIONAL	NATIONAL
			SPECIFICATION FOR	STANDARD FOR
			PIPE MATERIAL	PIPE JOINTS
6" Services	1875	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D3034	ASTM D3212
8" Gravity	5564	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D3034	ASTM D3212
8" Gravity	200	PVC DR-18	ASTM D1784	ASTM D3139

### Gravity pipe materials (30 TAC §217.53(b)), Joints for gravity pipe (30 TAC §217.53(c))

### Separation distances (30 TAC §217.53(d))

The proposed wastewater collection system complies with the TCEQ Separation Distance requirements for horizontal separation. Where the proposed potable water system cross the proposed collection system the water system will be above the wastewater collection system.

The crossings will meet TCEQ criteria for potable water line crossings. DR-18 PVC pipe with a pressure rating of 150 psi will be used for crossings with vertical separations of less than two-feet and greater than six-inches and are labeled on the wastewater plan and profile sheets.

### Building laterals and taps (30 TAC §217.53(e))

There are 6" laterals to proposed homes with this project.

### Bores (30 TAC §217.53(f))

There are no bores associated with this project.

### Corrosion potential (30 TAC §217.53(g)), Odor control (30 TAC §217.53(h))

PVC SDR-26 and DR-18 meeting the requirements of ASTM D3034 and F679 for pipe and ASTM D3212 for pipe joints are proposed for this project. The sewer pipe will handle ordinary domestic sewer.

### Active geologic faults (30 TAC §217.53(i))

There are no known active geologic faults within the limits of construction.

### Capacity analysis (30 TAC §217.53(j))

The existing downstream collection system consists of 18" and larger pipes. The existing 18" line at the connection point has a minimum grade of 0.15% and a line capacity of 2,636,973 gpd. Confirmation of capacity from the City of Georgetown was included with the submittal package for the SCS approved on January 9, 2015. There is an agreement in place between the City of Georgetown and the developer, which ensures wastewater capacity within the system for the development of the Sun City Tract, including Woodside.

### Structural analysis (30 TAC §217.53(k))

See Attachment Form 10243 for structural calculations following this report.

### Minimum and maximum slopes (30 TAC §217.53(I))

The wastewater collection system contains slopes sufficient to maintain velocities greater than 2.0 feet per second and less than 10.0 feet per second, when flowing full. For 8" diameter pipe, the minimum slope is 0.33%, and the maximum slope is 8.40%. For this system, the proposed minimum slope is 0.50% and the maximum slope is 6.13%.

### Alignment (30 TAC §217.53(m))

The proposed wastewater collection system has been designed with uniform grade between manholes. No deviations from straight alignment between manholes are proposed.

### Inverted siphons or sag pipes (30 TAC §217.53(n))

There are no inverted siphons or sag pipes proposed with this project.

### Bridged sections (30 TAC §217.53(o))

There are no bridged sections proposed with this project.

### CRITERIA FOR LAYING PIPE 30 TAC §217.54

### Pipe embedment (30 TAC §217.54(a)), Compaction (30 TAC §217.54(b)) Envelope size (30 TAC §217.54(c)), Trench width (30 TAC §217.54(d))

The project will comply with the City of Georgetown's details and specifications for pipe embedment and excavation. The detail is included in the construction plans on Sheet 58 of the Woodside East - Phase B Construction Plan. The bedding compiles with ASTM D-2321 class 1B gravel. The minimum trench width for 8", 12", 15", 18 and 21" pipe is 21", 25", 28", 31" and 35" respectively. The maximum trench width for 8", 12", 15", 18" and 21" pipe is 35", 39", 41", 45 and 48" respectively.

### MANHOLES AND RELATED STRUCTURES 30 TAC §217.55

Precast concrete manholes are proposed for this project. A detail for the manhole is included in the construction plans on Sheet 58. The manholes must meet the requirements of ASTM C-478. Manholes are proposed at the end of the sewer line and at changes in alignment. A detail for the cleanout is included in the construction plans on Sheet 58 cleanouts proposed. Details for the manhole covers and inverts are included on Sheet 58.

The manholes have been spaced to comply with Table C.3 of 30 TAC §217.55. The maximum spacing between manholes is <u>422'</u>.

### TRENCHLESS PIPE INSTALLATION 30 TAC §217.54

There is no Trenchless Pipe Installation proposed with this project.

# TESTING REQUIREMENTS FOR INSTALLATION OF GRAVITY COLLECTION SYSTEM PIPES 30 TAC §217.57

The testing requirements for Gravity System Pipes are included in the Site Development Plan on Sheet 3.

### TESTING REQUIREMENTS FOR MANHOLES 30 TAC §217.58

The following testing requirements are taken from 30 TAC §217.58. The testing requirements are also included in the construction plans on Sheet 3.

All manholes must pass a leakage test. An owner shall test each manhole (after assembly and backfilling) for leakage, separate and independent of the collection system pipes, by hydrostatic exfiltration testing, vacuum testing, or other method approved by the executive director.

### Hydrostatic Testing

The maximum leakage for hydrostatic testing or any alternative test methods is 0.025 gallons per foot diameter per foot of manhole depth per hour. To perform a hydrostatic exfiltration test, an owner shall seal all wastewater pipes coming into a manhole with an internal pipe plug, fill the manhole with water and maintain the test for at least one hour. A test for concrete manholes may use a 24 hour wetting period before testing to allow saturation of the concrete.

### Vacuum Testing

To perform a vacuum test, an owner shall plug all lift holes and exterior joints with a non-shrink grout and plug all pipes entering a manhole. No grout must be placed in horizontal joints before testing. Stub outs, manhole boots and pipe plugs must be secured to prevent movement while a vacuum is drawn. An owner shall use a minimum 60 inch/lb torque wrench to tighten the external clamps that secure a test cover to the top of a manhole. A test head must be placed at the inside of the top of a cone section and the seal inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. There must be a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury inside a manhole to perform a valid test. A test does not begin until after the vacuum pump is off. A manhole passes the test if after 2.0 minutes and with all valves closed, the vacuum is a least 9.0 inches of mercury.

### LIFT STATION REQUIREMENTS 30 TAC §217.54

There are no Lift Station or force mains associated with this project.

### DR-18 PIPE

CHOOSE PIPE DIAMTER AND WALL THICKNESS Dia. = 8 " Wall = 0.503 "

**Buckling Analysis** T63) Pressure due to live load

Ι.	=
-	

T68) Calculate allowable and predicted buckling pressure.

<ul> <li>a) Calculate allowable buckling pressure:</li> </ul>	
$q_a = 0.4*Sqrt(32*R_W*B'*E_b*(E*I/D^3))$	Equation (1)
$R_{\rm W} = 1-0.33*(h_{\rm w}/h)$	Equation (2)
$B' = 1/(1 + 4 * e^{-0.065H})$	Equation (3)
$I = (t^3/12)^*(inches^4/Linch)$	Equation (4)

q <sub>a</sub> = allowable buckling pressure, pounds per square inch (psi)		=	241.95 psi
h = height of soil surface above top of pipe in inches (in)		=	<mark>228</mark> "
$h_w$ = height of water surface above top of pipe in inches (in) (grou	ndwater elevation)	=	<mark>0</mark> "
$R_w$ = Water buoyancy factor. If $h_w$ = 0, $R_w$ = 1. If 0 < or = hw < o	r = h (groundwater elevation		
is between the top of the pipe and the ground surface), calcu	late Rw with Equation 2	=	1
H = Depth of burial in feet (ft) from ground surface to crown of pip	e.	=	19.00 '
B' = Empirical coefficient of elastic support		=	0.46
$E_b$ = modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi)		=	<mark>3000</mark> psi
E = modulus of elasticity of the pipe material (psi)		=	400000 psi
I = moment of inertia of the pipe wall cross section per linear inch For solid wall pipe, I can be calculated with equation 4. If the p (for example a pipe with a ribbed cross section), the proper more	of pipe, inch <sup>4</sup> /lineal inch = inch <sup>3</sup> . bipe used is not solid wall pipe boment of inertia formula must be		
obtained from the manufacturer.		=	0.01060529
t = pipe structural wall thickness (in)		=	0.503 "
D = mean pipe diameter (in)		=	8 "
b) Calculate pressure applied to pipe under installed conditions:			
$q_p = Y_w * h_w = R_w * (W_c/D) + L_l$	Equation (5)		
$W_{c} - Y_{s}^{*}H^{*}(D+t)/144$	Equation (6)		
$q_p$ = pressure applied to pipe under installed conditions (psi)		=	18.23 psi
$Y_w = 0.0361$ pounds per cubic inch (pci), specific weight of water		=	0.0361 pcf
$Y_s$ = specific weight of soil in pounds per cubic foot (pcf)		=	130 pcf
$W_c$ = vertical soil load on the pipe per unit length in pounds per lir	near inch (lb/in)	=	145.85 lb/in
L = L ive load as determined in T63	(	=	0 nei
		-	o psi

= 0

Wall Crushing T71) **If no concrete encased flexible pipe is proposed,** skip to T73, otherwise:

	$H = (24*P_c*A)/(Y_s*D_o)$	Equation (7)		
	$D_o$ = outside pipe diameter, in.		=	9.006 in.
	$P_c$ = compressive stress or hydrostatic design basis (HDB). For ty	pical PVC pipe assume 4,000		
	psi. For any other pipe material the HDB must be supplied by the	pipe manufacturer.	=	4000 psi
	A = surface area of the pipe wall, in $^{2}$ /ft		=	6.036 in. <sup>2</sup> /ft
	$Y_{c}$ = specific weight of soil in pounds per cubic foot (pcf)		=	130 pcf
	H = Depth of burial in feet (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe		=	495 ft
	24 = conversions and coefficients		=	24
T81) [	Determine Pipe Stiffness			
	$P_s = EI/0.149*r^3$	Equation (10)		
				100000
	E = modulus of elasticity of the pipe material (psi)	fring inch//incol inch = inch?	=	400000 psi
	For solid wall pipe, I can be calculated with equation 4. If the pipe (for example a pipe with a ribbed cross section), the proper mon	be used is not solid wall pipe nent of inertia formula must be		
	obtained from the manufacturer.			
	mean pipe diameter (in)		=	0.01060529 in.
	r =mean radius (in)		=	4 in.
	P <sub>s</sub>		=	445 psi
T83) (	Calculate P <sub>s</sub> /SSF ratio			
	$P_s/SSF = P_s/0.61*zeta*E_b > or = 0.15$	Equation (12)		
	P <sub>s</sub> = Pipe stiffness (psi)		=	445 psi
	$E_{\rm b}$ = modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi) [from T	76]	=	3000 psi
	zeta = 1.0, or a value calculated with the method in T79		=	1.0
	SSF = soil stiffness factor (0.061*zeta*Eb)		=	183
	P <sub>s</sub> /SSF		=	2.43
T86) (	Calculate and report predicted deflection.			
,				
	$DeltaY/D(\%) = (K^{*}(L_{p}+L_{l})^{*}100)/((0.149^{*}P_{s})+(0.061^{*}zeta^{*}E_{b}))$	Equation (13)		
	$L_p = (Y_s * H)/144$	Equation (14)		
	Delta Y/D = Predicted % vertical deflection under load		=	0.76 %
	DeltaY = Change in vertical pipe diameter under load			
	D = Undeflected mean pipe diameter (in)		=	8 in.
	K = Bedding angle constant. Assumed to be 0.110 unless otherwise	se justified.	=	0.110
	$Y_s$ = Unit weight of soil (pcf). $Y_s$ less than 120 pcf must be justified	l.	=	130 pcf
	H = Depth of burial (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe.		=	19 ft.
	L <sub>p</sub> =Prism load (psi). If prism load is calculated using Marston's load	ad formula, or other formulas		
	less conservative than the one provided above, the load should	d be multiplied by a deflection lag		
	factor DL = 1.5 to account for long-term deflection of the pipe a ( $P_s$ from T82; zeta from T80; and $E_b$ from T76)	is the bedding consolidates.	=	17.15 psi

### ASTM D3034 PIPE (NOT ASTM D2241)

CHOOSE PIPE SDR AND DIAMETER

 $SDR = \frac{26}{Dia. = \frac{8}{0.323}}$ 

Buckling Analysis T63) Pressure due to live load

L<sub>I</sub> =

T68) Calculate allowable and predicted buckling pressure.

<ul> <li>a) Calculate allowable buckling pressure:</li> </ul>	
$q_a = 0.4*Sqrt(32*R_W*B'*E_b*(E*I/D^3))$	Equation (1)
$R_{W} = 1-0.33*(h_{w}/h)$	Equation (2)
$B' = 1/(1+4*e^{-0.065H})$	Equation (3)
$I = (t^3/12)^*(inches^4/Linch)$	Equation (4)

q <sub>a</sub> = allowable buckling pressure, pounds per square inch (psi)		=	124.50 psi
h = height of soil surface above top of pipe in inches (in)		=	228 "
h <sub>w</sub> = height of water surface above top of pipe in inches (in) (ground	dwater elevation)	=	0 "
$R_w$ = Water buoyancy factor. If $h_w$ = 0, $R_w$ = 1. If 0 < or = hw < or =	h (groundwater elevation	-	
is between the top of the pipe and the ground surface), calcula	ate Rw with Equation 2	=	1
H = Depth of burial in feet (ft) from ground surface to crown of pipe.		=	19.00 '
B' = Empirical coefficient of elastic support		=	0.46
E <sub>b</sub> = modulus of soil reaction for the bedding material (psi)		=	<mark>3000</mark> psi
E = modulus of elasticity of the pipe material (psi)		=	400000 psi
I = moment of inertia of the pipe wall cross section per linear inch of For solid wall pipe, I can be calculated with equation 4. If the pip (for example a pipe with a ribbed cross section), the proper mon	f pipe, inch <sup>4</sup> /lineal inch = inch <sup>3</sup> . be used is not solid wall pipe nent of inertia formula must be		
obtained from the manufacturer.		=	0.00280819
t = pipe structural wall thickness (in)		=	0.323 "
D = mean pipe diameter (in)		=	8 "
b) Calculate pressure applied to pipe under installed conditions:			
$q_{p} = Y_{w} * h_{w} = R_{w} * (W_{c}/D) + L_{1}$	Equation (5)		
$W_{c} - Y_{s}^{*}H^{*}(D+t)/144$	Equation (6)		
$q_p$ = pressure applied to pipe under installed conditions (psi)		=	17.85 psi
$Y_w = 0.0361$ pounds per cubic inch (pci), specific weight of water		=	0.0361 pcf
Y <sub>s</sub> = specific weight of soil in pounds per cubic foot (pcf)		=	130 pcf
$W_{a}$ = vertical soil load on the pipe per unit length in pounds per line	ar inch (lb/in)	=	142 76 lb/in
L = Live load as determined in T63		_	0 pei
		_	0 psi

0

Wall Crushing T71) **If no concrete encased flexible pipe is proposed,** skip to T73, otherwise:

$H = (24*P_c*A)/(Y_s*D_o)$	Equation (7)		
D <sub>o</sub> = outside pipe diameter, in.		=	8.646 in.
P <sub>a</sub> = compressive stress or hydrostatic desig	n basis (HDB). For typical PVC pipe assume 4.000	-	
psi. For any other pipe material the HDB mu	ist be supplied by the pipe manufacturer.	=	4000 psi
A = surface area of the pipe wall in $^{2}$ /ft		=	$3.876 \text{ in }^2/\text{ft}$
$Y_{c}$ = specific weight of soil in pounds per cub	ic foot (pcf)	=	130 pcf
H = Depth of burial in feet (ft) from around si	Inface to crown of pipe	=	331 ft
24 = conversions and coefficients		=	24
T81) Determine Pipe Stiffness			
$P_{s} = EI/0.149*r^{3}$	Equation (10)		
E = modulus of elasticity of the pipe material I = moment of inertia of the pipe wall cross so	(psi) ection per linear inch of pipe, inch4/lineal inch = inch3.	=	400000 psi
For solid wall pipe, I can be calculated with (for example a pipe with a ribbed cross set	n equation 4. If the pipe used is not solid wall pipe ction), the proper moment of inertia formula must be		
mean nine diameter (in)		=	0.00280819 in
r =mean radius (in)		_	4 in
P <sub>s</sub>		=	118 psi
T83) Calculate P <sub>s</sub> /SSF ratio			
$P_s/SSF = P_s/0.61$ *zeta* $E_b$ > or = 0.15	Equation (12)		
P <sub>s</sub> = Pipe stiffness (psi)		=	118 psi
$E_{b}$ = modulus of soil reaction for the bedding	material (psi) [from T76]	=	3000 psi
zeta = 1.0, or a value calculated with the met	thod in T79	=	1.0
SSF = soil stiffness factor (0.061*zeta*Eb)		=	183
P <sub>s</sub> /SSF		=	0.64
T86) Calculate and report predicted deflection.			
$DeltaY/D(\%) = (K^*(L_p + L_l)^*100)/((0.149^*P_s) + (0.149^*P_s)) + (0.149^*P_s) + (0.149^*P_s$	$061*zeta*E_b)$ Equation (13)		
$L_p = (Y_s * H)/144$	Equation (14)		
Delta $Y/D = Predicted % vertical deflection u$	nder load	=	0.94.%
DeltaY = Change in vertical pipe diameter un	nder load		0.04 /0
D = Undeflected mean pipe diameter (in)		=	8 in.
K = Bedding angle constant. Assumed to be	0.110 unless otherwise justified.	=	0.110
$Y_s$ = Unit weight of soil (pcf). $Y_s$ less than 12	0 pcf must be justified.	=	130 pcf
H = Depth of burial (ft) from ground surface t	o crown of pipe.	=	19 ft.
L <sub>p</sub> =Prism load (psi). If prism load is calculat	ed using Marston's load formula, or other formulas		
less conservative than the one provided	above, the load should be multiplied by a deflection lag		
factor DL = 1.5 to account for long-term of ( $P_s$ from T82; zeta from T80; and $E_b$ from T7	deflection of the pipe as the bedding consolidates. 6)	=	17.15 psi

# **Temporary Stormwater Section**

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

# Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>MK Woodside Development, Inc. / Steger Bizzell, Tyson Hasz,</u> <u>P.E.</u>

Date: 1/19/2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Jym Hay

Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phase B

# **Project Information**

# Potential Sources of Contamination

*Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.* 

1. Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:

The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site: \_\_\_\_\_

These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

TCEQ-0602 (Rev. 02-11-15)

Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

- Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
- Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
- 2. Attachment A Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
- 3. Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
- 4. Attachment B Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.

# Sequence of Construction

5. Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.

For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.

- For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.
- 6. Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: <u>Berry Creek</u>

# Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

	<ul> <li>A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.</li> <li>A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.</li> <li>A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.</li> <li>A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction</li> </ul>
8. 🛛	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
	<ul> <li>Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.</li> <li>There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.</li> </ul>
9. 🔀	Attachment F - Structural Practices. A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10. 🔀	Attachment G - Drainage Area Map. A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
	<ul> <li>For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.</li> <li>For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.</li> <li>For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area.</li> <li>There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed at area.</li> </ul>

There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.

- 11. Attachment H Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.
  - 🗌 N/A
- 12. Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs. A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
- 13. All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
- 14. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 15. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 16. 🖂 Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

# Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

- 18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

# Administrative Information

- 20.  $\square$  All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

### Attachment A – Spill Response Actions

Because fuels and hazardous substances will be provided by an off-site facility, no on-site containment procedures are provided for in this WPAP.

The objective of this section is to describe measures to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to drainage systems or watercourses from leaks and spills by reducing the chance for spills, stopping the source of spills, containing and cleaning up spills, properly disposing of spill materials, and training employees. The following steps will help reduce the stormwater impacts of leaks and spills:

### Education

- Be aware that different materials pollute in different amounts. Make sure that each employee knows what a "significant spill" is for each material they use, and what is the appropriate response for "significant" and "insignificant" spills. Employees should also be aware of when spill must be reported to the TCEQ. Information available in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4.
- 2. Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks.
- 3. Hold regular meetings to discuss and reinforce appropriate disposal procedures (incorporate into regular safety meetings).
- 4. Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.
- 5. Have contractor's superintendent or representative oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

### **General Measures**

- 1. To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum products, and substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110,117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- 2. Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism.
- 3. Place a stockpile of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- 4. Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- 5. Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.
- 6. Spills should be covered and protected from stormwater run-on during rainfall to the extent that it doesn't compromise clean-up activities.
- 7. Do not bury or wash spills with water.
- 8. Store and dispose of used clean up materials, contaminated materials, and recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMPs.
- 9. Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.
- 10. Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.
- 11. Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.

12. Keep waste storage areas clean, well-organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

### Cleanup

- 1. Clean up leaks and spills immediately.
- 2. Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- 3. Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMPs in this section for specific information.

### **Minor Spills**

- 1. Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- 2. Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- 3. Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.
- 4. Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
- 5. Contain the spread of the spill.
- 6. Recover spilled materials.
- 7. Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

### Semi-Significant Spills

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities.

Spills should be cleaned up immediately:

- 1. Contain spread of the spill.
- 2. Notify the project foreman immediately.
- 3. If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spread widely.
- 4. If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.
- 5. If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

### Significant/Hazardous Spills

For significant or hazardous spills that are in reportable quantities:

 Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and within 24 hours at 512-339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.

- 2. For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110, 119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- 3. Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- The services of a spills contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- 5. Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

More information on spill rules and appropriate responses is available on the TCEQ website at: <a href="http://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/">http://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/</a>

### Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance

- 1. If maintenance must occur onsite, use a designated area and a secondary containment, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the run-on of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- 2. Regularly inspect onsite vehicles and equipment for leaks and repair immediately.
- 3. Check incoming vehicles and equipment (including delivery trucks, and employee and subcontractor vehicles) for leaking oil and fluids. Do not allow leaking vehicles or equipment onsite.
- 4. Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan or drop cloth, to catch spills or leaks when removing or changing fluids.
- 5. Place drip pans or absorbent materials under paving equipment when not in use.
- 6. Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill. Remove the absorbent materials promptly and dispose of properly.
- 7. Promptly transfer used fluids to the proper waste or recycling drums. Don't leave full drip pans or other open containers lying around.
- 8. Oil filters disposed of in trashcans or dumpsters can leak oil and pollute stormwater. Place the oil filter in a funnel over a waste oil-recycling drum to drain excess oil before disposal. Oil filters can also be recycled. Ask the oil supplier or recycler about recycling oil filters.
- 9. Store cracked batteries in a non-leaking secondary container. Do this with all cracked batteries even if you think all the acid has drained out. If you drop a battery, treat it as if it is cracked. Put it into the containment area until you are sure it is not leaking.

### Vehicle and Equipment Fueling

- 1. If fueling must occur on site, use designated areas, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the run-on of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- 2. Discourage "topping off" of fuel tanks.
- 3. Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan, when fueling to catch spills/ leaks.

If a spill should occur, the person responsible for the spill should contact the TCEQ at (512) 339-2929 or call 911. Soil contaminated by spills that occur on-site will be removed and disposed at an approved disposal site.

### Attachment B – Potential Sources of Contamination

- Hydraulic and diesel
- Portable toilet systems (Sanitary Waste)
- Trash from construction workers
- Paints, Paint Solvents, glues, concrete and other building materials
- Plant fertilizers and Pesticides
- Inadequate maintenance of temporary water pollution abatement measures
- Stock piles or spoils of materials
#### Attachment C – Sequence of Major Activities

The following sequence of activities is suggested. The sequence of construction will take place in one phase. The actual sequence may vary slightly depending on the contractor or weather conditions.

- 1. Construction activities will commence with the installation of the required erosion controls and stabilized construction entrances. (48.62 acres)
- Excavation will take place where the pond, roads and utilities will be situated. Spoils of this material may be placed at a location on the project site as directed by the contractor or hauled off-site. These spoils and any other loose granular material will be enclosed by a silt fence. A pond will be rough graded to provide sediment containment during construction. (48.62 acres)
- The installation of the utilities, BMPs, and storm sewer will disturb a portion of the site.
   Proposed utility improvements include the construction of water mains, wastewater mains, BMPs, and storm sewer extensions and connections. (48.62 acres)
- 4. Grading on the site will consist of the placement and compaction of base or select fill material under and/or around the roads and culverts, and excavation and fill for the proposed roads and culverts. (48.62 acres)
- 5. Paving of the site will consist of the roads and sidewalks. (48.62 acres)
- 6. After the roads and sidewalks are installed, finish grading around the site will be completed. (48.62 acres)
- 7. After the construction of the pond, roads, utilities, etc. disturbed areas will be hydro-mulched or seeded. (48.62 acres)
- 8. Once vegetation is established on the site, Temporary BMPs will be removed as allowed by the engineer.

#### Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

The following sequence of activities is suggested. The sequence of construction will take place in one phase. The actual sequence may vary slightly depending on the contractor or weather conditions.

- 1. Construction activities will commence with the installation of the required silt fence and erosion and sedimentation control measures.
- 2. Excavation will take place where the roads and utilities will be situated. Spoils of this material may be placed at a location on the project site as directed by the contractor or hauled off-site. These spoils and any other loose granular material will be enclosed by a silt fence. Silt fence, rock berm, and temporary construction entrances will be utilized as the control measures.
- 3. Grading on the site will consist of the placement and compaction of base or select fill material under and/or around the entry road and excavation and fill for the proposed roads. **Silt fence will be utilized as the control measure.**
- 4. The installation of the utilities, BMPs, and storm sewer will disturb a portion of the site. Proposed utility improvements include an extension of an existing wastewater collection system and water line. Silt fence, rock berm, and inlet protection will be utilized as the control measures.
- 5. Subsequent to the construction of the road and utilities etc. Disturbed areas will be hydromulched or seeded. Silt fence, rock berm, and inlet protection will be utilized as the control measures.
- 6. Once vegetation is established on the site, Temporary BMPs will be removed as allowed by the engineer.

All surface runoff originating up-gradient or on site will be contained within the proposed silt fence. The silt fence will trap most pollutants and prevent them from entering off-site surface streams, sensitive features or the aquifer.

### Attachment E – Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature

There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.

#### Attachment F – Structural Practices

Silt fences, construction entrances, and inlet protection will be used to limit the runoff discharge of sediments from exposed areas on the site during construction. Drainage off the site is typically in a sheet flow or shallow concentrated flow condition. Water Quality Pond G will be excavated to provide a temporary sedimentation pond.

#### Attachment G – Drainage Area Map

See the attached Woodside East - Phase B drainage area exhibits for existing and proposed drainage area maps.

Cons	Construction Phase - Temporary Sediment Basin C2							
Elevation [ft]	Area [s.f.]	Avg End Incremental Volume [c.f.]	Avg End Cumulative Volume [c.f.]					
842	25	0	0.00					
843	16976	8501	8,500.50					
844	32318.6268	24647	33,147.81					
845	52717.28	42518	75,665.77					
846	59080.36	55899	131,564.59					
847	62339.18	60710	192,274.36					
848	65654.57	63997	256,271.23					
849	69026.49	67341	323,611.76					
850	72454	70740	394,352.01					
851	75939.98	74197	468,549.00					
3,000 Ft <sup>3</sup> /Ac		Required =	141,985.97					

Constr	Construction Phase - Temporary Sediment Basin G1								
Elevation [ft]	Area [s.f.]	Avg End Incremental Volume [c.f.]	Avg End Cumulative Volume [c.f.]						
855	25	0	0						
856	20725	10375	10,375						
857	67890	44308	54,683						
858	124784	96337	151,020						
859	195317	160050	311,070						
860	274820	235068	546,138						
860.5	274820	137410	683,548						
3,000 Ft <sup>3</sup> /Ac		Required =	446,585.09						

#### Attachment I – Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs

#### Silt Fence

- 1. Inspect all fences weekly and after any rainfall.
- 2. Remove sediment when buildup reaches 6 inches, or install a second line of fencing parallel to the old fence.
- 3. Replace any torn fabric or install a second line of fencing parallel to the torn section.
- 4. Replace or repair any sections crushed or collapsed in the course of construction activity. If a section of fence is obstructing vehicular access, consider relocating it to a spot where it will provide equal protection, but will not obstruct vehicles. A triangular filter dike may be preferable to a silt fence at common vehicle access points.
- 5. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the silt fence should be revegetated. The fence itself should be disposed of in an approved landfill.

#### Concrete Washout

- 1. Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall by the responsible party.
- 2. Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6 inches and dispose of the accumulated silt in an approved manner that will not cause any additional siltation.
- 3. The berm/temporary pit should be reshaped as needed during inspection.
- 4. The berm/temporary pit should be replaced when the structure ceases to function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks, washout, construction traffic damage, etc.
- 5. The washout should be left in place until construction has been completed.
- 6. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation and the prior location of the Concrete Washout should be revegetated.
- 7. The concrete from the washout should be removed from the site in an appropriate manner.

#### Rock Berm

- 1. Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall by the responsible party. For installations in streambeds, additional daily inspections should be made.
- 2. Remove sediment and other debris when buildup reaches 6 inches and dispose of the accumulated silt in an approved manner that will not cause any additional siltation.
- 3. Repair any loose wire sheathing.
- 4. The berm should be reshaped as needed during inspection.
- 5. The berm should be replaced when the structure ceases to function as intended due to silt accumulation among the rocks, washout, construction traffic damage, etc.
- 6. The rock berm should be left in place until all upstream areas are stabilized and accumulated silt removed.

#### Temporary Construction Entrance/Exit

- 1. The entrance should be maintained in a condition, which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment.
- 2. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way should be removed immediately by contractor.
- 3. When necessary, wheels should be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public right-of-way.
- 4. When washing is required, it should be done on an area stabilized with crushed stone that drains into an approved sediment trap or sediment basin.
- 5. All sediment should be prevented from entering any storm drain, ditch or water course by using approved methods.

#### Inlet Protection

- 1. Inspection should be made weekly and after each rainfall. Check inlet protection for damage. Repair should be made promptly as needed by the contractor
- 2. Trash and other debris should be removed after each rainfall.
- 3. Accumulated silt should be removed.
- 4. The removed sediment should be stockpiled or redistributed in areas that are protected from erosion.
- 5. When construction is complete, the sediment should be disposed of in a manner that will not cause additional siltation.

The following sample forms should be utilized to document the inspection and maintenance of the proposed temporary BMPs as described above. This form shall be kept on site with the WPAP until the project is completed. A report documenting the Temporary BMPs maintenance activities, sediment removal and modifications to the sedimentation and erosion controls is required.

### <u>Temporary BMP Logs – Silt Fence</u>

Date	Date of Last Inspection	Inspection Performed By	Title	Company	Status of BMP(s)	Corrective Action Required (if any)	Date Corrective Action Completed

### <u>Temporary BMP Logs – Rock Berm</u>

Date	Date of Last Inspection	Inspection Performed By	Title	Company	Status of BMP(s)	Corrective Action Required (if any)	Date Corrective Action Completed

### Temporary BMP Logs – Temporary Construction Entrance

Date	Date of Last Inspection	Inspection Performed By	Title	Company	Status of BMP(s)	Corrective Action Required (if any)	Date Corrective Action Completed

### <u>Temporary BMP Logs – Inlet Protection</u>

Date	Date of Last Inspection	Inspection Performed By	Title	Company	Status of BMP(s)	Corrective Action Required (if any)	Date Corrective Action Completed

#### Attachment J – Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices

Vehicular traffic should be limited to areas of the project site where construction will take place. The contractor should endeavor to preserve existing vegetation as much as practicable to reduce erosion and lower the cost associated with stabilization. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.

All disturbed areas shall be stabilized as described below.

Except as provided for below, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased.

- A. Where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14<sup>th</sup> day after construction activity temporarily or permanently ceases is precluded by snow cover or frozen ground conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
- B. Where construction activity on a portion of the site has temporarily ceased, and earthdisturbing activities will be resumed with 21 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of the site.
- C. In areas experiencing drought, where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14<sup>th</sup> day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonal arid conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.

Stabilization measures as described as follows:

All disturbed grass areas should be planted in drought resistant species normally grown as permanent lawns, such as Zoysia, Bermuda and Buffalo. Grass areas may be sodded, plugged, sprigged or seeded except that solid sod shall be used in swales or other areas subject to erosion. All planted areas shall be provided with a readily available water supply and watered as necessary to ensure continuous healthy growth and development. Maintenance shall include the replacement of all dead plant material if that material was used to meet the requirements of this section.



	NRCS Time of Concentration - Existing Conditions										_							
		ę	Sheet Flov	N		Shallo	w Concen	trated - U	npaved	Shallo	Shallow Concentrated - Unpaved			Channelized				
Drainage Basin	L [ft]	S [ft/ft]	n	P2	Tt [min]	S [ft/ft]	V [ft/s]	L [ft]	Tt [min]	S [ft/ft]	V [ft/s]	L [ft]	Tt [min]	L [ft]	V [ft/s]	Tt [min]	Total Tt [min]	Total Tlag [min]
C-3A	300.00	0.018	0.13	4.20	19.13	0.020	2.26	700	5.17					157	5.00	0.52	24.82	14.89
C-3B	300.00	0.011	0.13	4.20	23.64	0.027	2.64	500	3.15					1,308	5.00	4.36	31.16	18.69
C-4A	300.00	0.024	0.13	4.20	17.06	0.041	3.25	500	2.57					438	5.00	1.46	21.09	12.65
G-1	300.00	0.018	0.13	4.20	19.30	0.017	2.10	500	3.96					812	5.00	2.71	25.97	15.58
G-2	300.00	0.021	0.13	4.20	17.95	0.016	2.05	1,000	8.12					52	5.00	0.17	26.24	15.74
	-																	

	EXISTING CONDITION SUBBASIN ELEMENTS									
				FLOWS [CFS]						
BASIN	AREA [AC]	CN	LAG[MIN]	100-YR	25-YR	10-YR				
C-3A	23.16	80	14.89	129.9	95.3	72.6				
C-3B	51.22	80	18.69	259.8	190.4	143.8				
C-4A	32.99	80	12.65	234.6	183.4	149				
G-1	44.27	80	15.58	243.6	178.7	135.8				
G-2	85.46	80	15.74	468.1	343.5	261				

# WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B EXISTING CONDITION DRAINAGE MAP for BERRY CREEK Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas

Project No: 22226-M

	_
	_
2-YR	
35.3	
68.6	
90.8	
65.7	
L26.2	



		NRCS Time of Concentration - Developed Conditions											_					
		:	Sheet Flov	v		Shallo	w Concen	trated - Ui	npaved	Shallo	w Concen	trated - U	npaved	C	Channelize	d		
Drainage Basin	L [ft]	S [ft/ft]	n	P2	Tt [min]	S [ft/ft]	V [ft/s]	L [ft]	Tt [min]	S [ft/ft]	V [ft/s]	L [ft]	Tt [min]	L [ft]	V [ft/s]	Tt [min]	Total Tt [min]	Total Tlag [min]
C-3A	300.00	0.018	0.13	4.20	19.30	0.017	2.10	500	3.96	0.017	2.65	100	0.63	812	5.00	2.71	26.60	15.96
C-3B	150.00	0.008	0.24	4.20	24.68	0.009	1.55	50	0.54	0.010	1.99	100	0.84	1,945	5.00	6.48	32.54	19.52
C-4A	150.00	0.015	0.24	4.20	19.28	0.017	2.10	50	0.40	0.022	3.03	100	0.55	1,277	5.00	4.26	24.48	14.69
G-1	300.00	0.022	0.13	4.20	17.58	0.009	1.53	500	5.46	0.009	1.92	0	0.00	812	5.00	2.71	25.75	15.45
G-2	150.00	0.021	0.24	4.20	16.83	0.003	0.89	50	0.94	0.003	1.19	200	2.80	2,022	5.00	6.74	27.31	16.39

	PROPOSED CONDITION SUBBASIN ELEMENTS									
				FLOWS [CFS]						
BASIN	AREA [AC]	CN	LAG[MIN]	100-YR	25-YR	10-YR	2-YR			
C-3A	23.16	80.0	15.96	126.1	92.5	70.3	33.9			
C-3B	56.13	88.3	19.52	427.0	332.4	270.7	165.6			
C-4A	35.31	89.1	14.69	253.5	198.3	161.2	98.2			
G-1	44.27	80.0	15.45	268.1	197.0	151.1	74.5			
G-2	113.2	89.7	16.39	815.7	640.2	521.7	321.4			

# WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B DEVELOPED CONDITION DRAINAGE MAP for BERRY CREEK Georgetown, Williamson County, Texas

Project No: 22226-M

# **Permanent Stormwater Section**

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(C), (D)(Ii), (E), and (5), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

# Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Permanent Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>MK Woodside Development, Inc. / Steger Bizzell, Tyson Hasz,</u> <u>P.E.</u>

Date: <u>1/19/2024</u>

Signature of Customer/Agent

Jym Hay

Regulated Entity Name: Woodside East - Phase B

# Permanent Best Management Practices (BMPs)

# Permanent best management practices and measures that will be used during and after construction is completed.

1. Permanent BMPs and measures must be implemented to control the discharge of pollution from regulated activities after the completion of construction.



2. These practices and measures have been designed, and will be constructed, operated, and maintained to insure that 80% of the incremental increase in the annual mass loading of total suspended solids (TSS) from the site caused by the regulated activity is removed. These quantities have been calculated in accordance with technical guidance prepared or accepted by the executive director.

The TCEQ Technical Guidance Manual (TGM) was used to design permanent BMPs and measures for this site.

A technical guidance other than the TCEQ TGM was used to design permanent BMPs
and measures for this site. The complete citation for the technical guidance that
was used is:

🗌 N/A

3. Owners must insure that permanent BMPs and measures are constructed and function as designed. A Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must certify in writing that the permanent BMPs or measures were constructed as designed. The certification letter must be submitted to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of site completion.

🗌 N/A

- 4. Where a site is used for low density single-family residential development and has 20 % or less impervious cover, other permanent BMPs are not required. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
  - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development and has 20% or less impervious cover.
  - The site will be used for low density single-family residential development but has more than 20% impervious cover.
    - The site will not be used for low density single-family residential development.
- 5. The executive director may waive the requirement for other permanent BMPs for multifamily residential developments, schools, or small business sites where 20% or less impervious cover is used at the site. This exemption from permanent BMPs must be recorded in the county deed records, with a notice that if the percent impervious cover increases above 20% or land use changes, the exemption for the whole site as described in the property boundaries required by 30 TAC §213.4(g) (relating to Application Processing and Approval), may no longer apply and the property owner must notify the appropriate regional office of these changes.
  - Attachment A 20% or Less Impervious Cover Waiver. The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites and has 20% or less impervious cover. A request to waive the requirements for other permanent BMPs and measures is attached.
  - The site will be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites but has more than 20% impervious cover.
  - The site will not be used for multi-family residential developments, schools, or small business sites.
- 6. Attachment B BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater.

		<ul> <li>A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site is attached.</li> <li>No surface water, groundwater or stormwater originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.</li> <li>Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site, and an explanation is attached.</li> </ul>
7.	$\boxtimes$	Attachment C - BMPs for On-site Stormwater.
		<ul> <li>A description of the BMPs and measures that will be used to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site is attached.</li> <li>Permanent BMPs or measures are not required to prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off the site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff, and an explanation is attached.</li> </ul>
8.		Attachment D - BMPs for Surface Streams. A description of the BMPs and measures that prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer is attached. Each feature identified in the Geologic Assessment as sensitive has been addressed.
	$\square$	N/A
9.		The applicant understands that to the extent practicable, BMPs and measures must maintain flow to naturally occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, executive director review, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
		<ul> <li>The permanent sealing of or diversion of flow from a naturally-occurring sensitive feature that accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a permanent pollution abatement measure has not been proposed.</li> <li>Attachment E - Request to Seal Features. A request to seal a naturally-occurring sensitive feature, that includes, for each feature, a justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists, is attached.</li> </ul>
10.		Attachment F - Construction Plans. All construction plans and design calculations for the proposed permanent BMP(s) and measures have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, and are signed, sealed, and dated. The plans are attached and, if applicable include:
		<ul> <li>Design calculations (TSS removal calculations)</li> <li>TCEQ construction notes</li> <li>All geologic features</li> <li>All proposed structural BMP(s) plans and specifications</li> </ul>

11. 🔀	Attachment G - Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan. A plan for the inspection, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit of the permanent BMPs and measures is attached. The plan includes all of the following:
	Prepared and certified by the engineer designing the permanent BMPs and measures
	Signed by the owner or responsible party Procedures for documenting inspections, maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary retrofit
	A discussion of record keeping procedures
	N/A
12. 🗌	<b>Attachment H - Pilot-Scale Field Testing Plan</b> . Pilot studies for BMPs that are not recognized by the Executive Director require prior approval from the TCEQ. A plan for pilot-scale field testing is attached.
$\boxtimes$	N/A
13.	Attachment I -Measures for Minimizing Surface Stream Contamination. A description of the measures that will be used to avoid or minimize surface stream contamination and changes in the way in which water enters a stream as a result of the construction and development is attached. The measures address increased stream flashing, the creation of stronger flows and in-stream velocities, and other in-stream effects caused

degradation. N/A

# Responsibility for Maintenance of Permanent BMP(s)

by the regulated activity, which increase erosion that results in water quality

#### Responsibility for maintenance of best management practices and measures after construction is complete.

14. 🖂 The applicant is responsible for maintaining the permanent BMPs after construction until such time as the maintenance obligation is either assumed in writing by another entity having ownership or control of the property (such as without limitation, an owner's association, a new property owner or lessee, a district, or municipality) or the ownership of the property is transferred to the entity. Such entity shall then be responsible for maintenance until another entity assumes such obligations in writing or ownership is transferred.

N/A

15.  $\square$  A copy of the transfer of responsibility must be filed with the executive director at the appropriate regional office within 30 days of the transfer if the site is for use as a multiple single-family residential development, a multi-family residential development, or a non-residential development such as commercial, industrial, institutional, schools, and other sites where regulated activities occur.

N/A

#### Attachment B – BMPs for Upgradient Stormwater

37.91 acres of upgradient stormwater will be routed into Pond G1 by a series of storm sewers. This upgradient area is evaluated at 0% impervious cover. Another 28.91 acres of upgradient stormwater will be diverted around the north side of the project by a series of storm sewer systems and will not be treated.

#### Attachment C – BMPs for On-site Stormwater

The overall development of Woodside is limited to 45-percent cumulative impervious cover. Per Woodside PUD, each lot within the Woodside development has a defined maximum impervious cover of 60-percent. A portion of the site (2.67 acres) will be treated with the use of vegetative filter strips designed to treat on-site stormwater for a total site-removal of 85 percent. The remaining portion of the site will be treated by an offsite batch detention pond, to be constructed with this phase (Pond G1 (15.96 acres) or batch detention ponds built with the subdivision Woodside West Phases A&E (Ponds C2 (14.96 acres) & C3 (0.69 acres)).

#### Attachment D – BMPs for Surface Streams

There are no additional BMPs for minimizing pollutants from entering surface streams. The Permanent BMPs have been designed to remove 85% of the anticipated pollutant loads. Temporary BMPs have been designed to reduce the potential pollutant load during construction activities.

Attachment E – Request to Seal Features There are no sensitive features that require sealing.

### Attachment F – Construction Plans

See Attached Woodside East - Phase B Construction Plans

#### Attachment G – Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan

The following can be found in the TCEQ's "Complying with the Edwards Rules: Technical Guidance Manual on Best Management Practices."

#### **Maintenance Guidelines for Batch Detention Basins**

Batch detention basins may have somewhat higher maintenance requirements than an extended detention basin since they are active stormwater controls. The maintenance activities are identical to those of extended detention basins with the addition of maintenance and inspections of the automatic controller and the value at the outlet.

*Inspections.* Inspections should take place a minimum of twice a year. One inspection should take place during wet weather to determine if the basin is meeting the target detention time of 12 hours and a drawdown time of no more than 48 hours. The remaining inspections should occur between storm events so that manual operation of the valve and controller can be verified. The level sensor in the basin should be inspected and any debris or sediment in the area should be removed. The outlet structure and the trash screen should be inspected for signs of clogging. Debris and sediment should be removed from the orifice and outlet(s) as described in previous sections. Debris obstructing the valve should be removed. During each inspection, erosion areas inside and downstream of this BMP should be identified and repaired/revegetated immediately.

*Mowing.* The basin, basin side-slopes, and embankment of the basin must be mowed to prevent woody growth and control weeds. A mulching mower should be used, or the grass clippings should be caught and removed. Mowing should take place at least twice a year, or more frequently if vegetation exceeds 18 inches in height. More frequent mowing to maintain aesthetic appeal may be necessary in landscaped areas.

*Litter and Debris Removal.* Litter and debris removal should take place at least twice a year, as part of the periodic mowing operations and inspections. Debris and litter should be removed from the surface of the basin. Particular attention should be paid to floatable debris around the outlet structure. The outlet should be checked for possible clogging or obstructions and any debris removed.

*Erosion control.* The basin side slopes and embankment all may periodically suffer from slumping and erosion. To correct these problems, corrective action, such as regarding and revegetation, may be necessary. Correction of erosion control should take place whenever required based on the periodic inspections.

*Nuisance Control.* Standing water or soggy conditions may occur in the basin. Some standing water may occur after a storm event since the valve may close with 2 to 3 inches of water in the basin. Some flow into the basin may also occur between storms due to spring flow and

residential water use that enters the storm sewer system. Twice a year, the facility should be evaluated in terms of nuisance control (insects, weeds, odors, algae, etc.).

*Structural Repairs and Replacement.* With each inspection, any damage to structural elements of the basin (pipes, concrete drainage structures, retaining walls, etc.) should be identified and repaired immediately. An example of this type of repair can include patching of cracked concrete, sealing of voids, removal of vegetation from cracks and joints. The various inlet/outlet structures in a basin will eventually deteriorate and must be replaced.

Sediment Removal. A properly designed batch detention basin will accumulate quantities of sediment over time. The accumulated sediment can detract from the appearance of the facility and reduce the pollutant removal performance of the facility. The sediment also tends to accumulate near the outlet structure and can interfere with the level sensor operation. Sediment shall be removed from the basin at least every 5 years, when sediment depth exceeds 6 inches, when the sediment interferes with the level sensor or when the basin does not drain within 48 hours. Care should be taken not to compromise the basin lining during maintenance.

*Logic Controller.* The Logic Controller should be inspected as part of the twice yearly investigations. Verify that the external indicators (active, cycle in progress) are operating properly by turning the controller off and on, and by initiating a cycle by triggering the level sensor in the basin. The valve should be manually opened and closed using the open/close switch to verify valve operation and to assist in inspecting the valve for debris. The solar panel should be inspected and any dust or debris on the panel should be carefully removed. The controller and all other circuitry and wiring should be inspected for signs of corrosion, damage from insects, water leaks, or other damage. At the end of the inspection, the controller should be reset.

#### Vegetative Filter Strips

Once a vegetated area is well established, little additional maintenance is generally necessary. The key to establishing a viable vegetated feature is the care and maintenance it receives in the first few months after it is planted. Once established, all vegetated BMPs require some basic maintenance to insure the health of the plants including:

- *Pest Management*. An Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Plan should be developed for vegetated areas. This plan should specify how problem insects and weeds will be controlled with minimal or no use of insecticides and herbicides.
- Seasonal Mowing and Lawn Care. If the filter strip is made up of turf grass, it should be
  mowed as needed to limit vegetation height to 18 inches, using a mulching mower (or
  removal of clippings). If native grasses are used, the filter may require less frequent
  mowing, but a minimum of twice annually. Grass clippings and brush debris should not
  be deposited on vegetated filter strip areas. Regular mowing should also include weed
  control practices, however herbicide use should be kept to a minimum (Urbonas et al.,
  1992). Healthy grass can be maintained without using fertilizers because runoff usually
  contains sufficient nutrients. Irrigation of the site can help assure a dense and healthy
  vegetative cover.
- Inspection. Inspect filter strips at least twice annually for erosion or damage to
  vegetation; however, additional inspection after periods of heavy runoff is most
  desirable. The strip should be checked for uniformity of grass cover, debris and litter,
  and areas of sediment accumulation. More frequent inspections of the grass cover
  during the first few years after establishment will help to determine if any problems are
  developing, and to plan for long-term restorative maintenance needs. Bare spots and
  areas of erosion identified during semi-annual inspections must be replanted and 3-92
  restored to meet specifications. Construction of a level spreader device may be
  necessary to reestablish shallow overland flow.
- Debris and Litter Removal. Trash tends to accumulate in vegetated areas, particularly along highways. Any filter strip structures (i.e. level spreaders) should be kept free of obstructions to reduce floatables being flushed downstream, and for aesthetic reasons. The need for this practice is determined through periodic inspection but should be performed no less than 4 times per year.
- Sediment Removal. Sediment removal is not normally required in filter strips, since the vegetation normally grows through it and binds it to the soil. However, sediment may accumulate along the upstream boundary of the strip preventing uniform overland flow. Excess sediment should be removed by hand or with flat-bottomed shovels.
- *Grass Reseeding and Mulching*. A healthy dense grass should be maintained on the filter strip. If areas are eroded, they should be filled, compacted, and reseeded so that the

final grade is level. Grass damaged during the sediment removal process should be promptly replaced using the same seed mix used during filter strip establishment. If possible, flow should be diverted from the damaged areas until the grass is firmly established. Bare spots and areas of erosion identified during semi-annual inspections must be replanted and restored to meet specifications. Corrective maintenance, such as weeding or replanting should be done more frequently in the first two to three years after installation to ensure stabilization. Dense vegetation may require irrigation immediately after planting, and during particularly dry periods, particularly as the vegetation is initially established.

**NOTE:** This Inspection, Maintenance, Repair and Retrofit Plan for the **Woodside East - Phase B Filter Strips and Water Quality Ponds** were created and designed by the engineer of this BMP. Maintenance is the responsibility of the Owner and should be followed in accordance with this plan in order to keep the BMPs operating correctly.

DocuSigned by: Maa

Blake J. Magee MK Woodside Development, Inc. 1/11/2024

Date

DocuSianed by: Juson Has

Tyson L. Hasz, P.E. Steger Bizzell F-181



1/10/2024

Date

<u>SAMP</u>	LE)** PI	ERMANENT BMP LOG	**(SAN	<u>/IPLE)**</u>
INSPECTOR:		DATE:		
Inspectors Company: _				
Company Address:				
Company Phone:			_ Fax:	
Date of Last Inspection	:	Recent Heavy Rainfall: (CIRCLE ONE	YES NO	_
Status of BMP(s):				
Corrective Action Requ	ired (if any):			
Date Corrected (if appli	icable):			
*If actions are required	l they must b	e completed within 7 workir	ng days of this IN	SPECTION.

Inspectors Signature

Date:

	Agent Authorization Form For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999
1	Mr. Blake Magee
•	Print Name
	President ,
	Title - Owner/President/Other
of	MK Woodside Development, Inc.
	Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name
have authorized	Mr. Tyson Hasz, P.E.
	Print Name of Agent/Engineer
of	Steger Bizzell
	Print Name of Firm

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

#### SIGNATURE PAGE:

BULLE J. Manu Applicantise Signature

1/11/2024

Date

THE STATE OF TEXAS §

County of Travis §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared <u>Mr. Blake Magee</u> known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_



DocuSigned by: eimber Matoclu UOTARY RUBLIC

Kimber Matocha Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: 08-03-2024

# **Application Fee Form**

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality										
Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: Woodside East - Phase B										
Regulated Entity Location: George	etown, TX									
Name of Customer: MK Woodside	<u>e Development, Inc. / St</u>	eger Bizzell								
Contact Person: <u>Blake Magee</u>	Phon	e: <u>(512) 481-0303</u>								
Customer Reference Number (if is	sued):CN <u>606076271</u>									
Regulated Entity Reference Numb	er (if issued):RN <u>N/A</u>									
Austin Regional Office (3373)										
🗌 Hays	Travis	$\boxtimes$ w	illiamson							
San Antonio Regional Office (336	2)									
Bexar	Medina	U U	valde							
Comal	Kinney									
Application fees must be paid by o	check, certified check, o	or money order, payab	le to the <b>Texas</b>							
Commission on Environmental Q	uality. Your canceled c	heck will serve as you	r receipt. <b>This</b>							
form must be submitted with you	<b>ir fee payment</b> . This pa	ayment is being submi	itted to:							
🖂 Austin Regional Office	Sa	an Antonio Regional O	office							
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier	o	vernight Delivery to: 1	TCEQ - Cashier							
Revenues Section	1	2100 Park 35 Circle								
Mail Code 214	В	uilding A, 3rd Floor								
P.O. Box 13088	A	ustin, TX 78753								
Austin, TX 78711-3088	(5	512)239-0357								
Site Location (Check All That App	ly):									
🔀 Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	🗌 Transi	tion Zone							
Type of Pla	n	Size	Fee Due							
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,	Contributing Zone									
Plan: One Single Family Residentia	al Dwelling	Acres	\$							
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,	Contributing Zone									
Plan: Multiple Single Family Reside	ential and Parks	34.28 Acres	\$ 4,000.00							
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,	Contributing Zone									
Plan: Non-residential	Acres	\$								
Sewage Collection System	7,639 L.F.	\$ 3,819.50								
Lift Stations without sewer linesAcres\$										
Underground or Aboveground Sto	Tanks	\$								
Piping System(s)(only)		Each	\$							
Exception	Exception									
Extension of Time	Exception Each S									
		Each	\$							

Signature:

Date: <u>1/19/2024</u>

# **Application Fee Schedule**

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

### Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

#### Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications

Project	Project Area in Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

#### **Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications**

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

# Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

#### **Exception Requests**

Project	Fee
Exception Request	\$500

#### Extension of Time Requests

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150



# **TCEQ Core Data Form**

For detailed instructions on completing this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

### **SECTION I: General Information**

1. Reason for Submission (If other is checked please describe in space provided.)								
New Permit, Registration or Authorization (Core Data Form should be submitted with the program application.)								
Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the	Renewal (Core Data Form should be submitted with the renewal form)       Other							
2. Customer Reference Number (if issued)	Follow this link to search	3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)						
CN 606076271	Central Registry**	RN						

### **SECTION II: Customer Information**

4. General Cu	4. General Customer Information 5. Effective Date for Customer Information Updates (mm/dd/vvvv) 1/19/2023												
Update to Customer Information Change in Regulated Entity Ownership													
	egai Name	(verifiable wit	in the lex	as secretary	of State of Tex	cas Com	ptroi	ler of Public	Accour	its)			
The Custome	r Name si	ubmitted he	re may l	be updated	automatical	ly base	ed on	n what is c	urrent	and active	with th	e Texas Secr	etary of State
(SOS) or Texa	s Comptro	oller of Publ	ic Accou	ints (CPA).									
6. Customer	Legal Nan	ne (If an indiv	idual, pri	nt last name j	first: eg: Doe, .	John)		If new Customer, enter previous Customer below:				er below:	
MK Woodside I	Developme	ent, Inc.											
7. TX SOS/CP	A Filing N	umber		8. TX State	<b>e Tax ID</b> (11 d	ligits)			9. Fe	deral Tax II	D	10. DUNS I	Number (if
0804265234				320813476	12				(9 dig	its)		applicable)	
									87-3727833				
11. Type of C	ustomer:		Corporat	tion				🗌 Individ	lual		Partne	ership: 🗌 Gen	eral 🛛 Limited
Government:	City	County 🗌 Fe	deral 🗌	Local 🗌 Sta	te 🗌 Other			Sole Pi	roprieto	orship	Ot	her:	
12. Number o	of Employ	ees							13. I	ndepender	ntly Ow	ned and Ope	erated?
0-20 🛛	21-100 [	101-250	251-	500 🗌 50	1 and higher				🖂 Ye	es (	_ No		
14. Customer	<b>Role</b> (Pro	posed or Actu	ial) – <i>as i</i>	t relates to th	e Regulated E	ntity list	ted or	n this form.	Please (	check one of	the follo	owing	
Owner	al Licensee	Operato	r nsible Pa	rty C	wner & Opera VCP/BSA App	ator olicant				Other:			
15. Mailing	1011 No	rth Lamar											
Addross													
Address.	City Austin			State TX		<b>ZIP</b> 78703		3	ZIP + 4				
16. Country M	16. Country Mailing Information (if outside USA)					1	17. E-Mail Address (if applicable)				1		
						blake@blakemageeco.com							
18. Telephone Number 19. Extension or					on or C	Code         20. Fax Number (if applicable)							

(	512	)	481-0303
---	-----	---	----------

( ) -

# **SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information**

21. General Regulated Entity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity" is selected, a new permit application is also required.)									
New Regulated Entity Update to Regulated Entity Name Update to Regulated Entity Information									
The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated, in order to meet TCEQ Core Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).									
22. Regulated Entity Nam	22. Regulated Entity Name (Enter name of the site where the regulated action is taking place.)								
Woodside East - Phase B									
23. Street Address of the Regulated Entity:	23. Street Address of the Regulated Entity:								
IND PO Boxes     City     Georgetown     State     TX     ZIP     78633     ZIP + 4									
24. County	24. County Williamson								

#### If no Street Address is provided, fields 25-28 are required.

25. Description to Physical Location:Southwest of the intersection of TX-195 and Ronald Reagan Boulevard and east of the intersection of Ronald Reagan Boulevard and Sun City Boulevard in Georgetown.										
26. Nearest City State Nearest ZIP Code										
Georgetown TX 78633										
Latitude/Longitude are required and may be added/updated to meet TCEQ Core Data Standards. (Geocoding of the Physical Address may be used to supply coordinates where none have been provided or to gain accuracy).										
27. Latitude (N) In Decim	al:	30.7424		28. Lo	ongitude (W	/) In Decim	al:	-97.7212		
Degrees	Minutes		Seconds	Degree	es	Mir	nutes		Seconds	
30		44	32.64		-97		43		16.32	
29. Primary SIC Code30. Secondary SIC Code31. Primary NAICS Code32. Secondary NAICS Code(4 digits)(4 digits)(5 or 6 digits)(5 or 6 digits)						CS Code				
6552	6552 1521 N/A									
<b>33. What is the Primary Business of this entity?</b> (Do not repeat the SIC or NAICS description.)										
Land Development and Resid	dential Homes	5								
24 Mailing	1011 Nort	h Lamar								
Address:	City	Austin	State	тх	ZIP	78703		ZIP + 4		
35. E-Mail Address:	blal	æ@blakemageec	o.com							
36. Telephone Number			37. Extension or (	Code	38. Fa	ax Number	(if applicabl	le)		
( 512 ) 481-303					( )	-				

**39. TCEQ Programs and ID Numbers** Check all Programs and write in the permits/registration numbers that will be affected by the updates submitted on this form. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidance.

Dam Safety	Districts	🔀 Edwards Aquifer	Emissions Inventory Air	Industrial Hazardous Waste
		SCS & WPAP		
Municipal Solid Waste	New Source Review Air	OSSF	Petroleum Storage Tank	D PWS
Sludge	Storm Water	🔲 Title V Air	Tires	Used Oil
Voluntary Cleanup	U Wastewater	Wastewater Agriculture	Water Rights	Other:

### **SECTION IV: Preparer Information**

40. Name: Steger Bizzell - Tyson L. Hasz, P.E.				41. Title:	Project Manager
42. Telephone Number		43. Ext./Code 44. Fax Number		45. E-Mail Address	
( 512 ) 930-9412			( ) -	tyson.hasz@	stegerbizzell.com

### **SECTION V: Authorized Signature**

**46.** By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	Steger Bizzell	anager			
Name (In Print):	Tyson L. Hasz, P.E.	Phone:	( 512 ) 930- <b>9412</b>		
Signature:	Jyn H-/			Date:	1/19/2023


Location Map 1" = 3000'

#### NOTE:

- 1. These construction plans were prepared, sealed, signed, and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the construction plans for construction of the proposed project are hereby approved subject to the Standard Construction Specifications and Details Manual and all other applicable City, State and Federal Requirements and Codes.
- 2. This project is subject to all City Standard Specifications and Details in effect at the time of submittal of the project to the City.
- 3. The property subject to this application is subject to the Water Quality Regulations of the City of Georgetown.
- 4. A Geologic Assessment, in accordance with the City of Georgetown Water Quality Regulations, was completed on August 7, 2015 and June 6, 2018. Any springs and streams as identified in the Geologic Assessment are shown herein.
- 5. The project limits of construction is 48.62 acres.
- 6. All electric distribution lines and individual service lines shall be installed underground. If overhead lines existed prior to underground installation, such poles, guys wires, and related structures shall be removed following construction of the underground infrastructure (only applicable for residential property).
- 7. All electric communication and infrastructure shall comply with UDC Section 13.06
- 8. All bearings and coordinates are referenced to the Texas Coordinate System, Central Zone. NAD 83 horizontal control datum and NGVD 29 vertical control datum. All distances and coordinates are surface and may be converted to grid by multiplying by the combined scale factor of 0.999856056. The translation of the Sun City coordinate system to NAD 83 / 93 HARN coordiante sytstem and the NAVD 88 Vertical Datum are as follows: (NAD83) Northing -1.83' = Northing (NAD 83 / 93 HARN)
- (NAD83) Easting -1.49' = Easting (NAD 83 / 93 HARN)
- (NGVD29) Elevation +0.35' = Elevation (NAD 83 / 93 HARN)
- 9. The property subject to this application is subject to the Water Quality Regulations of the City of Georgetown.



**TEXAS ONE-CALL 800-344-8377** 

#### NOTE:

CONTRACTOR IS TO FURNISH A SET OF CONSTRUCTION PLANS BACK TO THE ENGINEER AT THE END OF THE PROJECT WITH ALL DEVIATIONS NOTED IN RED INK ON THE PLAN SHEETS. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT RECEIVE FINAL PAYMENT UNTIL COMPLETE "AS-BUILT" SET IS RETURNED TO ENGINEER.

# **CONSTRUCTION PLANS** FOR WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B CITY OF GEORGETOWN WILLIAMSON COUNTY, TEXAS 2023-XX-CON

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Tyson L. Hasz, P.E.

APPROVED for the City of Georgetown:

David Munk P.E. Development Engineer Date According to the approval of the Planning and Zoning Commission on \_

BENCHMARKS:

B.M. NH50 34951 Kickapoo Creek Lane and Salado Creek Lane (PK Nail in Pavement) ELEV = 904.97 N = 10,237,409.60 E = 3,106,552.84



$\Gamma$	Warning!
	There are existing water pipelines, underground cables and other above and below ground utilitie vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall con- appropriate companies prior to any construction
	area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, t Contractor shall immediately contact the Engine shall revise the design as necessary.

## **OWNER / DEVELOPER**

MK WOODSIDE DEVELOPMENT, INC. 1011 NORTH LAMAR BLVD AUSTIN, TEXAS 78703 512-481-0303 CONTACT: BLAKE MAGEE BLAKE@BLAKEMAGEECO.COM

#### SURVEYOR

McKIM & CREED TBPLS FIRM NO. 10177601 8868 RESEARCH BLVD, STE. 407 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78758 512-916-0224 CONTACT: JORGE FERNANDEZ, R.P.L.S

#### THESE CONSTRUCTION PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE TCEQ FOR WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT OVER THE EDWARDS AQUIFER. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILED CONSTRUCTION PLAN PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

## ENGINEER/APPLICANT:



STEGER BIZZELL TBPLS FIRM NO. 10003700 1978 S. AUSTIN AVE GEORGETOWN, TEXAS 78626 OFFICE: 512-930-9412 CONTACT: TYSON L. HASZ

> Project Number: 22226 MADISON TRACT 1 of 71

telephone es in the tact all n in the the er who 

2023-XX-CON

#### SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls are to be installed as indicated on the approved construction plan and in accordance with the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) that is required to be posted on the site. Install tree protection and initiate tree mitigation measures.
- Prior to beginning construction, the Owner or his authorized representative, shall convene a Pre-Construction Conference between the City of Georgetown, Engineer, Contractor, County Engineer (if applicable), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Field Office, and any other affected parties. Notify all such parties at least 48 hours prior to the time of the conference and 48 hours prior to beginning construction.
- The Environmental Project Manager, and/or Site Supervisor, and/or Designated Responsible Party, and the General Contractor will follow the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) posted on the site. Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls will be revised, if needed, to comply with City Inspectors' directives, and revised construction schedule relative to the water quality plan requirements and the erosion plan
- 4. Rough grade the pond(s) at 100% proposed capacity. Either the permanent outlet structure or a temporary outlet must be constructed prior to development of embankment or excavation that leads to ponding conditions. The outlet system shall be protected from erosion and shall be maintained throughout the course of construction until installation of the permanent water quality pond(s).
- Temporary erosion and sedimentation controls will be inspected and maintained in accordance with the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) posted on the

#### 6. Begin site clearing/construction activities.

- 7. Permanent water quality ponds or controls will be cleaned out and filter media will be installed prior to/concurrently with revegetation of site.
- 8. Complete construction and start revegetation of the site and installation of landscaping.
- 9. Upon completion of the site construction and revegetation of a project site, a final inspection will be scheduled by the appropriate City Inspector.
- 10. After a final inspection has been conducted by the City Inspector and with approval from the City Inspector, remove the temporary erosion and sedimentation controls and complete any necessary final revegetation resulting from removal of the controls. Conduct any maintenance and rehabilitation of the water quality ponds or controls

#### ACCESSIBILITY NOTES

- 1. Project shall be constructed in full compliance with the Texas Accessibility Standards (TAS) 2012.
- 2. Slopes in the direction of pedestrian travel shall not exceed 5% (1:20) or have a cross slope greater than 2% (1:48). This shall include routes that cross-vehicular ways including but not limited pedestrian/ vehicular ways such as street intersections.
- A. Exception: Per TAS 405.8 and 68.102 (1) grades at the new sidewalks parallel to the streets shall be equal to, or less than, the street grade. Should the new sidewalks exceed the street grade, and the new sidewalk grades exceed 5% in the direction of travel, ramps complying with TAS 405 are required at these conditions.

#### 3. Curb Ramps:

- A. Curb ramps shall not exceed 8.3% (1:12) in the direction of pedestrian travel. B. Curb ramps flares (wings) shall not exceed 1:10.
- Minimum width of a curb ramp is 36".
- D. Top of the curb ramp must be 2% in all directions for an area 36" wide and 48"deep. E. When truncated domes are used, the truncated dome system shall extend the full width of the curb ramp and for a minimum depth of 24" at the bottom of the curb
- ramp F. Returned curb ramps shall only be used where the adjacent surface on one or both sides of the curb ramp do not allow pedestrian travel such as but not limited to stop lights, stop signs and permanently mounted waste receptacles.
- 4. There shall be no changes in level greater than  $\frac{1}{4}$  on any accessible route or  $\frac{1}{2}$  with a 1:2 bevel.
- 5. Decomposed granite surfaces, or similar Engineer-approved surfaces shall be compacted tight and maintained by the Owner at all times.
- Provide directional signage using the international symbol of accessibility when not all routes are accessible. Signage shall be placed at the beginning of the route to avoid a patron from proceeding on a non-accessible route.
- 7. Verify that no plantings or other site elements on circulation paths would be protruding objects based on TAS 307 (protrudes more 4" and is higher than 27" from the surface and less than 80" from the surface).

Contractor shall notify the Engineer before proceeding with any Work, which is in conflict with the Texas Accessibility Standards. Contractor is financially responsible for proceeding with any Work without written direction on any clarification from the Engineer.

#### TCEQ WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM **GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES**

- 1. This water distribution system must be constructed in accordance with the current Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Rules and Regulations for Public Water Systems 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 290 Subchapter D. When conflicts are noted with local standards, the more stringent requirement shall be applied. Construction for public water systems must always, at a minimum, meet TCEQ's "Rules and Regulations for Public Water Systems
- 2. An appointed engineer shall notify in writing the local TCEQ's Regional Office when construction will start. Please keep in mind that upon completion of the water works project, the engineer or owner shall notify the commission's Water Supply Division, in writing, as to its completion and attest to the fact that the work has been completed essentially according to the plans and change orders on file with the commission as required in 30 TAC §290.39(h)(3).
- 3. All newly installed pipes and related products must conform to American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/NSF International Standard 61 and must be certified by an organization accredited by ANSI, as required by 30 TAC §290.44(a)(1).
- 4. Plastic pipe for use in public water systems must bear the NSF International Seal of Approval (NSF-pw) and have an ASTM design pressure rating of at least 150 psi or a standard dimension ratio of 26 or less, as required by 30 TAC §290.44(a)(2).
- 5. No pipe which has been used for any purpose other than the conveyance of drinking water shall be accepted or relocated for use in any public drinking water supply, as required by 30 TAC §290.44(a)(3).
- 6. Water transmission and distribution lines shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. However, the top of the water line must be located below the frost line and in no case shall the top of the water line be less than 24 inches below ground surface, as required by 30 TAC §290.44(a)(4).
- 7. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5), the hydrostatic leakage rate shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by the most current AWWA formulas for PVC pipe, cast iron and ductile iron pipe. Include the formulas in the notes on the plans
  - The hydrostatic leakage rate for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe and appurtenances shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by formulas in America Water Works Association (AWWA) C-605 as required in 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5). Please ensure that the formula for this calculation is correct and most current formula is in use;
  - $Q = L x D x P^{1/2}$
  - 148,000
  - Q = the quantity of makeup water in gallons per hour, L = the length of the pipe section being tested, in feet,
  - D = the nominal diameter of the pipe in inches, and
  - P = the average test pressure during the hydrostatic test in pounds per square inch (psi).
  - The hydrostatic leakage rate for ductile iron (DI) pipe and appurtenances shall not exceed the amount allowed or recommended by formulas in America Water Works Association (AWWA) C-600 as required in 30 TAC §290.44(a)(5). Please ensure that the formula for this calculation is correct and most current formula is in use;
  - $L = S x D x P^{1/2}$
  - 148.000 L = the quantity of makeup water in gallons per hour, S = the length of the pipe section being tested, in feet,
  - D = the nominal diameter of the pipe in inches, and
  - P = the average test pressure during the hydrostatic test in pounds per square inch (psi).
- 8. The maximum allowable lead content of pipes, pipe fittings, plumbing fittings, and fixtures to 0.25 percent.
- 9. The system must be designed to maintain a minimum pressure of 35 psi at all points within the distribution network at flow rates of at least 1.5 gallons per minute per connection. When the system is intended to provide firefighting capability, it must also be designed to maintain a minimum pressure of 20 psi under combined fire and drinking water flow conditions as required by 30 TAC §290.44(d).
- 10. The contractor shall install appropriate air release devices in the distribution system at all points where topography or other factors may create air locks in the lines. All vent openings to the atmosphere shall be covered with 16-mesh or finer, corrosion resistant screening material or an acceptable equivalent as required by 30 TAC §290.44(d)(1).
- 11. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(d)(4), accurate water meters shall be provided. Service connections and meter locations should be shown on the plans.
- 12. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(d)(5), sufficient valves and blowoffs to make repairs. The engineering report shall establish criteria for this design.
- 13. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(d)(6), the system shall be designed to afford effective circulation of water with a minimum of dead ends. All dead-end mains shall be provided with acceptable flush valves and discharge piping. All dead-end lines less than two inches in diameter will not require flush valves if they end at a customer service. Where dead ends are necessary as a stage in the growth of the system, they shall be located and arranged to ultimately connect the ends to provide circulation.
- 14. The contractor shall maintain a minimum separation distance in all directions of nine feet between the proposed waterline and wastewater collection facilities including manholes and septic tank drainfields. If this distance cannot be maintained, the contractor must immediately notify the project engineer for

THESE CONSTRUCTION PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO FULFILL
THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE TCEQ FOR WATER POLLUTION
ABATEMENT OVER THE EDWARDS AQUIFER. CONTRACTOR SHALL
CONTACT THE ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILED
CONSTRUCTION PLAN PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

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	NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	
ARNING!					TLH, CL, EJH DESIGNED BY:
ere are existing water pipelines, underground telephone oles and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity his project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate propries prior to any construction in the area and determine if					TEH, TG, CL, EJH DRAWN BY:
<i>v</i> conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately tact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.					CHECKED BY:
					APPROVED BY:

further direction. Separation distances, installation methods, and materials utilized must meet 30 TAC §290.44(e)(1-4) of the current rules.

- 15. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(e)(5), the separation distance from a potable waterline to a wastewater main or lateral manhole or cleanout shall be a minimum of nine feet. Where the nine-foot separation distance cannot be achieved, the potable waterline shall be encased in a joint of at least 150 psi pressure class pipe at least 18 feet long and two nominal sizes larger than the new conveyance. The space around the carrier pipe shall be supported at five-foot intervals with spacers or be filled to the springline with washed sand. The encasement pipe shall be centered on the crossing and both ends sealed with cement grout or manufactured sealant.
- 16. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(e)(6), fire hydrants shall not be installed within nine feet vertically or horizontally of any wastewater line, wastewater lateral, or wastewater service line regardless of construction.
- 17. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(e)(7), suction mains to pumping equipment shall not cross wastewater mains, wastewater laterals, or wastewater service lines. Raw water supply lines shall not be installed within five feet of any tile or concrete wastewater main, wastewater lateral, or wastewater service line. 18. Pursuant to 30 TAC §290.44(e)(8), waterlines shall not be installed closer than
- ten feet to septic tank drainfields. 19. Pursuant to 30 TAC {290.44(f)(1), the contractor shall not place the pipe in water or where it can be flooded with water or sewage during its storage or
- installation. 20. Pursuant to 30 TAC 200.44(f)(2), when waterlines are laid under any flowing or intermittent stream or semi-permanent body of water the water main shall be installed in a separate watertight pipe encasement. Valves must be provided on each side of the crossing with facilities to allow the underwater portion of the system to be isolated and tested.
- 21. The contractor shall disinfect the new water mains in accordance with AWWA Standard C-651 and then flush and sample the lines before being placed into service. Samples shall be collected for microbiological analysis to check the effectiveness of the disinfection procedure which shall be repeated if contamination persists. A minimum of one sample for each 1,000 feet of completed water line will be required or at the next available sampling point beyond 1,000 feet as designated by the design engineer, in accordance with 30 TAC §290.44(f)(3).

**CITY OF GEORGETOWN GENERAL NOTES** 

- 1. These construction plans were prepared, sealed, signed and dated by a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Therefore based on the engineer's concurrence of compliance, the construction plans for construction of the proposed project are hereby approved subject to the standard Construction Specifications and Details Manual and all other applicable City, State and Federal Requirements and Codes.
- 2. This project is subject to all City Standard Specifications and Details in effect at the time of submittal of the project to the City.
- 3. The site construction plans shall meet all requirements of the approved site plan.
- 4. Wastewater mains and service lines shall be SDR 26 PVC.
- 5. Wastewater mains shall be installed without horizontal or vertical bends. 6. Maximum distance between wastewater manholes is 500 feet.
- 7. Wastewater mains shall be low pressure air tested and mandrel tested by the contractor according to the City of Georgetown and TCEQ requirements. 8. Wastewater manholes shall be vacuum tested and coated by the contractor according to City of Georgetown and TCEQ requirements.
- 9. Wastewater mains shall be camera tested by the contractor and submitted to the City on DVD format prior to paving the streets.
- 10. Private water system fire lines shall be tested by the contractor to 200 psi for 2 hours.
- 11. Private water system fire lines shall be ductile iron piping from the water main to the building sprinkler system, and 200 psi C900 PVC for all others.
- 12. Public water system mains shall be 150 psi C900 PVC and tested by the
- contractor at 150 psi for 4 hours. 13. All bends and changes in direction on water mains shall be restrained and thrust blocked.
- 14. Long fire hydrant leads shall be restrained.
- 15. All water lines are to be bacteria tested by the contractor according to the City standards and specifications.
- 16. Water and Sewer main crossings shall meet all requirements of the TCEQ and the City.
- 17. Flexible base material for public streets shall be TXDOT Type A Grade 1. 18. Hot mix asphaltic concrete pavement shall be Type D unless otherwise specified and shall be a minimum of 2 inches thick on public streets and roadwavs.
- 19. All sidewalk ramps and sidewalks not intended to be constructed with the individual houses shall be installed with the public infrastructure.
- 20. A maintenance bond is required to be submitted to the City prior to acceptance of the public improvements. This bond shall be established for 2 years in the amount of 10% of the cost of the public improvements and shall follow the City format.
- 21. Record drawings of the public improvements shall be submitted to the City by the design engineer prior to acceptance of the project. These drawings shall be TIFF or PDF (300 dpi).

512.930.9412

#### GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. Prior to beginning construction, the Owner or his authorized representative, shall convene a Pre-Construction Conference between the City of Georgetown, Engineer, Contractor, County Engineer (if applicable), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Field Office, and any other affected parties. Notify all such parties at least 48 hours prior to the time of the conference and 48 hours prior to beginning construction.
- 2. Any existing utilities, pavement, curbs, and/or sidewalks damaged or removed shall be repaired by the Contractor at his expense before acceptance of the project.
- 3. The location of any existing water, wastewater lines or other utilities shall be verified by the
- City of Georgetown & other utility providers prior to construction. 4. Manhole frames, covers, water valve covers, etc., shall be raised to finished pavement grade at the Contractor's expense by a qualified contractor with City inspection. All utility
- adjustments shall be completed prior to final paving construction. 5. Steger Bizzell has endeavored to design these plans compliant with ADA/TDLR and other accessibility requirements. However, the contractor shall not be relieved of any responsibility for constructing these improvements compliant with all applicable accessibility standards. If the contractor notices any discrepancies between these plans and accessibility laws/rules, he is to stop work in the area of conflict and notify Steger Bizzell immediately for a resolution and/or revision to these plans. Steger Bizzell shall not be held responsible for constructing this site compliant with accessibility laws/rules regardless of what is shown in these plans.
- 6. Topography based upon LiDAR survey dated August 20, 2014 and supplemental field topo survey dated July 17-18, 2017 by McKim and Creed. The contractor shall notify the design engineer in writing of any discrepancies discovered during construction prior to proceeding.

#### **TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL NOTES**

- 1. The Contractor shall install erosion/sedimentation controls and tree protective fencing prior
- to any site preparation work (clearing grubbing or excavation).
- 2. The placement of erosion/sedimentation controls shall be in accordance with the EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN
- 3. Any significant variation in materials or locations of controls or fences from those shown on the approved plans must be approved by the City Engineer.
- 4. The Contractor is required to inspect all controls and fences at weekly intervals and after significant rainfall events to insure that they are functioning properly. The person(s) responsible for maintenance of controls and fences shall immediately make any necessary repairs to damaged areas. Silt accumulation at controls must be removed when the depth reaches six (6) inches.
- Prior to final acceptance, haul roads and waterway crossings constructed for temporary Contractor access must be removed, accumulated sediment removed from the waterway and the area restored to the original grade and revegetated. All land clearing debris shall be disposed of in approved spoil disposal sites.
- 6. Field revisions to the EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN required by the Engineer or field inspector with the Texas Commission may be on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) during the course of construction to correct control inadequacies. Major revisions must be approved by the (TCEQ).

#### PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL NOTES

1. All disturbed areas shall be restored as noted below:

- a. A minimum of four inches of imported sandy loam topsoil or approved equal shall be placed in all drainage channels (except rock) and on all cleared areas.
- b. Grass areas may be sodded, plugged, sprigged or seeded except that solid sod shall be used in swales or other areas subject to erosion. The seeding for permanent erosion control shall be applied over areas disturbed by
- construction as follows, unless specified elsewhere: i. From September 15 to March 1, seeding shall be with a combination of 1 pound per
- 1,000 square feet of unhulled Bermuda and 7 pounds per 1,000 square feet of Winter Rye with a purity of 95% with 90% germination. ii.From March 2 to September 14, seeding shall be with hulled Bermuda at a rate of 3
- pounds per 1,000 square feet with a purity of 95% with 85% germination. c. Fertilizer shall be slow release granular or pelleted type and shall have an analysis of
- 15-15-15 and shall be applied at the rate of 23 pounds per acre once at the time of planting and again once during the time of establishment.

d. All planted areas shall be provided with a readily available water supply and watered as necessary to ensure continuous healthy growth and development. The planted area shall be irrigated or sprinkled in a manner that will not erode the top soil, but will

sufficiently soak the soil to a depth of six inches. The irrigation shall occur at ten-day intervals during the first two months. Rainfall occurrences of 1/2 inch or more shall postpone the watering schedule for one week. e. Mulch type used shall be Mulch, applied at a rate of 1,500 pounds per acre.

2. Disturbed areas within areas to become public shall be re-vegetated to the City of Georgetown requirements. See section G7 of the City of Georgetown Specifications.



STEGER BIZZELL 1978 S. AUSTIN AVENUE GEORGETOWN, TX 78626

>>PLANNERS

>>ENGINEERS

TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181 WEB TBPLS FIRM No.10003700

GENERAL NOTES (1 OF 2) WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown STEGERBIZZELL.COM Williamson County, Texas

>>SURVEYORS

#### TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT PLAN GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. Written construction notification must be given to the appropriate TCEQ regional office no later than 48 hours prior to commencement of the regulated activity. Information must include the date on which the regulated activity will commence, the name of the approved plan for the regulated activity, and the name of the prime contractor and the name and telephone number of the contact person.
- 2. All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this project must be provided with complete copies of the approved Water Pollution Abatement Plan and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors are required to keep on-site copies of the approved plan and approval letter.
- 3. If any sensitive feature is discovered during construction, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The appropriate TCEQ regional office must be immediately notified of any sensitive features encountered during construction. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially adverse impacts to water quality.
- 4. No temporary aboveground hydrocarbon and hazardous substance storage tank system is installed within 150 feet of a domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
- 5. Prior to commencement of construction, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications and good engineering practices. Controls specified in the temporary storm water section of the approved Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan are required during construction. If inspections indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations. The controls must remain in place until disturbed areas are revegetated and the areas have become permanently stabilized.
- 6. If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
- 7. Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake must be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
- 8. Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).
- 9. All spoils (excavated material) generated from the project site must be stored on-site with proper E&S controls. For storage or disposal of spoils at another site on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, the owner of the site must receive approval of a water pollution abatement plan for the placement of fill
- material or mass grading prior to the placement of spoils at the other site. 10. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than 14 days after the construction activity in that portion of the site has temporarily or permanently ceased. Where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity temporary or permanently cease is precluded by weather conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable. Where construction activity on a portion of the site is temporarily ceased, and earth disturbing activities will be resumed within 21 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of site. In areas experiencing droughts where the initiation of stabilization measures by the 14th day after construction activity has temporarily or permanently ceased is precluded by seasonal arid conditions, stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable.
- 11. The following records shall be maintained and made available to the TCEQ upon request: the dates when major grading activities occur; the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site; and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
- 12. The holder of any approved Edward Aquifer protection plan must notify the appropriate regional office in writing and obtain approval from the executive
- director prior to initiating any of the following: A. any physical or operational modification of any water pollution abatement structure(s), including but not limited to ponds, dams, berms, sewage treatment plants, and diversionary structures;
- B. any change in the nature or character of the regulated activity from that which was originally approved or a change which would significantly
- impact the ability of the plan to prevent pollution of the Edwards Aquifer; C. any development of land previously identified as undeveloped in the original water pollution abatement plan.

Austin Regional Office 12100 Park 35 Circle Building A, 1st Floor Austin, Texas 78753 Phone (512) 339-2929 Fax (512) 339-3795

> SCALE Project Path: Project Name

vroject Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT

P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

Drawing Path

Sheet Number: 02 of 71 sheets



#### **Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** Organized Sewage Collection System General Construction Notes

This Organized Sewage Collection System (SCS) must be constructed in accordance with 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §213.5(c), the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's (TCEQ) Edwards Aquifer Rules and any local government standard specifications.

All contractors conducting regulated activities associated with this proposed regulated project must be provided with copies of the SCS plan and the TCEQ letter indicating the specific conditions of its approval. During the course of these regulated activities, the contractors must be required to keep on-site copies of the plan and the approval letter.

- A written notice of construction must be submitted to the presiding TCEQ regional office at least 48 hours prior to the start of any regulated activities. This notice must include:
- the name of the approved project; the activity start date; and
- the contact information of the prime contractor.
- Any modification to the activities described in the referenced SCS application following the date of approval may require the submittal of an SCS application to modify this approval, including the payment of appropriate fees and all information necessary for its review and approval.
- Prior to beginning any construction activity, all temporary erosion and sedimentation (E&S) control measures must be properly installed and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers specifications. These controls must remain in place until the disturbed areas have been permanently stabilized.
- If any sensitive features are discovered during the wastewater line trenching activities, all regulated activities near the sensitive feature must be suspended immediately. The applicant must immediately notify the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ of the feature discovered. A geologist's assessment of the location and extent of the feature discovered must be reported to that regional office in writing and the applicant must submit a plan for ensuring the structural integrity of the sewer line or for modifying the proposed collection system alignment around the feature. The regulated activities near the sensitive feature may not proceed until the executive director has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the sensitive feature and the Edwards Aquifer from any potentially adverse impacts to water quality while maintaining the structural integrity of the line.
- Sewer lines located within or crossing the 5-year floodplain of a drainage way will be protected from inundation and stream velocities which could cause erosion and scouring of backfill. The trench must be capped with concrete to prevent scouring of backfill, or the sewer lines must be encased in concrete. All concrete shall have a minimum thickness of 6 inches.
- Blasting procedures for protection of existing sewer lines and other utilities will be in accordance with the National Fire Protection Association criteria. Sand is not allowed as bedding or backfill in trenches that have been blasted. If any existing sewer lines are damaged, the lines must be repaired and retested.
- All manholes constructed or rehabilitated on this project must have watertight size on size resilient connectors allowing for differential settlement. If manholes are constructed within the 100-year floodplain, the cover must have a gasket and be bolted to the ring. Where gasketed manhole covers are required for more than three manholes in sequence or for more than 1500 feet, alternate means of venting will be provided. Bricks are not an acceptable construction material for any portion of the manhole

The diameter of the manholes must be a minimum of four feet and the manhole for entry must have a minimum clear opening diameter of 30 inches. These dimensions and other details showing compliance with the commission's rules concerning manholes and sewer line/manhole inverts described in 30 TAC §217.55 are included on Plan Sheets 26 & 27.

- It is suggested that entrance into manholes in excess of four feet deep be accomplished by means of a portable ladder. The inclusion of steps in a manhole is prohibited.
- Where water lines and new sewer line are installed with a separation distance closer than nine feet (i.e., water lines crossing wastewater lines, water lines paralleling wastewater lines, or water lines next to manholes) the installation must meet the requirements of 30 TAC §217.53(d) (Pipe Design) and 30 TAC §290.44(e) (Water Distribution).
- 11. Where sewers lines deviate from straight alignment and uniform grade all curvature of sewer pipe must be achieved by the following procedure which is recommended by the pipe manufacturer: NOT APPLICABLE.

If pipe flexure is proposed, the following method of preventing deflection of the joint must be used: NOT APPLICABLE.

Specific care must be taken to ensure that the joint is placed in the center of the trench and properly bedded in accordance with 30 TAC §217.54.

12. New sewage collection system lines must be constructed with stub outs for the connection of anticipated extensions. The location of such stub outs must be marked on the ground such that their location can be easily determined at the time of connection of the extensions. Such stub outs must be manufactured wyes or tees that are compatible in size and material with both the sewer line and the extension. At the time of original construction, new stub-outs must be constructed sufficiently to extend beyond the end of the street pavement. All stub-outs must be sealed with a manufactured cap to prevent leakage. Extensions that were not anticipated at the time of original construction or that are to be connected to an existing sewer line not furnished with stub outs must be connected using a manufactured saddle and in accordance with accepted plumbing techniques.

If no stub-out is present an alternate method of joining laterals is shown in the detail on Plan Sheet 59 of 72. (For potential future laterals).

The private service lateral stub-outs must be installed as shown on the Overall Wastewater Plan on Plan Sheet 52 of 72 and marked after backfilling as shown in the detail on Plan Sheet <u>60</u> of <u>72</u>.

- 13. Trenching, bedding and backfill must conform with 30 TAC §217.54. The bedding and backfill for flexible pipe must comply with the standards of ASTM D-2321, Classes IA, IB, II or III. Rigid pipe bedding must comply with the requirements of ASTM C 12 (ANSI A 106.2) classes A, B or C.
- 14. Sewer lines must be tested from manhole to manhole. When a new sewer line is connected to an existing stub or clean-out, it must be tested from existing manhole to new manhole. If a stub or clean-out is used at the end of the proposed sewer line, no private service attachments may be connected between the last manhole and the cleanout unless it can be certified as conforming with the provisions of 30 TAC §213.5(c)(3)(E).
- 15. All sewer lines must be tested in accordance with 30 TAC §217.57. The engineer must retain copies of all test results which must be made available to the executive director upon request. The

THESE CONSTRUCTION PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE TCEQ FOR WATER POLLUTION ABATEMENT OVER THE EDWARDS AQUIFER. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILED CONSTRUCTION PLAN PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

	NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	
WARNING! There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if					TLH, CL, EJH DESIGNED BY: TEH, TG, CL, EJH DRAWN BY: TLH
contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.					CHECKED BY: TLH APPROVED BY:

File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\03 GENERAL NOTES (2 OF 2).dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/25/2024 1:01 PM

engineer must certify in writing that all wastewater lines have passed all required testing to the appropriate regional office within 30 days of test completion and prior to use of the new collection system. Testing method will be:

15.a. For a collection system pipe that will transport wastewater by gravity flow, the design must specify an infiltration and exfiltration test or a low-pressure air test. A test must conform to the following requirements:

5.a.1.	Low Pressure Air Test.
15.a.1.A.	A low pressure air test must follow the procedures
	For Testing And Materials (ASTM) C-828, ASTM procedure approved by the executive director, exercise the executive director.
	in Table C.3 in subparagraph (C) of this paragrap
	(B)(ii) of this paragraph.
15.a.1.B.	For sections of collection system pipe less than 3
	following procedure must apply, unless a pipe is t paragraph (2) of this subsection.
15.a.1.B	.1. A pipe must be pressurized to 3.5 pounds per pressure exerted by groundwater above the
45 4 5	On a the management is stabilized the maining of

Once the pressure is stabilized, the minimum time allowable for the pressure to 15.a.1.B.2. drop from 3.5 psi gauge to 2.5 psi gauge is computed from the following equation

T = <u>0.085 x D x K</u>

Where:

Equation C.3

- K = 0.000419 X D X L, but not less than 1.0
- D = average inside pipe diameter in inches
- L = length of line of same size being tested, in feet

surface

Since a K value of less than 1.0 may not be used, the minimum testing time for each 15.a.1.C. pipe diameter is shown in the following Table C.3:

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Minimum Time	Maximum Length for	Time for
	(seconds)	Minimum Time (feet)	Longer Length
			(seconds/foot)
6	340	398	0.855
8	454	298	1.520
10	567	239	2.374
12	680	199	3.419
15	850	159	5.342
18	1020	133	7.693
21	1190	114	10.471
24	1360	100	13.676
27	1530	88	17.309
30	1700	80	21.369
33	1870	72	25.856

15.a.1.D.	An owner may stop a test if no pressure loss has occurred during the first 25% of calculated testing time.
15.a.1.E.	If any pressure loss or leakage has occurred during the first 25% of a testing period then the test must continue for the entire test duration as outlined above or until failure
15.a.1.F.	Wastewater collection system pipes with a 27 inch or larger average inside diame may be air tested at each joint instead of following the procedure outlined in this section
15.a.1.G.	A testing procedure for pipe with an inside diameter greater than 33 inches mu be approved by the executive director.
15.a.2.	Infiltration/Exfiltration Test.
15.a.2.A.	The total exfiltration, as determined by a hydrostatic head test, must not exceed 5 gallons per inch of diameter per mile of pipe per 24 hours at a minimum test head 2.0 feet above the crown of a pipe at an upstream manhole.
15.a.2.B.	An owner shall use an infiltration test in lieu of an exfiltration test when pipes are installed below the groundwater level.
15.a.2.C.	The total exfiltration, as determined by a hydrostatic head test, must not exceed 5 gallons per inch diameter per mile of pipe per 24 hours at a minimum test head of two feet above the crown of a pipe at an upstream manhole, or at least two feet above existing groundwater level. whichever is greater.
15.a.2.D.	For construction within a 25-year flood plain, the infiltration or exfiltration must not exceed 10 gallons per inch diameter per mile of pipe per 24 hours at the same minimum test head as in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph.
15.a.2.E.	If the quantity of infiltration or exfiltration exceeds the maximum quantity specified an owner shall undertake remedial action in order to reduce the infiltration or exfiltration to an amount within the limits specified. An owner shall retest a pipe
	following a remediation action.
.b. Ifag	ravity collection pipe is composed of flexible pipe, deflection testing is also required. The
TOIIO	wing procedures must be followed:
5.D.1.	For a collection pipe with inside diameter less than 27 inches, deflection measurement
45644	requires a rigid mandrel.
15.D.1.A.	Mandrei Sizing.
15.b.1.A	.1. A rigid mandrel must have an outside diameter (OD) not less than 95% of the base inside diameter (ID) or average ID of a pipe, as specified in the appropriate standard by the ASTMs, American Water Works Association, UNI-BELL, or American National Standards Institute, or any related appendi
15.b.1.A	.2. If a mandrel sizing diameter is not specified in the appropriate standard, the mandrel must have an OD equal to 95% of the ID of a pipe. In this case, the of the pipe, for the purpose of determining the OD of the mandrel, must equ be the average outside diameter minus two minimum wall thicknesses for O controlled pipe and the average inside diameter for ID controlled pipe.
15.b.1.A	.3. All dimensions must meet the appropriate standard.
15.b.1.B.	Mandrel Design.
15.b.1.B	.1. A rigid mandrel must be constructed of a metal or a rigid plastic material tha
15 b 1 B	2 A mandrel must have nine or more odd number of runners or leas
15 b 1 B	3 A barrel section length must equal at least 75% of the inside diameter of a r
15.b.1.B	4. Fach size mandrel must use a separate proving ring.
15.b.1.C.	Method Options.
15.b.1.C	1. An adjustable or flexible mandrel is prohibited.
15 b 1 C	2 A test may not use television inspection as a substitute for a deflection test
15.b.1.C	<ul> <li>.3. If requested, the executive director may approve the use of a deflectometer a mandrel with removable legs or runners on a case-by-case basis.</li> </ul>
5.b.2.	For a gravity collection system pipe with an inside diameter 27 inches and greater, othe test methods may be used to determine vertical deflection.
5.b.3.	A deflection test method must be accurate to within plus or minus 0.2% deflection
15.b.4.	An owner shall not conduct a deflection test until at least 30 days after the final
l5.b.5.	Gravity collection system pipe deflection must not exceed five percent (5%).

15

- es described in American Society I C-924, or ASTM F-1417 or other cept as to testing times as required ph or Equation C.3 in subparagraph
- 36 inch average inside diameter, the
- to be tested as required by per square inch (psi) greater than the
- T = time for pressure to drop 1.0 pound per square inch gauge in seconds

  - Q = rate of loss, 0.0015 cubic feet per minute per square foot internal

- as occurred during the first 25% of the
- ring the first 25% of a testing period, ration as outlined above or until
- nch or larger average inside diameter wing the procedure outlined in this
- eter greater than 33 inches must
- tatic head test, must not exceed 50 24 hours at a minimum test head of m manhole. n exfiltration test when pipes are
- tatic head test, must not exceed 50
- hours at a minimum test head of am mannole, or at least two feet greater. infiltration or exfiltration must not
- pipe per 24 hours at the same nis paragraph. Is the maximum quantity specified,
- ler to reduce the infiltration or ed. An owner shall retest a pipe
- ection testing is also required. The
- eter (OD) not less than 95% of the a pipe, as specified in the ican Water Works Association. s Institute, or any related appendix. d in the appropriate standard, the the ID of a pipe. In this case, the ID the OD of the mandrel, must equal
- o minimum wall thicknesses for OD neter for ID controlled pipe. standard.
- netal or a rigid plastic material that
- mber of runners or legs. 75% of the inside diameter of a pipe.
- oving ring. ted. a substitute for a deflection test. prove the use of a deflectometer or on a case-by-case basis.
- meter 27 inches and greater, other ction lus or minus 0.2% deflection. ast 30 days after the final

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- ceed five percent (5%).
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conduct a second test after the final backfill has been in place at least 30 days. 16. All manholes must be tested to meet or exceed the requirements of 30 TAC §217.58. 16.a. All manholes must pass a leakage test. 16.b. An owner shall test each manhole (after assembly and backfilling) for leakage, separate and independent of the collection system pipes, by hydrostatic exfiltration testing, vacuum testing, or other method approved by the executive director. Hydrostatic Testing. 16.b.1. 16.b.1.A. The maximum leakage for hydrostatic testing or any alternative test methods is 0.025 gallons per foot diameter per foot of manhole depth per hour. To perform a hydrostatic exfiltration test, an owner shall seal all wastewater pipes 16.b.1.B. coming into a manhole with an internal pipe plug, fill the manhole with water, and maintain the test for at least one hour. 16.b.1.C. A test for concrete manholes may use a 24-hour wetting period before testing to allow saturation of the concrete. 16.b.2. Vacuum Testing. To perform a vacuum test, an owner shall plug all lift holes and exterior joints with a 16.b.2.A. non-shrink grout and plug all pipes entering a manhole. 16.b.2.B. No grout must be placed in horizontal joints before testing.

15.b.6. If a pipe section fails a deflection test, an owner shall correct the problem and

- 16.b.2.C. Stub-outs, manhole boots, and pipe plugs must be secured to prevent movement while a vacuum is drawn
- 16.b.2.D. An owner shall use a minimum 60 inch/lb torque wrench to tighten the external clamps that secure a test cover to the top of a manhole. 16.b.2.E. A test head must be placed at the inside of the top of a cone section, and the seal
- inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. 16.b.2.F. There must be a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury inside a manhole to perform a valid test.
- 16.b.2.G. A test does not begin until after the vacuum pump is off. 16.b.2.H. A manhole passes the test if after 2.0 minutes and with all valves closed, the vacuum is at least 9.0 inches of mercury.
- 17. All private service laterals must be inspected and certified in accordance with 30 TAC §213.5(c)(3)(I). After installation of and, prior to covering and connecting a private service lateral to an existing organized sewage collection system, a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer, Texas Registered Sanitarian, or appropriate city inspector must visually inspect the private service lateral and the connection to the sewage collection system, and certify that it is constructed in conformity with the applicable provisions of this section. The owner of the collection system must maintain such certifications for five years and forward copies to the appropriate regional office upon request. Connections may only be made to an approved sewage collection system.
- Austin Regional Office 12100 Park 35 Circle, Building A Austin, Texas 78753-1808 Phone (512) 339-2929 Fax (512) 339-3795
- THESE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES MUST BE INCLUDED ON THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS PROVIDED TO THE CONTRACTOR AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS.
- MANHOLE TESTING

All manholes must pass a leakage test. An owner shall test each manhole (after assembly and backfilling) for leakage, separate and independent of the collection system pipes, by hydrostatic exfiltration testing, vacuum testing, or other method approved by the executive director.

#### HYDROSTATIC TESTING

The maximum leakage for hydrostatic testing or any alternative test methods is 0.025 gallons per foot diameter per foot of manhole depth per hour. To perform a hydrostatic exfiltration test, an owner shall seal all wastewater pipes coming into a manhole with an internal pipe plug, fill the manhole with water and maintain the test for at least one hour. A test for concrete manholes may use a 24 hour wetting period before testing to allow saturation of the concrete.

#### **VACUUM TESTING**

To perform a vacuum test, an owner shall plug all lift holes and exterior joints with a non-shrink grout and plug all pipes entering a manhole. No grout must be placed in horizontal joints before testing. Stub outs, manhole boots and pipe plugs must be secured to prevent movement while a vacuum is drawn. An owner shall use a minimum 60 inch/lb torque wrench to tighten the external clamps that secure a test cover to the top of a manhole. A test head must be placed at the inside of the top of a cone section and the seal inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. There must be a vacuum of 10 inches of mercury inside a manhole to perform a valid test. A test does not begin until after the vacuum pump is off. A manhole passes the test if after 2.0 minutes and with all valves closed, the vacuum is a least 9.0 inches of mercury.

#### ADDITIONAL WASTEWATER NOTES

- 1. If a conflict exists between the various documents, the documents will take precedence in the following order: a. Municipal Utility Specifications
- b. Change Orders
- c. Addenda Issue During Bidding
- d. Construction Plans e. Project Specifications
- 2. The following pipe diameters, pipe material and national standard specifications are proposed for this project:

PIPE DIAMETER (IN)	LINEAR FEET (FT)	PIPE MATERIAL	NATIONAL STANDARD FOR PIPE MATERIAL	NATIONAL STANDARD FOR PIPE JOINTS
6	1875	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D 3034	ASTM D 3212
8	5564	PVC SDR-26	ASTM D 3034	ASTM D 3212
8	200	PVC DR-18	ASTM D 1784	ASTM D 3139

- 3. Watertight, size on size resilient connectors conforming to ASTM C 923 must be used for connecting pipe to manholes.
- 4. The bedding class for each diameter of flexible pipe and each flexible pipe material is as follows:

PIPE DIAMETER (IN)	PIPE MATERIAL	BEDDING CLASS
8	PVC SDR-26/DR-18	1B

- 5. Brick manhole construction is not allowed. Use of brick for adjusting manhole covers to grade is also prohibited.
- 6. All manholes shall be of precast concrete construction.
- 7. The structural integrity of the collection line due to high soil P.I.'s will require the bedding around the pipe to be 6" minimum below the pipe, 6" minimum on each side of the pipe, and 12" minimum above the pipe.
- 8. If faults, caverns, or subsidence are discovered during construction, construction shall be halted to allow the features to be inspected by the design engineer or a geological or geotechnical engineer. Based on this inspection, revisions approval to the design may be required.
- 9. The trench walls shall be vertical to at least one foot above the pipe.
- 10. The trench backfill shall be free of stones greater than 6 inches in diameter and free of organic or any other unstable material.
- 11. Manholes shown on the plans with sealed and gasketed covers are provided as protection against inflow for those manholes which lie 1) within a 100 year flood plain, 2) lie with a drainageway, 3) lie within a street subject to carrying drainage flows, and 4) additional locations as determined necessary by the Engineer.
- 12. No drop connections are proposed in these plans.
- 13. The minimum allowable tensile strength and cell class for each flexible pipe shall be as follows:

PIPE MATERIAL	TENSILE STRENGTH	CELL CLASS (PVC ONLY)
SDR-26	7,000	12454-B
PS-115	7,000	12454-B

- 14. All gravity lines utilizing flexible pipe must be tested for deflection by pulling a rigid mandrel through the installed pipe. The test must be conducted at least 30 days after placement and compaction of final backfill. No pipe shall exceed a deflection of 5 rigid mandrel shall be used to measure deflection. The test must be performed without mechanical pulling devices. The mandrel's minimum outside diameter is 95 inside diameter. The mandrel must have an odd number of runners, totaling nine or more. The barrel section of the mandrel must have a length at least 75 inside diameter. A TV test cannot substitute for the deflection
- 15. A leakage test is required for all gravity lines. For line that is not horizontally curved, a hydrostatic test and/or a low pressure air test must be performed on all proposed gravity sanitary sewer collection piping. These tests must comply with Section 217.57(a) of the TCEQ's rules. The contractor shall have the option of utilizing either a hydrostatic test or a low pressure air test.
- 16. Manholes must be tested for leakage. Manholes will be tested with a hydrostatic test, or with a vacuum test, Contractor's Option.
- 17. The hydrostatic manhole test shall comply with the test requirements detailed in Section 217.58(b)(1) of the TCEQ's rules
- 18. Each manhole shall be tested immediately after assembly and prior to backfilling. Manholes which have been backfilled shall either be excavated to expose the entire exterior prior to vacuum testing or the manhole shall be tested for leakage by means of a hydrostatic test.
- 19. All lift holes and exterior joints shall be plugged with an approved non-shrink grout.
- 20. No grout shall be placed in horizontal joints before testing.
- 21. All pipes entering the manhole shall be plugged, taking care to securely brace the plugs from being drawn into the manhole.



TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181 WEB STEGERBIZZELL.COM 512.930.9412 TBPLS FIRM No.10003700 >>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS >>SURVEYORS

GENERAL NOTES (2 OF 2) WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

22. Stubouts, manhole boots and pipe plugs shall be secured to prevent movement while the vacuum is drawn.

23. A minimum 60-inch/lb torque wrench shall be used to tighten the external clamps that secure the test cover to the top of the manhole.

24. The test head shall be placed at the inside of the top of the cone section and the seal inflated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.

- 25. A vacuum of 10 inches of mercury shall be drawn and the vacuum pump shut off. With the valves closed, the time shall be measured for the vacuum to drop to 9 inches of mercury. The manhole shall pass if the time is greater than 2 minutes. If the manhole fails the initial test, necessary repairs shall be made with a non-shrink grout while the vacuum is still being drawn. If the manhole fails a second time, repairs should again be made and the manhole shall be tested by means of a hydrostatic test which complies with Section 217.58(b)(1) of the TCEQ's rules. If any manhole fails the hydrostatic test, after failing the vacuum test twice, the contractor should consider replacing that manhole. If the contractor chooses to attempt to repair that manhole, the manhole must be retested by means of the hydrostatic test outlined in Section 217.58(b)(1) of the TCEQ's rules, until it passes.
- 26. Inspection must be provided during critical phases of construction by a qualified inspector under the direction of a P.E. Critical phases of construction are deemed at a minimum to include testing of pipe and manholes for leakage, testing of flexible pipe for installed deflection, and any other as directed by the City. The City and design engineer shall provide inspection as appropriate.
- 27. TCEQ approval letters for plans and specifications review contain the requirement that once the project is completed, a P.E. registered in the state of Texas must certify that the construction was performed substantially in accordance with the approved plans and specifications. If flexible pipe was installed, a P.E. must also certify that all pipe was subjected to and passed the required deflection test. The design engineer, with concurrence of the City, will certify the installation.
- 28. The project plans and specifications must ensure that the pipe installation will adhere to the minimum separation distances allowed by 217.53 (d), TCEQ's rules.

Separation Distances. The following rules apply to separation distances between potable water and wastewater treatment plants, and waterlines and sanitary sewers.

- (a) Water line/new sewer line separation. When new sanitary sewers are installed, they shall be installed no closer to waterlines than nine feet in all directions. Sewers that parallel waterlines must be installed in separate trenches. Where the nine foot separation distance cannot be achieved, the following guidelines will apply: (b) SDF
- (1) Where a sanitary sewer parallels a waterline, the sewer shall be constructed of cast iron, ductile iron or PVC meeting ASTM specifications with a pressure rating for both the pipe and joints of 150 psi. The vertical separation shall be a minimum of two feet between outside diameters and the horizontal separation shall be a minimum of four feet between outside diameters. The sewer shall be located below the waterline.
- (2) Where a sanitary sewer crosses a waterline and the sewer is constructed of cast iron, ductile iron or PVC with a minimum pressure rating of 150 psi, an absolute minimum distance of 6 inches between outside diameters shall be maintained. In addition the sewer shall be located below the waterline where possible and one length of the sewer pipe must be centered on the waterline.
- (3) Where a sewer crosses under a waterline and the sewer is con-structed of ABS truss pipe, similar semi-rigid plastic composite pipe, clay pipe or concrete pipe with gasketed joints, a minimum two foot separation distance shall be maintained. The initial backfill shall be cement stabilized sand (two or more bags of cement per cubic yard of sand) for all sections of sewer within nine feet of the waterline. This initial backfill shall be from one quarter diameter below the centerline of the pipe to one pipe diameter (but not less than 12 inches) above the top of the pipe.
- 4) Where a sewer crosses over a waterline all portions of the sewer within nine feet of the waterline shall be constructed of cast iron, ductile iron, or PVC pipe with a pressure rating of at least 150 psi using appropriate adapters. In lieu of this procedure the new conveyance may be encased in a joint of 150 psi pressure class pipe at least 18 feet long and two nominal sizes larger than the new conveyance. The space around the carrier pipe shall be supported at 5 feet intervals with spacers or be filled to the springline with washed sand. The encasement pipe should be centered on the crossing and both ends sealed with cement grout or manufactured seal.
- b) Water line/manhole separation. Unless sanitary sewer manholes and the connecting sewer can be made watertight and tested for no leakage, they must be installed so as to provide a minimum of nine feet of horizontal clearance from an existing or proposed waterline. Where the nine foot separation distance cannot be achieved, a carrier pipe as des- cribed in subsection (a)(4) of this section may be used where appropriate.

The separation distance between any unknown water lines which are discovered during the installation phase of the project, and, the gravity sanitary sewer pipe which will be installed, shall be sufficient to comply with the minimum separation distances allowed by 217.53(d) of the TCEQ's rules as stated above.

- 29. AN EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN is included with these plans. These provisions are intended to control erosion and sedimentation due to runoff during construction. These provisions must be installed prior to any other construction activities.
- 30. It is the intent of this project that portable ladders be used to access manholes during construction by the Contractor as well as for maintenance purposes after construction is complete by the City.
- 31. It is the intent of this project that personal gas detectors are required for wear by all personnel whose jobs require entering enclosed spaces (such as manholes and lift stations) capable of accumulations of hydrogen sulfide or other harmful gases. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure these detectors are provided to the appropriate personnel during the construction of this project. It shall be the responsibility of the City to ensure these detectors are provided to the appropriate personnel during the maintenance of this project after construction.

Project Numbe
SCALE:
Project Path:
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Drawing Path:

er: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT

P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

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File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\06 EXISTING DRAINAGE PLAN.dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/18/2024 2:44 PM

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ncen	trated - Ur	npaved	Shallo	w Concen	trated - Ui	npaved	c opene	Channelize	d	Total Tt	Tota I Tlag		
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38 28 65	500 1,769 500	2.46 8.99 2.28					2,100 2,085 1,116	6.00 5.00 5.00	5.83 6.95 3.72	23.33 34.29 25.10	14.00 20.57 15.06		
73 97	500 500 500	2.23 2.80					593 723	5.00 5.00	1.98 2.41	36.19 22.86	21.71 13.72		
34 26	500 700	2.50 5.17					1,096 157	5.00 5.00	3.65 0.52	18.68 24.82	11.21 14.89		
94 94 25	500 500 500	2.83 2.57					1,308 1,330 438	5.00 5.00 5.00	4.36 4.43 1.46	23.77 21.09	18.69 14.26 12.65		
88 06	500 705	2.89 11.11					1,675 1,466	5.00 5.00	5.58 4.89	22.06 37.68	13.24 22.61		
70 54 10	2,206 928	13.59 6.09					2,644 3,610 812	5.00 5.00	8.81 12.03 2.71	46.65 28.67 25.97	27.99 17.20 15.58		
05 37	1,000 500	8.12 3.52					52 915	5.00 5.00	0.17	26.24 18.66	15.74 11.20		
26 61	300 500	1.53 5.19	1.1			÷ :	507 758	5.00 5.00	1.69 2.53	18.29 25.14	10.97 15.08		
14 05 67	300 1,000 500	8.12 3.12	0.005	1.44	100	1.16	1,608 52 1,362	5.00 5.00 5.00	<u>5.36</u> 0.17 4.54	42.37 26.24 20.56	25.42 15.74 12.33		
14 77	500 1,545	7.30 14.54	0.040	4.07 2.23	100 1,000	0.41	2,985 5,762	5.00	9.95 19.21	36.03 54.02	21.62 32.41		
21 00 75	1,700 2,091	12.81 17.46					33,967 26,441	6.00 5.00	94.35 88.14	126.90 121.96	76.14 73.18		
96 88	1,963 1,000 500	18.75 8.50 4.42					4,328 7,224 577	5.00 5.00 5.00	14.43 24.08 1.92	42.58 27.19	25.55 16.31		
42 74	500 1,000	3.45 9.57					596 2,020	5.00 5.00	1.99 6.73	23.89 33.12	14.34 19.87		
17 45	300 174	2.30	0.018	2.71	100	0.61	1,495 6,876	5.00	4.98 22.92	24.99 38.03	14.99 22.82		
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SCALE: Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path:

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File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\09 INLET CALCULATIONS (1 OF 4).dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/18/2024 2:50 PM

					Н	IYDROLOGIC	SUMMARY	TABLE									
SUB-AREA	AREA (ACRES)	BUILDINGS (ACRES)	BUILDINGS (%)	ROADWAY/ SIDEWALKS (ACRES)	ROADWAY/ SIDEWALKS (%)	GRASS (ACRES)	GRASS (%)	TC CALC (MIN)	TC USED (MIN)	i2	i10	i25	i100	c2	c10	c25	c100
C201	0.69	0.34	49.66%	0.10	13.79%	0.25	36.55%	18.71	18.71	4.16	5.78	6.76	8.30	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.78
C202	0.69	0.35	49.69%	0.10	13.75%	0.25	36.56%	18.80	18.80	4.15	5.77	6.75	8.28	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.78
C202A	0.45	0.18	40.56%	0.12	25.92%	0.15	33.52%	18.59	18.59	4.17	5.80	6.78	8.32	0.74	0.76	0.77	0.79
C203	0.27	0.07	26.68%	0.12	44.42%	0.08	28.89%	5.70	5.70	6.30	8.42	9.60	11.61	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.81
C204	0.60	0.23	39.10%	0.17	27.87%	0.20	33.03%	19.12	19.12	4.12	5.73	6.70	8.23	0.75	0.76	0.77	0.80
C205	0.35	0.09	26.31%	0.16	44.92%	0.10	28.77%	5.64	5.64	6.31	8.44	9.62	11.63	0.77	0.79	0.79	0.81
C206	0.93	0.47	50.06%	0.12	13.25%	0.34	36.69%	19.28	19.28	4.10	5.71	6.68	8.20	0.73	0.74	0.75	0.78
C223A	0.61	0.26	42.17%	0.14	23.77%	0.21	34.06%	16.93	16.93	4.36	6.03	7.03	8.62	0.74	0.76	0.77	0.79
C207	0.35	0.09	25.56%	0.16	45.93%	0.10	28.52%	5.85	5.85	6.26	8.37	9.55	11.55	0.77	0.79	0.80	0.82
C207A	0.29	0.07	25.74%	0.13	45.69%	0.08	28.58%	5.53	5.53	6.34	8.47	9.66	11.67	0.77	0.79	0.80	0.82
C211	0.82	0.38	46.68%	0.15	17.76%	0.29	35.56%	19.54	19.54	4.08	5.68	6.64	8.16	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.79
C212	0.81	0.40	48.87%	0.12	14.84%	0.30	36.29%	21.28	21.28	3.91	5.46	6.40	7.88	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.78
C213	0.52	0.26	49.68%	0.07	13.76%	0.19	36.56%	18.08	18.08	4.23	5.87	6.85	8.41	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.78
C214	0.67	0.31	46.59%	0.12	17.88%	0.24	35.53%	18.34	18.34	4.20	5.83	0.81		0.73	0.75	0.76	0.79
C215	0.12	0.00	0.00%	0.10	46.20%	0.02	20.00%	2.43	5.00	0.48	0.04 0.27	9.84	11.88	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85
C221	0.20	0.07	49.01%	0.12	40.50%	0.07	26.45%	17.42	17.42	4.20	5.06	5.45	9.52	0.77	0.79	0.80	0.82
C261	0.80	0.38	50.23%	0.07	13 03%	0.29	36.74%	17.42	17.42	4.30	5.67	6.63	8.15	0.73	0.73	0.70	0.78
C262	0.51	0.20	50.23%	0.07	12.03%	0.19	36.92%	18.90	18.90	4.07	5.76	6.73	8.26	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78
C263	0.32	0.11	41 24%	0.07	25.02%	0.19	33 75%	13.28	13.28	4 84	6.63	7.68	9.38	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.70
C264	0.16	0.06	34 36%	0.06	34 19%	0.05	31 45%	8.93	8 93	5.57	7.53	8.66	10.52	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.80
C271	0.72	0.33	46.48%	0.13	18.02%	0.25	35.49%	19.03	19.03	4.13	5.74	6.71	8.24	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.79
C272	0.50	0.19	37.29%	0.15	30.28%	0.16	32.43%	19.78	19.78	4.05	5.65	6.61	8.12	0.75	0.77	0.78	0.80
C273	0.28	0.07	24.82%	0.13	46.90%	0.08	28.27%	5.91	5.91	6.24	8.35	9.54	11.53	0.77	0.79	0.80	0.82
GA01	0.69	0.34	49.66%	0.10	13.79%	0.25	36.55%	13.88	13.88	4.75	6.52	7.57	9.24	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.78
GA02	0.69	0.35	49.69%	0.10	13.75%	0.25	36.56%	14.82	14.82	4.62	6.36	7.39	9.04	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.78
GA03	0.72	0.36	49.67%	0.10	13.78%	0.26	36.56%	15.58	15.58	4.53	6.24	7.26	8.88	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.78
GA04	0.73	0.37	50.24%	0.10	13.01%	0.27	36.75%	16.42	16.42	4.42	6.11	7.12	8.72	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78
GA05	0.70	0.35	49.78%	0.10	13.62%	0.26	36.59%	18.70	18.70	4.16	5.79	6.76	8.30	0.73	0.74	0.76	0.78
GA06	0.21	0.06	27.01%	0.09	43.98%	0.06	29.00%	10.87	10.87	5.22	7.10	8.19	9.97	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.81
GA07	0.39	0.20	50.79%	0.05	12.28%	0.15	36.93%	14.87	14.87	4.62	6.35	7.38	9.03	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78
GA08	0.71	0.28	38.73%	0.20	28.35%	0.24	32.91%	15.62	15.62	4.52	6.23	7.25	8.88	0.75	0.76	0.77	0.80
GA09	0.82	0.39	47.55%	0.14	16.60%	0.29	35.85%	17.65	17.65	4.28	5.93	6.92	8.49	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.78
GA11	0.61	0.30	49.16%	0.09	14.46%	0.22	36.39%	14.85	14.85	4.62	6.36	7.39	9.03	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.78
GA11A	0.68	0.34	50.02%	0.09	13.31%	0.25	36.67%	15.54	15.54	4.53	6.24	7.27	8.89	0.73	0.74	0.75	0.78
GA12	0.76	0.40	52.76%	0.07	9.65%	0.28	37.59%	14.66	14.66	4.65	6.39	7.42	9.07	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.78
GA13	0.76	0.09	11.98%	0.07	9.50%	0.60	78.52%	21.17	21.17	3.92	5.48	6.42	7.89	0.45	0.49	0.51	0.57
GA14	0.56	0.14	24.69%	0.26	47.08%	0.16	28.23%	7.23	7.23	5.93	7.97	9.13	11.06	0.77	0.79	0.80	0.82
GA15	0.39	0.15	37.22%	0.12	30.38%	0.13	32.41%	10.23	10.23	5.33	7.23	8.34	10.15	0.75	0.//	0.78	0.80
GA16	0.27	0.07	27.69%	0.11	43.07%	0.08	29.23%	5.84	5.84	6.26	8.37	9.56	11.55	0.//	0.78	0.79	0.81
GA17	0.47	0.19	41.44%	0.12	24.75%	0.16	33.81%	16.23	16.23	4.44	6.14	7.15	8.75	0.74	0.76	0.77	0.79
GA18	0.15	0.04	27.44%	0.06	43.42%	0.04	29.15%	5.37	5.37	6.38	8.52	9.71	11.73	0.77	0.78	0.79	0.81
GA19	0.05	0.26	40.09%	0.17	20.55%	0.22	33.30%	12.88	12.88	4.90	6.70	7.70	9.47	0.74	0.76	0.77	0.79
GA2U GA21	0.31	0.10	17 1 20/	0.04	17 170/	0.11	25 710/	17.73	17.73	4.51	5.01	6.00	0.00 Q 16	0.73	0.74	0.75	0.7ŏ
GA21	0.05	0.39	47.1270 27 0.00/	0.14	13 00%	0.30	20 020/	1 05	۲/.// ۲	4.20 6.10	2.91 Q.C.1	0.90	0.40	0.75	0.75	0.70	0.70
GA22	0.46	0.15	27.00%	0.21	43.30%	0.14	25.05%	4.90		1 20	5.04	5.04	£ 50	0.77	0.76	0.79	0.01
GA23	0.50	0.25	<u>45.24%</u>	0.11	18 83%	0.20	35.00%	16.16	16.16	4.25	6.15	7 16	8.50	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.79
GA24	0.33	0.00	0.00%	0.11	<u>20.0370</u> 80.00%	0.21	20.00%	5 39	5 39	6.38	8.52	9.71	11 72	0.75	0.75	0.70	0.75
GA26	0.62	0.28	45 76%	0.12	18 99%	0.22	35.25%	16 33	16 33	4 43	6.12	7 13	8 73	0.73	0.75	0.76	0.79
GA27	0.52	0.14	26.53%	0.23	44.63%	0.15	28.84%	8.18	8.18	5.73	7.72	8.86	10.75	0.77	0.79	0.79	0.81
GA28	0.30	0.00	0.00%	0.24	80.00%	0.06	20.00%	3.85	5	6.48	8.64	9.84	11.88	0.82	0.83	0.84	0.85
GAOFF3	33.62	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	33.62	100.00%	41.45	41.45	2.66	3.87	4.61	5.74	0.31	0.36	0.39	0.46

	NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	
					TLH, CL, EJH
WARNING!					DESIGNED BY:
There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone	<u> </u>				TEH, TG, CL, EJH
of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate					DRAWN BY:
companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if					TLH
contract the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.					CHECKED BY:
					TLH
					APPROVED BY:





ADDRESS

SERVICES

512.930.9412

1978 S. AUSTIN AVENUE

STEGER BIZZELL

>>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS >>SURVEYORS

AUSTIN AVENUE GEORGETOWN, TX 78626 TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181 TBPLS FIRM No.10003700 STEGERBIZZELL.COM

INLET CALCULATIONS (2 OF 4) City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B

SCALE: Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path:

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

Sheet Number: 10 of 71 sheets

## 2023-XX-CON

					25	-YR INLET RESULT	S			
Inlet ID	Bypass Inlet ID	Total Runoff (CFS)	Qcarryover (CFS)	Qcaptured (CFS)	Qbypass (CFS)	Gutter Depth (CFS)	GutterSpread (CFS)	Gutter Longitudinal Slope (FT/FT)	Gutter Cross Slope (SW) (FT/ FT)	Road Cross Slope (Sx) (FT/FT)
C261	Offsite	2.65	0	2.65	0	0.26	10.68	0.005	0.05	0.02
C262	Offsite	2.73	0	2.73	0	0.26	10.81	0.005	0.05	0.02
C271	11	3.79	0	3.79	0	0.29	12.29	0.005	0.05	0.02
C272	Sag	2.63	0	2.63	0	0.25	10.03	Sag	0.05	0.02
C263	Offsite	1.61	0	1.61	0	0.18	6.73	0.018	0.05	0.02
C273	Sag	2.21	0	2.21	0	0.22	8.93	Sag	0.05	0.02
C264	Offsite	1.12	0	1.12	0	0.16	5.64	0.02	0.05	0.02
C201	CA02A	3.65	0	3.65	0	0.29	12.11	0.005	0.05	0.02
C202	C204	3.66	0	3.66	0	0.29	12.12	0.005	0.05	0.02
C202A	C204	2.42	0	2.42	0	0.25	10.31	0.005	0.05	0.02
C211	C215	4.31	0	4.31	0	0.3	12.91	0.005	0.05	0.02
C212	C215	4.06	0	4.06	0	0.3	12.62	0.005	0.05	0.02
C203	C205	2.1	0	2.1	0	0.21	8.18	0.012	0.05	0.02
6204	C214	2.79	0	2.79	0	0.24	9.7	0.009	0.05	0.02
C204	C206	3.21	0	3.21	0	0.24	9.7	0.012	0.05	0.02
C214	C206	3.63	0	3.63	0	0.26	10.77	0.009	0.05	0.02
C215	C206	1.04	0	1.04	0	0.17	7.50	0.009	0.05	0.02
C221	C207	2.02	0	2.02	0	0.2	7.59	0.010	0.05	0.02
C205	C207A	2.75	0	2.75	0.14	0.23	9.12	0.012	0.05	0.02
(2200	C223A	4.04	0	4.71	0.14	0.27	10.3	0.012	0.05	0.02
C207	Sag	2.73	0	2.73	0.1	0.25	10.3		0.05	0.02
C223A	Sag	3 37	0.24	3.61	0	0.29	12 /	Sag	0.05	0.02
C207A	C207	2.28	0.24	2.28	0	0.25	10.07	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA01	GA03	1.07	0	2.28	0	0.23	11.07	0.003	0.05	0.02
GA02	GA04	3.98	0	3.98	0	0.27	10.94	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA03	GA05	4 07	0	4 07	0	0.20	11.04	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA04	GA06	4.05	0	4.05	0	0.27	11.04	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA05	GA07	3 69	0	3.69	0	0.26	10.62	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA06	GA08	1.39	0	1.39	0	0.19	7.17	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA07	GA08	2.24	0	2.24	0	0.22	8.72	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA08	GA09	4.12	0	4.12	0	0.28	11.89	0.007	0.05	0.02
GA09	Sag	4.42	0	4.42	0	0.33	14.19	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA11	GA14	3.51	0	3.51	0	0.26	10.63	0.009	0.05	0.02
GA11A	GA14	3.86	0	3.86	0	0.27	11.03	0.009	0.05	0.02
GA12	GA13	4.4	0	4.39	0	0.28	11.88	0.008	0.05	0.02
GA13	GA15	2.78	0	2.78	0	0.24	9.92	0.008	0.05	0.02
GA14	GA15	4.2	0	4.2	0	0.28	11.97	0.007	0.05	0.02
GA15	Sag	2.6	0	2.6	0	0.24	9.97	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA16	Sag	2.09	0	2.09	0	0.22	8.62	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA17	GA06	2.66	0	2.66	0	0.23	9.15	0.011	0.05	0.02
GA18	GA22	1.18	0	1.18	0	0.18	6.55	0.011	0.05	0.02
GA19	GA21	3.98	0	3.98	0	0.26	10.74	0.011	0.05	0.02
GA20	GA21	1.75	0	1.75	0	0.23	9.06	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA21	Sag	4.46	0	4.47	0	0.33	14.29	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA22	Sag	12.94	0	3.83	0	0.3	12.89	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA23	GA24	3.06	0	3.06	0	0.27	11.31	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA24	GA26	3.33	0	3.33	0	0.28	11.69	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA25	OFFSITE	3.55	0	3.55	0	0.28	11.97	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA26	GA22	3.5	0	3.5	0	0.28	11.91	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA27	GA08	3.73	0	3.73	0	0.27	11.44	0.007	0.05	0.02
GA28	OFFSITE	2.51	0	2.51	0	0.24	9.79	0.007	0.05	0.02

	NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~					TLH, CL, EJH
WARNING!					DESIGNED BY:
There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity					TEH, TG, CL, EJH
of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if					DRAWN BY:
any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately					
contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.					TLH
	<u> </u>				

File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\11 INLET CALCULATIONS (3 OF 4).dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/18/2024 2:50 PM



TYSON L. HASZ

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INLET CALCULATIONS (3 OF 4) WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

SCALE: Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path:

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT

P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

2023-XX-CON

Sheet Number: 11 of 71 sheets

	1				100-YR INLET	RESULTS				
Inlet ID	Bypass Inlet	TotalRunoff (CFS)	Qcarryover (CFS)	Qcaptured (CFS)	Qbypass (CFS)	GutterDepth (CFS)	GutterSpread (CFS)	GutterSlope (FT/FT)	Gutter Cross Slope (SW) (FT/ FT)	Road Cross Slope (Sx) (FT/FT)
C261L	Offsite	3.25	0	3.25	0	0.28	11.58	0.005	0.05	0.02
C2-62L	Offsite	3.35	0	3.35	0	0.28	11.71	0.005	0.05	0.02
C271L	11	4.66	0	4.66	0	0.31	13.31	0.005	0.05	0.02
C272L	Sag	3.23	0	3.23	0	0.28	11.5	Sag	0.05	0.02
C263L1	Offsite	1.96	0	1.96	0	0.19	7.32	0.018	0.05	0.02
C273L	Sag	2.67	0	2.67	0	0.25	10.13	Sag	0.05	0.02
C264L	Offsite	1.36	0	1.36	0	0.17	6.13	0.02	0.05	0.02
C201	CAUZA	4.48	0	4.48	0	0.31	13.12	0.005	0.05	0.02
C202	C204	4.49	0	4.49	0	0.31	13.12	0.005	0.05	0.02
C202A	C204	2.97	0	2.97	0	0.27	11.18	0.005	0.05	0.02
C203	C205	2.54	0	2.54	0	0.22	0.00	0.012	0.05	0.02
C204	C200	3.34	0	3.34	0	0.20	9.83	0.012	0.05	0.02
C205	C207A	5.95	0.02	5.52	0.46	0.24	12.36	0.012	0.05	0.02
C207	Sag	3.35	0.02	3.3	0	0.25	11.67	Sag	0.05	0.02
C207A	C207	2.76	0	2.76	0	0.26	10.86	0.005	0.05	0.02
C211	C215	5.29	0	5.29	0.01	0.32	13.99	0.005	0.05	0.02
C212	C215	5	0	5	0	0.32	13.68	0.005	0.05	0.02
C213	C214	3.42	0	3.42	0	0.26	10.52	0.009	0.05	0.02
C214	C206	4.46	0	4.44	0.01	0.28	11.67	0.009	0.05	0.02
C215	C206	1.26	0.01	1.27	0	0.19	7.05	0.009	0.05	0.02
C221	C207	2.44	0	2.44	0	0.21	8.2	0.016	0.05	0.02
C222	C223A	5.29	0	4.92	0.37	0.27	11.16	0.016	0.05	0.02
C223A	Sag	4.14	0.83	4.97	0	0.35	15.34	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA01	GA03	4.97	0	4.87	0.11	0.28	11.94	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA02	GA04	4.87	0	4.78	0.09	0.28	11.84	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA03	GA05	4.99	0.11	4.96	0.13	0.29	12.05	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA04	GA06	4.97	0.09	4.93	0.12	0.29	12.01	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA05	GA07	4.53	0.13	4.61	0.05	0.28	11.65	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA06	GA08	1.7	0.12	1.82	0	0.21	8.01	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA07	GA08	2.75	0.05	2.8	0	0.24	9.52	0.01	0.05	0.02
GA08	GA09	5.05	0	5.01	0.03	0.3	12.86	0.007	0.05	0.02
GA09	Sag	5.42	0.03	5.46	0	0.37	16.33	Sag	0.05	0.02
GATIA	GA14	4.72	0	4.68	0.04	0.28	11.94	0.009	0.05	0.02
GAII CA12	GA14 CA12	4.3 E 20	0	4.29	0.12	0.28	11.51	0.009	0.05	0.02
GA12	GA15	2.30	0 12	2.57	0.12	0.5	10.02	0.008	0.05	0.02
GA14	GA15	5.42	0.12	5.08	0.04	0.20	12.94	0.008	0.05	0.02
GA14	Sag	3.17	0.04	3 21	0.04	0.5	11 47	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA16	Sag	2.53	0.04	2.53	0	0.24	9.78	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA17	GA06	3.25	0	3.25	0	0.24	9.92	0.011	0.05	0.02
GA18	GA22	1.42	0	1.42	0	0.19	7.1	0.011	0.05	0.02
GA19	GA21	4.86	0	4.75	0.11	0.28	11.62	0.011	0.05	0.02
GA20	GA21	2.14	0	2.14	0	0.24	9.83	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA21	Sag	5.48	0.11	5.59	0	0.38	16.6	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA22	Sag	16.07	0	4.62	0	0.34	14.61	Sag	0.05	0.02
GA23	GA24	3.76	0	3.76	0	0.29	12.25	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA24	GA26	4.08	0	4.08	0	0.3	12.65	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA25	OFFSITE	4.29	0	4.29	0	0.3	12.89	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA26	GA22	4.28	0	4.28	0	0.3	12.88	0.005	0.05	0.02
GA27	GA08	4.53	0	4.53	0	0.29	12.33	0.007	0.05	0.02
GA28	OFFSITE	3.03	0	3.03	0	0.26	10.54	0.007	0.05	0.02

BY DATE REVISION TLH, CL, EJH DESIGNED BY: WARNING! There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary. TEH, TG, CL, EJH DRAWN BY: TLH CHECKED BY: TLH APPROVED BY:

File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\12 INLET CALCULATIONS (4 OF 4).dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/18/2024 2:50 PM





>>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS >>SURVEYORS

512.930.9412

SERVICES

# INLET CALCULATIONS (4 OF 4) WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

SCALE: Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path:

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

Sheet Number: 12 of 71 sheets 2023-XX-CON



3009	29"	LIVE OAK		3114	29"	SPANISH OA	AK MUUTI(16-14-11)
3016	36"		MUUTI (20-17-14)	*3115	27"		
3018	27"			*3116	27 27"		
2020	27			*2447	27		
3020	28	LIVE OAK	MULII (19-18)	*3117	34"	LIVE OAK	MULII(26-16)
3069	26"	LIVE OAK		3118	36"	LIVE OAK	(MAJORLY DAMAGED) MULTI(26-19)
3070	27"	LIVE OAK		3119	33"	LIVE OAK	
3071	29"	LIVE OAK		*3120	26"	LIVE OAK	
3087	29"	LIVE OAK	MULTI(23-12)	*3121	34"	LIVE OAK	
*3088	26"	LIVE OAK		*3122	29"	LIVE OAK	
3089	38"	LIVE OAK		*3125	35"	ELM	MULTI (13-12-12-11-9)
3090	29"	LIVE OAK		*3126	26"	LIVE OAK	
3093	37"	LIVE OAK	MULTI(29-16)	*3127	33"	LIVE OAK	
3094	28"	LIVE OAK		*3128	33"	LIVE OAK	
3095	31"	LIVE OAK		*3129	30"	LIVE OAK	
3096	27"	SPANISH OA	AK (MAJORLY DAMAGED)	3130	28"	ELM	MULTI(14-10-10-8)
3097	30"	SPANISH OA	AK (DAMAGED) MULTI(16-15-12)	*3131	28"	ELM	
*3098	27"	LIVE OAK		*3132	29"	LIVE OAK	
*3100	30"	LIVE OAK (D	DAMAGED)	*3133	33"	LIVE OAK	
3110	28"	LIVE OAK		*3134	27"	LIVE OAK	MULTI(20-14)
3112	27"	LIVE OAK		3145	29"	LIVE OAK	
*3113	26"	SPANISH OA	AK				

EROSION & SEDIMENTATION PLAN (1 OF 2) WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181 TBPLS FIRM No.10003700 STEGERBIZZELL.COM Williamson County, Texas



#### HERITAGE TREE LIST

#### \* - TO BE REMOVED

NOTES:

- 1. Topography based upon aerial mapping, dated August 8, 2016 by Texas Land Surveying.
- 2. All proposed development of this site conforms to the City of Georgetown's subdivision regulations and/or the development agreement.
- 3. Limits of construction line has been offset for clarity.
- 4. All temporary erosion and sedimentation controls shall be inspected every 7 days.
- 5. Contractor shall maintain all temporary erosion and sediment controls in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.
- 6. Contractor shall place rock filter dams at the locations where concentrated flow enters and exits the limits of construction.
- 7. Contractor shall place construction entrance at the location determined by the owner in the field.
- 8. Curb inlet protection is required at inlets installed with this project. Protection to remain in place until the project is accepted.
- 9. Rock berm and temporary pond shall be used during initial grading activities. Straw erosion control logs shall be installed once the site has been brought to grade.

#### TREE PROTECTION NOTES:

- 1. Existing trees to remain shall be flagged by contractor prior to beginning any work on site. 2. Contractor shall place a minimum 4' height protective fencing 5' outside the edge of canopy of all trees to remain and as
- shown on the tree protection and removal plans. 3. All understory trees, undergrowth, shrubs, cacti and native grasses shall remain in areas protected by tree protection
- fence unless noted otherwise on the landscape plans. 4. Contractor shall maintain flagging and protective fencing around existing trees to remain at least until substantial
- completion. 5. Contractor shall ensure that no dumping of backfill, soil excavation, staking or storage of materials or dumping of any
- kind shall occur within the fenced area of the trees to remain. 6. Contractor shall ensure that no parking of any type of vehicle, equipment or construction trailer shall occur within the fenced area of trees to remain.
- 7. Contractor shall ensure that no driving of vehicles shall occur within the fenced area of trees to remain.
- 8. Contractor shall ensure that no grade changes shall occur within the canopy of the existing trees to remain. 9. Contractor shall keep fenced areas of trees to remain free of trash, debris or excessive runoff.
- 10. No trenching for utilities or irrigation shall occur within the dripline (canopy) of existing trees to remain.
- 11. For irrigation, any lateral line or mainline trenches which encroach in the dripline of existing trees shall be hand dug. 12. For utilities, any lines which cannot be altered to fall outside the canopy of existing trees shall be installed by boring a minimum of 24" below grade.
- 13. Tree wells shall be installed no closer than a trees ½ Critical Root Zone (per UDC section 8.02.030.C) and shall include the full critical root zone when possible, and no disturbance shall occur within the ½ Critical Root Zone or tree will be considered removed and mitigation will be required (per UDC section 8.02.040.C).

roject Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED SCALE: Project Path: P\22000-22999 Project Name: Drawing Path:

22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

wheet Number: 13 of 71 sheets

2023-XX-CON



				P
			0 	100 200
			SCA	LE: 1" = 100'
			LEC	GEND
				= REMOVE TREE
			####	= TREE TO BE PRESERVED
		×	×	= TREE PROTECTION
		SF		= SILT FENCE
				=ROCK BERM
		¥ + + + + + +	* * * * *	=LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION
		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	+ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$ $+$	= 15' VEGETATIVE FILTER STRIP
				= INLET PROTECTION
				= PROPERTY BOUNDARY
HERITAGE	TREE LIST			
E OAK MULTI(23-12) E OAK	*3117 3118	34" 36"	LIVE OA LIVE OA	K MULTI(26-16) K (MAJORLY DAMAGED) MULTI(26-19)
: OAK : OAK : OAK MULTI(29-16)	3119 *3120 *3121	33" 26" 34"	LIVE OA LIVE OA	K K
OAK OAK OAK	*3122 *3125	29" 35"	LIVE OA LIVE OA ELM	K MULTI (13-12-12-11-9)
NISH OAK (MAJORLY DAMAGED) NISH OAK (DAMAGED) MULTI(16-15-12 - OAK	*3126 ) *3127 *3128	26" 33" 33"	LIVE OA LIVE OA	K K
E OAK (DAMAGED) E OAK	*3129 3130	30" 28"	LIVE OA LIVE OA ELM	K MULTI(14-10-10-8)
EOAK NISH OAK NISH OAK MUUTI(16-14-11)	*3131 *3132 *3133	28" 29" 33"	ELM LIVE OA LIVE OA	к
E OAK E OAK (DAMAGED)	*3134 3145	27" 29"	LIVE OA LIVE OA	K MULTI(20-14) K
* - TO BE	REMOVED			
NOTES:				
1. Topography b 2. All proposed of	ased upon aerial ma development of this ६	pping, dated Au site conforms to t	gust 8, 2016 the City of Ge	by Texas Land Surveying. eorgetown's subdivision
3. Limits of cons 4. All temporary	truction line has been erosion and sediment	n offset for clarity	y. shall be inspe	ected every 7 days.
5. Contractor sha local, state an	all maintain all tempo d federal regulations all place rock filter d	brary erosion and ams at the location	d sediment co	ontrols in accordance with
exits the limits 7. Contractor sha	of construction. all place constructior	entrance at the	location dete	ermined by the owner in the
field. 8. Curb inlet prot place until the	tection is required at	inlets installed	with this proje	ect. Protection to remain in
9. Rock berm an control logs st	d temporary pond sh nall be installed once	nall be used durin the site has bee	ng initial grad en brought to	ling activities. Straw erosion grade.
TREE PROTE         1. Existing trees to         2. Contractor obside	CTION NOTES	<u>S:</u> gged by contract	or prior to be	ginning any work on site.
2. Contractor snai remain and as 3. All understory t	shown on the tree pr rees, undergrowth, s	otection and rem hrubs, cacti and	e tencing 5° c noval plans. native grass	es shall remain in areas protected by tree
protection fence 4. Contractor shal	e unless noted other I maintain flagging a	wise on the land nd protective fer	scape plans. ncing around	existing trees to remain at least until
5. Contractor shal dumping of any	l ensure that no dum kind shall occur with	ping of backfill, s nin the fenced ar	soil excavatio	on, staking or storage of materials or es to remain.
<ol> <li>Contractor shal within the fence</li> <li>Contractor shal</li> </ol>	I ensure that no park ad area of trees to re Lensure that no drivi	ting of any type of main. ng of vehicles of	of vehicle, eq	uipment or construction trailer shall occur
8. Contractor shal remain.	l ensure that no grac	le changes shall	occur within	the canopy of the existing trees to
9. Contractor shal 10. No trenching fo 11. For irrigation a	I keep fenced areas r utilities or irrigation ny lateral line or mai	ot trees to remai shall occur with nline trenches w	in free of tras in the dripline hich encroac	h, debris or excessive runoff. e (canopy) of existing trees to remain. h in the dripline of existing trees shall be
hand dug. 12. For utilities, any	/ lines which cannot	be altered to fall	outside the c	canopy of existing trees shall be installed
by boring a min	inum of 24" below g	rade.		
13. Tree wells shal shall include the Root Zone or tr 8.02.040.C).	be installed no close e full critical root zon ee will be considered	er than a trees ½ e when possible t removed and n	2 Critical Roo , and no distunitigation will	t Zone (per UDC section 8.02.030.C) and urbance shall occur within the ½ Critical be required (per UDC section

EROSION & SEDIMENTATION PLAN (2 OF 2) WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

Project Number:
SCALE:
Project Path:
Project Name:
Drawing Path:

22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999

22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

2023-XX-CON

Sheet Number: 14 of 71 sheets





TLH

APPROVED B

	EXTEND 600 mm (2'-0'') MINIMUM BEYOND INLET OPENING AT EACH END		<i>I</i> PI	
	VARIES			
	CUT AWAY OF	040	50	, M/M
	50 mmX100 mm-MW9XMW9 (2"X4"-W1.4XW1.4)	XISTING Re		- ···
ENCE	STRUCTURE FLOW			
	FLOW 12" 9.1 kg (20 lb) SANDBAGS			
	MINIMUM 100 mm (4") HIGH CLEAR OPENING		4" 10 8" CO, AGGREGATE Z GEOT	IEXTILE FABRIC
	9.1 kg (20, lb) SANDBAGS AT 1 m (3') O.C. SEE NOTE 1		10 3	
PREPARATION			GRADE → >2% toj	
THE RAGE OF	NOTES: 1. TO HOLD THE FILTER DIKE IN PLACE, 9.1 kg (20 lb) SANDBAGS SHALL BE USED AT 1 m (3') O.C. WHERE MINIMUM CLEARANCES CAUSE TRAFFIC TO DRIVE IN THE GUTTER. THE	GE AS	OTEXTILE FABRIC - APPROVED BY THE CITY	NOTAL CONTRACTOR
OR FILL,	CONTRACTOR MAY SUBSITIUTE A 25 mm X 100 mm (1" x4") BOARD, SECURED WITH 4" OR %" CONCRETE SCREWS. THE 4" OR %" CONCRETE SCREWS SHALL BE AT- TACHED TO THE GUTTER BY DRILLING AN APPROPRIATE PILOT HOLE WITH A CON- CRETE BIT AND INSERT PLASTIC FASTENERS. THE TOP OF THE SCREW SHALL BE RE-	- CLEAR THE AREA OF DEBR - GRADE THE AREA FOR THE EN - PLACE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC AS	IS, ROCKS OR PLANTS THAT WILL TRANCE TO FLOW BACK ON TO THE CO APPROVED BY THE CITY.	INTERFERE WITH INSTALLATIC DNSTRUCTION SITE, RUNOFF FR
LEANING CASES:	CESSED BELOW THE TOP OF THE BOARD. THE SCREWS SHALL BE PLACED ON 1 m (3') O.C. THIS METHOD IS USED IN LIEU OF SANDBAGS, IN THE GUTTER ONLY, TO HOLD THE FILTER DIKE IN PLACE. UPON REMOVAL, EITHER LEAVE THE PLASTIC FASTENERS IN PLACE. OR REMOVE THE PLASTIC FASTENERS. CLEAN ANY DIRT/DEBRIS FROM THE	<ul> <li>PLACE ROCK AS APPROVED BY INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANG</li> </ul>	( THE CITY. CE <u>GUIDELINES:</u>	
OF THE SIX FEET	SCREW LOCATIONS, APPLY CHEMICAL SANDING AGENT AND APPLY NON-SHRINK GROUT FLUSH WITH THE SURFACE OF THE GUTTER. THIS METHOD SHALL NOT BE USED ON THE INLET IN THE LIEU OF SANDBAGS. 2. A SECTION OF FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE REMOVED AS SHOWN ON THIS DETAIL OR AS	<ul> <li>THE ENTRANCE SHOULD BE M. RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY R CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES</li> <li>ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPF CONTRACTOR</li> </ul>	NINTAINED IN A CONDITION, WHICH WILL EQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. PED, WASHED OR TRACKED ON TO PUB	PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWIN ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONAL LIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY SHOULD E
	DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OR DESIGNATED REPRESENTATIVE. FABRIC MUST BE SE- CURED TO WIRE BACKING WITH CLIPS OR HOG RINGS AT THIS LOCATION. 3. DAILY INSPECTION SHALL BE MADE BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SILT ACCUMULATION MUST BE REMOVED WHEN DEPTH REACHES 50 mm (2").	- When Necessary, Wheels SH - When Washing is Required, Sediment Trap or Sediment - All Sediment Should be Pr	IOULD BE CLEANED TO REMOVE SEDIME IT SHOULD BE DONE ON AN AREA STA BASIN. EVENTED FROM ENTERING ANY STORM I	INT PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO BILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE DRAIN, DITCH OR WATER COURS
	<ul> <li>4. CONTRACTOR SHALL MONITOR THE PERFORMANCE OF INLET PROTECTION DURING EACH RAINFALL EVENT AND IMMEDIATELY REMOVE THE INLET PROTECTIONS IF THE STORM— WATER BEGINS TO OVERTOP THE CURB.</li> <li>5. INLET PROTECTIONS SHALL BE REMOVED AS SOON AS THE SOURCE OF SEDIMENT IS</li> </ul>	The Architect/Engineer a responsibility for appropr	ssumes iate	
/21/2006 )9	STABILZED.         DEPARTMENT OF WATERSHED PROTECTION AND DEVELOPMENT REVIEW         FILTER DIKE CURB INLET PROTECTION	use of this standard.	CITY OF GEORO CONSTRUCTION STANDA	SETOWN RDS AND DETAILS
	RECORD COPY SIGNED BY HENRY CASAS ADOPTED 1/2/07 ADOPTED 1/2/07 ADOPTED THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER ASSUMES (05 THIS STANDARD. 05 THIS STANDARD. 05 THIS STANDARD. 05 THIS STANDARD.	Georgetown UTEXAS Georgetown UTEXAS	STABILIZED CONSTRUC	STION ENTRANCE
	CROSS SECTION	TEMPORAR TYPE OF STRUCTURE SILT FENCE	Y EROSION AND SEI REACH LENGTH N/A 200 FEET 100 FEET	DIMENTATION CC MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA 2 ACRES 2 ACRES 1 ACRE
	3" TO 5" OPEN GRADED ROCK	TRIANGLE FILTER DIKE	50 FEET 100 FEET	1/2 ACRE
		ROCK BERM *, **	50 FEET 500 FEET	1/4 ACRE< 5 ACRES
		* FOR ROCK BERM DESIG	N WHERE PARAMETERS	ARE OTHER THAN S
% 5:	INSTALLATION: - LAYOUT THE ROCK BERM FOLLOWING AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE TO THE CONTOUR. - CLEAR THE GROUND OF DEBRIS, ROCKS OR PLANTS THAT WILL INTERFERE WITH INSTALLATION. - PLACE WOVEN WIRE FABRIC ON THE GROUND ALONG THE PROPOSED INSTALLATION WITH ENOUGH OVERLAP TO COMPLETELY ENCIRCLE THE FINISHED SIZE OF THE BERM. - PLACE THE ROCK ALONG THE CENTER OF THE WIRE TO THE DESIGNATED HEIGHT.	** HIGH SERVICE ROCK I SIGNIFICANCE AS DETERM	ROCK BERM DESIGN MU BERMS MAY BE REQUIRE INED BY THE CITY OF G	D IN AREAS OF ENVERSE
	<ul> <li>WRAP THE STRUCTURE WITH THE PREVIOUSLY PLACED WIRE MESH SECURE ENOUGH SO THAT WHEN WALKED ACROSS THE STRUCTURE RETAINS IT'S SHAPE.</li> <li>SECURE WITH TIE WIRE.</li> <li>THE ENDS OF THE BERM SHOULD BE TIED INTO EXISTING UPSLOPE GRADE AND THE BERM SHOULD BE BURIED IN A TRENCH APPROX.</li> <li>4 INCHES DEEP TO PREVENT FAILURE OF THE CONTROL.</li> <li>THE ROCK BERM SHOULD BE LEFT IN PLACE UNTIL ALL UPSTREAM AREAS ARE STABILIZED AND ACCUMULATED SILT REMOVED.</li> </ul>			
	INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE GUIDELINES: - INSPECTION SHOULD BE MADE WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL EVENT BY THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY. FOR INSTALLATIONS IN STREAMBEDS, ADDITIONAL DAILY INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE MADE. - REMOVE SEDIMENT AND OTHER DEBRIS WHEN BUILDUP REACHES 6 INCHES AND DISPOSE OF THE ACCUMULATED SILT IN AN APPROVED			
	<ul> <li>MEMMERANY LOOSE WIRE SHEATHING.</li> <li>THE BERM SHOULD BE RESHAPED AS NEEDED DURING INSPECTION.</li> <li>THE BERM SHOULD BE REPLACED WHEN THE STRUCTURE CEASES TO FUNCTION AS INTENDED DUE TO SILT ACCUMULATION AMONG THE ROCKS, WASHOUT, CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC DAMAGE, ETC.</li> </ul>			
	The Architect/Engineer assumes         responsibility for appropriate         use of this standard.	The Architect/Engineer ass responsibility for appropria use of this standard	umes te	
	Georgerigerigerigerigerigerigerigerigeriger		CITY OF GEORGE CONSTRUCTION STANDAR	TOWN DETAILS
]	Veorgetown Utuity Systems Your Community Genet Utility	Georgetown Utility Systems Stor Community Control (Utility		DL GUIDELINES

STEGER BIZZELL ADDRESS 1978 S. AUSTIN AVENUE GEORGETOWN, TX 78626 TEXAS REGISTERED ENGINEERING FIRM F-181 TBPLS FIRM No.10003700 STEGERBIZZELL.COM 512.930.9412 SERVICES >>ENGINEERS >>PLANNERS >>SURVEYORS

TYSON L. HASZ

145151

CENS

1/25/2024

01-18-2024

DATE

**EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION DETAILS** WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas



SCALE: Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path: Xref DWG FILE

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

eet Number: 15 of 71 sheets 2023-XX-CON



File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\28 OVERALL STORMSEWER PLAN.dwg By: Collin Lansdale Date: 1/19/2024 10:41 AM





PROPOSED STORM LINE EXISTING STORM LINE CURB INLET FUTURE CURB INLET STORM MANHOLE PROPERTY BOUNDARY

### NOTES:

- 1. Topography based upon aerial mapping, dated August 8, 2016 by Texas Land Surveying
- 2. All proposed development of this site conforms to the City of Georgetown's subdivision regulations and/or the development agreement.
- 3. Limits of construction line has been offset for clarity.
- 4. All temporary erosion and sedimentation controls shall be inspected every 7 days.
- 5. Contractor shall maintain all temporary erosion and sediment controls in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.
- 6. Contractor shall place rock filter dams at the locations where concentrated flow enters and exits the limits of construction. 7. Contractor shall place construction entrance at the location determined by the owner
- in the field. 8. Curb inlet protection is required at inlets installed with this project. Protection to
- remain in place until the project is accepted. 9. Rock berm and temporary pond shall be used during initial grading activities. Straw
- erosion control logs shall be installed once the site has been brought to grade.

# OVERALL STORMSEWER PLAN

WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

SCALE: Project Path: Project Name:

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT

P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Drawing Path:

Xref DWG FILE.

Sheet Number: 28 of 71 sheets 2023-XX-CON



Rainfall Depth =	2.60	inches
Post Development Runoff Coefficient =	0.39	1
On-site Water Quality Volume =	545891	cubic feet
	0	
Off-site area draining to BMP =	37.91	acres
Off-site Impervious cover draining to BMP =	0.00	acres
Impervious fraction of off-site area =	0.00	
Off-site Runoff Coefficient =	0.02	
Off-site Water Quality Volume =	7155	cubic feet
Storage for Sediment =	110609	
apture Volume (required water quality volume(s) x 1.20) =	663656	cubic feet
	ΙΔΝ	
DSIDE EAST - PHA	ASE B	
City of Georgetown		

Project Number:
SCALE:
Project Path:
Project Name:
Drawing Path:
Xref DWG FILE.

22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Predevelopment impe	ervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.00	acres				
ost-development impe	ervious area within drainage basin/outfall area =	61.35	acres				
-development impervi	ous fraction within drainage basin/outfall area =	0.41					
	LM THIS BASIN =	53395	lbs.	56792	AT 85% REMOV	/AL	
the proposed BMP Co	ode for this basin.						
			_				
	Proposed BMP =	Batch Detention	noroont				
	Renoval enciency -	51	percent				
e Maximum TSS Load	d Removed (L <sub>R</sub> ) for this Drainage Basin by the se	elected BMP Type.					
	RG-348 Page 3-33 Equation 3.7: L <sub>R</sub> =	(BMP efficiency) x P x (A	x 34.6 + A <sub>P</sub> x (	0.54)			
where:	A <sub>C</sub> =	Total On-Site drainage area	a in the BMP c	atchment area			
	A <sub>1</sub> =	Impervious area proposed i	n the BMP cat	chment area			
	A <sub>P</sub> =	Pervious area remaining in	the BMP catcl	imentarea			
	L <sub>R</sub> =	TSS Load removed from th	is catchment a	rea by the proposed B	/MP		
	A <sub>C</sub> =	110.96	acres				
	A1 =	61.35	acres				
	A <sub>P</sub> =	87.52	acres				
	L <sub>R</sub> =	63185	lbs				
e Fraction of Annual I	Runoff to Treat the drainage basin / outfall area		•				
	Desired L <sub>M THIS BASIN</sub> =	60000	lbs.				
	F =	0.95					
e Capture Volume rec	juired by the BMP Type for this drainage basin /	outfall area.		Calculations from RC	3-348 F	Pages 3-	34 to 3-3
	Rainfall Depth =	2.60	inches				
	Post Development Runoff Coefficient =	0.39					
	On-site Water Quality Volume =	545891	cubic feet				
			0	Pages 3-36 to 3-37			
	Officite area desision to DMD -	27.04	0.0155				
	Officite Imponious as an draining to BMP =	37.91	acres				
	Un-site imperious cover draining to BMP =	0.00	acrés				
	Off cite Pupoff Coofficient	0.00					
	Off-site Water Quality Volume =	7155	cubic feet				
	on site water quarty volume -		Cable reet				
	Storage for Sediment =	110609					

POND G1

148.86

acres

Drainage Basin/Outfall Area No. =

Total drainage basin/outfall area =

0 SC/	50 100 Feet ALE: 1" = 50'
	LEGEND
$\bigcirc$	STORM MANHOLE
	STORM JUNCTION BOX
S	WASTEWATER MANHOLE
	CURB INLET
	AREA INLET
	PROPOSED PROFILE
	EXISTING GRADE AT PROPOSED CENTERLINE

------ HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE (100YR)

------ HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE (25 YR)

Sheet Number: 44 of 71 sheets 2023-XX-CON







# CONTROLLER CIRCUIT BOX DIAGRAM

#### BATCH POND CONTROLLER NOTES:

- 1. Submittals The contractor shall provide the engineer with batch pond controller submittals for review and approval prior to construction. Submittals shall include: power source, battery backup, logic controller, lockable parts enclosure, float, valve, actuator, relay, alarm system, signage, etc. Total wattage of power consumption and w-hours of actuator, controller and relay shall be provided. A copy of the approved submittals shall be provided to TCEQ with the engineers certification of project completion for inclusion in the TCEQ project file
- 2. Controller The controller consists of a level sensor in the detention basin, a valve (with a default closed position), an actuator, and the associated control. The controller detects water filling the basin from the level sensor and initiates a 12-hour detention time. At the end of the required detention time, the controller opens the valve and drains into the second basin. Subsequent rainfall events that occur prior to the basin draining should cause the valve to remain open and allow the additional stormwater runoff to pass through the basin. Once the basin is drained the controller closes the valve. The drawdown time of the basin should not exceed 48 hours for a single storm event after the 12 hour required detention time. All cables should be protected by conduit and buried to prevent damage during maintenance activities. Information on the design and configuration of an existing system, including the system schematic, can be viewed at the Austin or San Antonio Regional Offices.
- 3. Logic Controller The controller should be programmed to begin draining stormwater runoff from the basin 12 hours after the first stormwater runoff is sensed. The system should be programmed to have the valve remain open for two hours after the level sensor indicates the basin is empty to allow any remaining shallow water to be discharged. The system should provide the following: a test sequence, be able to deal with low battery/power outages, an on/off/reset switch, manual open/close switches (maintenance/spill), clearly visible external indicator to indicate a cycle is in progress without opening the box, and ability to exercise the valve to prevent seizing
- 4. Power The pond control system controller and actuator shall be 120 volt powered or 120 volt solar powered with backup battery power to respond to a loss of power in the middle of a cycle.
- 5. Parts Enclosure & Alarm System The parts enclosure shall be lockable. An alarm system clearly visible to indicate system malfunction, with phone numbers of the owner and TCEQ Region 11 office shall be provided.
- 6. Temperature/Weather The system shall be be capable of operation from 0 to 130 degrees Fahrenheit and from 10 to 90% humidity.
- 7. Reliability The system shall have a minimum reliability of 40,000 hours (4.6 years).



01-18-2024 DATE  $\mathbf{X}$ 01-18-2024 TYSON L. HASZ DATE 145151 01-18-2024 CENSE DATE 01-18-2024 1/25/2024 DATE

ADDRESS 1978 S. AUSTIN AVENUE 512.930.9412 SERVICES

NTS

## LINER DATA

IMPERMEABLE LINERS MAY BE CLAY, CONCRETE OR GEOMEMBRANE. CLAY LINERS SHOULD MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS AS SHOWN BELOW AND HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 12 INCHES.

CLAY LINE	(MIN. THICKNESS = 12")				
PROPERTY	UNIT	SPECIFICATION			
PERMEABILITY	ASTM D-2434	Cm/Sec	1X10 <sup>(-6)</sup>		
PLASTICITY INDEX OF CLAY	ASTM D-423 & D-424	%	NOT LESS THAN 15		
LIQUID LIMIT OF CLAY	ASTM D-2216	%	NOT LESS THAN 30		
CLAY PARTICLES PASSING	ASTM D-422	%	NOT LESS THAN 30		
CLAY COMPACTION	%	95% OF STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY AT OR ABOVE OPTIMUM			
	MOISTURE CONTENT				

GEOSYNTHETIC CLAY LINERS (GCLS) ARE FACTORY MANUFACTURED HYDRAULIC BARRIERS TYPICALLY CONSISTING OF BENTONITE CLAY OR OTHER VERY LOW PERMEABILITY MATERIAL, SUPPORTED BY GEOTEXTILES AND/OR GEOMEMBRANES WHICH ARE HELD TOGETHER BY NEEDLING, STITCHING, OR CHEMICAL ADHESIVES. THESE LINERS MUST HAVE A HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY OF LESS THAN 5 X 10-9 CM/SEC, WHEN TESTED BY ASTM D5887. A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF SOIL COVER IS RECOMMENDED. IF A GEOMEMBRANE LINER IS USED IT SHOULD HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 30 MILS AND BE ULTRAVIOLET RESISTANT. SUITABLE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHOULD BE PLACED ON THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE MEMBRANE FOR PUNCTURE PROTECTION AND THE LINERS COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES OF COMPACTED TOPSOIL. THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC (FOR PROTECTION OF GEOMEMBRANE) SHOULD BE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC AND MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS IN TABLE 3-7. THE TOPSOIL SHOULD BE STABILIZED WITH APPROPRIATE VEGETATION.

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC DATA									
PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	UNIT	SPECIFICATION						
MATERIAL NON-	-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC								
UNIT WEIGHT		OZ./SQ. YD.	8 (MIN.)						
FILTRATION RATE		IN./SEC.	0.20 (MIN)						
PUNCTURE STRENGTH	ASTM D-751 (MODIFIED)	LB.	125 (MIN)						
MULLEN BURST STRENGTH	ASTM D-751	P.S.I.	400 (MIN.)						
TENSILE STRENGTH	ASTM D-1682	LB.	200 (MIN.)						
EQUIV. OPENING SIZE	U.S. STANDARD SIEVE	NO.	80 (MIN.)						



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# LEGEND

	PROPOSED SEWER LINE
S	EXISTING SEWER LINE
S	PROPOSED WASTEWATER MANHOLE
S	EXISTING WASTEWATER MANHOLE
$\bowtie$	PROPOSED GATE VALVE
	EXISTING GATE VALVE
$\bullet$	EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT
$\bullet$	PROPOSED FIRE HYDRANT
	CURB INLET
	FUTURE CURB INLET
$\bigcirc$	STORM MANHOLE
	DOUBLE WATER SERVICE
	SINGLE WATER SERVICE
$\longrightarrow$	DOUBLE SEWER SERVICE
/	SINGLE SEWER SERVICE
100	MAJOR EXISTING CONTOUR
— — 100- — —	MINOR EXISTING CONTOUR
	PROPERTY BOUNDARY
W	PROPOSED WATER LINE
	EXISTING WATER LINE
SD	PROPOSED STORM LINE
SD	EXISTING STORM LINE

\* SEE MODIFIED DETAIL "W01A" FOR TYPICAL UTILITY ASSIGNMENTS

BLOCK H LOT H1 **OPEN SPACE** & DE

OVERALL WASTEWATER PLAN WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

SCALE Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path:

roject Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRAC AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT

P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

wheet Number: 50 of 71 sheets

2023-XX-CON



	NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	
WARNING! There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate					TLH, CL, EJH DESIGNED BY: TEH, TG, CL, EJH DRAWN BY:
of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.					TLH CHECKED BY: TLH
					APPROVED BY:

File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\51 WW-A01 PLAN & PROFILE (1 OF 2).dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/19/2024 7:38 AM





SCALE 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL 1" = 4' VERTICAL

WW-A01 PLAN & PROFILE (1 OF 2) WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

SCALE: Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path:

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

Sheet Number: 51 of 71 sheets 2023-XX-CON



SCALE 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL 1" = 4' VERTICAL

SCALE: Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path:

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

## Sheet Number: 52 of 71 sheets 2023-XX-CON



File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\53 WW-A02 & WW-A03 PLAN & PROFILE.dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/19/2024 7:41 AM

#### SCALE 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL 1" = 4' VERTICAL

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE.

Sheet Number: 53 of 71 sheets

2023-XX-CON



File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\54 WW-A04 & WW-A05 (1 OF 2) PLAN & PROFILE.dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/19/2024 7:42 AM

AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT

P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

2023-XX-CON



File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\55 WW-A05 (2 OF 2) & WW-A06 PLAN & PROFILE.dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/19/2024 7:48 AM

1" = 40' HORIZONTAL

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY Sheet Number: 55 of 71 sheets

2023-XX-CON



1" = 40' HORIZONTAL

AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

2023-XX-CON



THESE CONSTRUCTION PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO FULFIL
THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE TCEQ FOR WATER POLLUTION
ABATEMENT OVER THE EDWARDS AQUIFER. CONTRACTOR SHAL
CONTACT THE ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILED
CONSTRUCTION PLAN PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

	NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	
WARNING! There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone					TLH, CL, EJH DESIGNED BY: TEH, TG, CL, EJH
cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately					DRAWN BY: TLH
contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.					CHECKED BY: TLH
					APPROVED BY:

File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\57 WW-B24 PLAN & PROFILE.dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/19/2024 7:50 AM



SCALE 1" = 40' HORIZONTAL 1" = 4' VERTICAL

WW-B24 PLAN & PROFILE WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

SCALE: Project Path: Project Name:

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Drawing Path:

Xref DWG FILE.

2023-XX-CON

Sheet Number: 57 of 71 sheets









	NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	
					TLH, CL, EJH
WARNING!					
cables and other above and below ground utilities in the vicinity					DRAWN BY
companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if					TLH
contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.					CHECKED BY:
					TLH
					APPROVED BY:

File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\58 WASTEWATER DETAILS (1 OF 2).dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/19/2024 7:50 AM

![](_page_168_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_168_Figure_9.jpeg)

![](_page_168_Picture_10.jpeg)

![](_page_168_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_168_Figure_12.jpeg)

![](_page_168_Figure_13.jpeg)

# WASTEWATER DETAILS (1 OF 2) WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

SCALE: Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path:

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

Xref DWG FILE. eet Number: 58 of 71 sheets

2023-XX-CON

![](_page_169_Figure_1.jpeg)

THESE CONSTRUCTION PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED TO FULFILL
THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE TCEQ FOR WATER POLLUTION
ABATEMENT OVER THE EDWARDS AQUIFER. CONTRACTOR SHALL
CONTACT THE ENGINEER FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILED
CONSTRUCTION PLAN PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

	NO.	REVISION	BY	DATE	
<u> </u>					TLH, CL, EJH
WARNING!					DESIGNED BY:
There are existing water pipelines, underground telephone					TEH, TG, CL, EJH
of this project. The Contractor shall contact all appropriate					DRAWN BY:
companies prior to any construction in the area and determine if					TLH
any conflicts exist. If so, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer who shall revise the design as necessary.					CHECKED BY:
					TLH
					APPROVED BY:

File Name: P:\22000-22999\22226 Sun City\21-Madison Tract\03 EAST\01 PHASE A&B\CAD\Plans\59 WASTEWATER DETAILS (2 OF 2).dwg By: Tyson Hasz Date: 1/19/2024 7:50 AM

![](_page_169_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_169_Figure_6.jpeg)

UNDSCAPE AND UTIL, SVC, ESMT.

\_ WASTEWATER

MIN. ELECTRIC/ TELECOMMUNICATIONS

MINIMUM COVER BELOW FINISH-GRADE

ALL UTILITIES UNDER ROADWAY - 38

ION-POTABLE WATER

REVISION MOTE ADOPTED 6/21/2006

W01A-MODIFIED 02

M SEWEF

SOLE DATE: NTS 1/2003 DRIMIN BI: APPROLED BI: MRS TRB

NON-POTABLE WATER

- FINISH GRADE

NOTE: WHERE WATER & SEWER LINES CROSS AND ARE LESS THAN 9' APART, A FULL JOINT OF C900 DR-18 PVC PIPE MUST BE CENTERED ON THE WATERLINE.

![](_page_169_Figure_8.jpeg)

(INSTALL AT ALL SEWER STUB-OUT ENDS AND SERVICE ENDS)

- NOTES:
- SIGNS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 20 GAUGE STEEL w/BAKED ENAMEL FINISH.
   THE BACKGROUND COLOR FOR THE SIGNS
- SHALL BE WHITE.3) THERE SHALL BE NO SEPARATE BID ITEM FOR MARKERS.
  - SERVICE MARKER DETAIL

![](_page_169_Picture_14.jpeg)

01-18-2024 DATE  $\mathbf{X}$ 01-18-2024 TYSON L. HASZ DATE 145151 01-18-2024 CENS DATE 01-18-2024 1/25/2024 DATE

![](_page_169_Figure_16.jpeg)

![](_page_169_Figure_17.jpeg)

![](_page_169_Figure_18.jpeg)

						Man 5 For O.D. (All Din	drel Dimens % Deflection Controlled F nensions In I	iions n PVC Pipe Inches)				
PSI)	Size 6" 6" 6"	Type D3034 SDR35 D3034 SDR26 D2241 DR26	O.D. Average 6.275 6.275 6.625	Min. Wall Thickness 0.180 0.241 0.271	L1 4.50 4.50 4.50	L2 6 6 6	R1 2.81 2.75 2.89	R2 0.75 0.75 0.75	T1 0.375 0.375 0.375	T2 1.0 1.0 1.0	Rod Diameter 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375	MANDREL O.D. 5.62 5.50 5.71
PSI)	8" 8" 8"	D3034 SDR35 D3034 SDR26 D2241 DR26	8.400 8.400 8.625	0.240 0.323 0.352	6.00 6.00 6.00	6 6 6	3.96 3.68 3.76	1.25 1.25 1.25	0.375 0.375 0.375	1.0 1.0 1.0	0.375 0.375 0.375	7.52 7.37 7.525
	10" 12" 12" 15" 18" 21" 24" 27"	D3034 SDR35 D3034 SDR26 D3034 SDR35 D3034 SDR35 F679 T-1 F679 T-1 F679 T-1 F679 T-1 F679 T-1 CL350 D.I.	10.500 10.500 12.500 15.300 18.701 22.047 24.803 27.953 6.9	0.300 0.404 0.360 0.481 0.437 0.536 0.632 0.711 0.801 0.25	7.50 7.50 9.00 9.00 11.25 13.50 15.75 18.00 20.25 4.50	6 6 6 9 9 9 9 9	4.70 4.60 5.60 5.48 6.85 8.37 9.87 11.11 12.52 3.04	1.50 1.50 1.75 1.75 2.00 2.50 3.00 3.50 4.00	0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	9.40 9.21 11.20 10.96 13.70 16.74 19.74 22.22 25.04 6.08
	8"	CL350 D.I.	9.05	0.25		e cal	4.06 Man	drel	0.375 Deta	ils	0.375	8.12

No Scale

WASTEWATER DETAILS (2 OF 2) WOODSIDE EAST - PHASE B City of Georgetown Williamson County, Texas

(160

SCALE: Project Path: Project Name: Drawing Path:

Xref DWG FILE.

Project Number: 22226\21-MADISON TRACT AS NOTED P\22000-22999 22226-MADISON TRACT P\22000-22999 SUN CITY

![](_page_170_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_170_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_170_Figure_2.jpeg)

Curve rable				
Curve #	Radius	Arc Length	Chord Length	Chord Direction
C1	765.00	188.99	188.51	N14°17'55"W
C2	25.00	39.27	35.36	N66°22'34"W
C3	25.00	39.27	35.36	N23°37'27"E
C4	584.30	74.78	74.72	N18°14'58"W
C5	50.00	23.02	22.82	N27°46'18"W
C6	1024.99	136.27	136.17	N77°56'34"W
C7	635.00	304.06	301.16	S84°37'22"W
C8	25.00	39.27	35.36	N64°05'41"W
C9	25.00	39.27	35.36	S25°54'19"W
C10	715.00	260 77	259 33	S81°21'13"\\/

![](_page_170_Figure_4.jpeg)

![](_page_170_Picture_5.jpeg)